

# Jacksonville Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 37.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUGUST 2, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 1894.

## Jacksonville Republican.

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## CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG

This House is not quite completed, but

will receive Boarders and the Traveling

public generally.

No rash promises made—come and

see.

A. S. JOHNSON,

J. N. HOOD,

J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

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## University of Louisville,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Cor. Eighth & Chestnut Sts.

Louisville, : : : Kentucky.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Faculty.—G. W. Bayless, M. D., Professor

of Principles and Practice of Surgery.

J. M. Bodine, M. D., Professor of Anatomy

and Death of the Faculty.

J. P. Vandell, Jr., M. D., Professor of

Medicine and Clinical Medicine.

R. E. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Physiology

and Histology.

F. S. Bell, M. D., Professor of Science and

Practice of Medicine and Public Hygiene.

John B. Crowe, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics

and Diseases of Women and Children.

J. W. Holland, M. D., Professor of Medical

Chemistry and Toxicology.

D. W. Vandell, M. D., Professor of Clinical

Surgery.

R. O. Cowling, M. D., Demonstrator of

Anatomy.

Fees.—Professors' Tickets, in full, \$5.00;

Demonstrators' Tickets, \$10.00; Matriculation

Fees, \$5.00; Graduation Fees, \$30.00.

Hospital Ticket (required by the city) \$5.00.

The regular session will commence on the

first Monday in October, and continue till

the 1st of March. A preliminary course of

Lectures, free to all students, will commence

on the second Monday in September, and

continue till the opening of the regular term.

J. M. Bodine, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full

particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty,

July 26 '73—17.

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## THE GOLDEN SIDE.

There is many a ruin in the road of life,

If we could only stop to take it;

And many a tomb, from the better land,

If the querulous heart would make it.

To the sunny soil that is full of hope,

And who's beautiful truth is so faithful

The grass is green and the flowers are

bright.

Though the winter storm prevaileth

Better to hope though the clouds hang

low.

And to keep the eyes still lifted:

For the sweet blue sky will soon peep

through.

When the coming clouds are rifted

There's a sunnier world without a day

of gloom, a world of light and morning

And the darkest hour, as the proverb

says,

Is the hour before the dawning.

There is many a gem in the path of life,

Which we pass in our idle pleasure;

That is richer far than the jeweled crown

Or the miser's hoarded treasure;

It may be the love of a little child,

Or a mother's prayer to heaven,

Or only a beggar's grateful thanks

For a cup of water given.

Better to weave in the web of life

A bright and golden filling,

And to do God's will with a ready heart

Than to snap the delicate minute threads

Of our curious lives asunder,

And then blame Heaven for the tangled

ends.

And sit and grieve and wonder.

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# Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2nd, 1873.

The Baltimoreans have had them a great fro. Chicago and Boston can crow over them no longer. Ten blocks of buildings in the very heart of the city were destroyed. Loss about a million of dollars. Several lives said to have been lost.

We yield the larger portion of our editorial space this week to the communication of Col. Lockett. We desire all interested in the cause of education, or in the building up of a first class school in this country, to read it carefully.

We believe that the gentlemen, if properly supported at home—here in our midst—can do what they promise themselves to do.

The majority of Democratic newspapers in the State, that have yet spoken on the subject, have declared their intention to fight under the White Man's banner, in the next campaign. The issue is not of Democratic seeking. It has been forced by the foolish negro under the influence of mean whites who have found their level in association with negroes. It is useless to waste more time on the negro, who is still under the influence of these disreputable characters. The white people of this country have a great destiny to fulfill. Time presses. We must push on. Let us leave the negro to his fate, and go busily about the work that is before us.

—There have been a good many various denunciations of the back pay swindle, but a convention of farmers in Kansas has improved on any of the forms heretofore noticed. In a concise preamble they characterize the swindle as "one of the most outrageous steals known to the civilized world," and add:

"Whereas, D. P. Lowe, our congressman, supported the bill: Resolved, That we demand his resignation from his seat in congress, that his place may be filled by an honest man instead of a thief." Mr. Lowe must consider the reference to himself as slightly personal, if not as indicating a waning of his popularity.

—If Grant should be nominated for a third term, and he should accept, the *Land and Low Advertiser*, of Pittsburgh, says "he should be assassinated as an enemy of his country." The *New York Herald* thus has its Brutus ready made to its hand.

## Leaves From My Note Book.

BY J. H.

PART I.

"He is a freeman when the truth makes free, And all are slaves beside."

Herein lies the difference between *freeman* and *freedom*; for the latter claim to have been made free by Grant, of whom Gen. Pleasant writes more forcibly than I possibly. "This is by no means the first time that his recollection has not been in accordance with the facts."

Eli has passed into a new phase of existence. He is no longer a young lad as "mere statue" forced into shape by the *modiste* and colored by the chemist—candles whose brightness deceived only the silliest moths—"seductive bait concealing a four pronged hook"—this same Eli has been schooled, hooked, played and landed. He is as crazy as George Francis Train, as lovable as Malvolio, and as insipid as Bob Shazzer.

"My sweetheart" is his constant theme. He could no more talk five consecutive minutes without uttering these two words, than he could write a treatise on Dec. Keeping without making the letter "g." He is given to writing her name "in season and out of season." I recant. He would sooner venture to kiss some other young lady in the presence of his sweetheart, than to write her name where she could see it, or to speak it in her hearing. Her name is Sarah. True her mother calls her Sarah, but then mother is old fogey, obsolete and not to be controlled. Her father calls her Sis and Puss. Her brothers address her as Sister when they want favors, and Sall when they are angry or indifferent. To the rest of mankind she is known as Miss Sallie. Eli sometimes speaks of her as Miss Sallie, at other times as Miss Sattie.

Dick says, that as he was passing them last Sunday night, he heard Eli address her as "My dear, sweet little girl." His explanation to me, privately, is that Dick is a *diplomat*—that what he said was, "My dear, sweet little girl," which, according to Eli, is the most affectionate rendering of the original word Sarah.

Eli has little to say in regard to the personal appearance of "my sweetheart," because we all know her and can judge for ourselves; but he avers she is "the purest and best young lady in the country"—entirely ignorant of even the elementary principles of flirtation, and has no idea of the meaning of the word coquette. Further, that she has the most unbounded love for him, and the most perfect contempt for well, no, not contempt, because that implies a degree of consideration—she is utterly oblivious of the existence of any and all other fellows, heartily considered.

Oh, Eli! Eli! If any human being ever needed to be "stayed" with flagons and comforted with apples, 'thou art the man."

One of the rules of ancient heraldry was, that metal should not be put on metal nor color on color. The reason seems to have been that such combinations made indistinct emblems, and were therefore inadmissible. White was not recognized in heraldry as a color, but as a metal—argent. Black was not recognized at all. Hence it cannot be considered a violation of heraldic rules to put black on white. Nor is it open to the objection which seems to have produced the rule above cited—that it produces indistinct emblems. A black sleeve on a white waist shows a very marked contrast—one that can easily be seen even on a moonless night. This statement may be relied on, as it is made from personal observation and not on any doubtful authority.

HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

## RE-UNION OF THE TENTH.

Special Train—Reduced Fares.

A special train will be run on the S. R. & D. R. R., Aug. 8th, for the benefit of members of the Tenth and their friends, from Montevallo to Jacksonville and return. The following is the schedule and fares for the round trip.

LEAVES	FARE	TIME
Montevallo, 5.00 a. m.	\$2.50	
Shelby Springs, 5.45	2.25	
Columbiana, 6.03	2.00	
Wilsonville, 6.27	1.75	
Childersburg, 6.53	1.50	
Alpharetta, 7.25	1.25	
Talladega, 8.00	1.00	
Munford, 8.36	1.00	
Silver Run, 8.48	.75	
Oxford, 9.03	.75	
Arrives at Jacksonville, 9.30, a. m.		
Returning, leaves Jacksonville 5.30 p. m.		

## POLITICAL NOTES.

The Fremont, Ohio, Messenger is for Fremont for Governor.

Colonel Greene, of the Boston Post, positively declines being the Democratic candidate for Governor of Massachusetts.

The Alexandria Gazette believes the idea of a third term will be rejected by nineteen of the people of the country; at least it hopes so. "But," it adds, "in these days there is no knowing what monstrous schemes may not be adopted."

The Cleveland Plaindealer states that General Garfield was in that city a day or two since, and that he "thinks the Credit Mobiler, and 'back pay' will not make much of a swell after all." It has made the people swell with indignation at any rate.

Samuel J. Randall, the head and front of the Pennsylvania democracy, has left Philadelphia for Bedford Springs, for the purpose, it is said, of holding a party consultation. Bedford Springs was a favorite hobnobbing place for the late President Buchanan. He had a consulting, an analyzing and a dissecting room there.

The Lynchburg Virginian, Democratic, sounds the alarm against the party going for independent nominations. "Let it be understood," it proclaims, "and sounded all along the line that we give no countenance to independent candidates. In this way only will we be able to choke them off."

The anti-monopolists of Polk county, Iowa, have nominated a county ticket composed of Republicans and Democrats.

—One of the new congressmen from Wisconsin, brings experience. He has been superintendent of a lunatic asylum for five years.

The political contest in Kentucky is represented as three-cornered—between the democrats are fighting the right wing against the left, while the republicans, game and active, are charging the centre of the "invincible host."

A Columbus (Ohio) special to the Cincinnati Enquirer says all thoughts of two opposition tickets in the field this fall might as well be abandoned. Tom Riving will be nominated by the 30th of July convention, and recommended to the 6th of August convention in such a way that the latter will be sure to nominate him.

—The Rochester Express thinks that "quiet movement" by the democracy to bring out Jefferson C. Davis for the presidency, never will work, as it is safe to say that for the next generation to come no man by the name of Jefferson Davis, even with the qualifying letter C in the middle, can be elected to the Presidency.

—There is nothing," declares the Louisville Ledger (democratic), "that can so certainly assure a continuation of Radical rule, as a timid, time serving, cowardly course upon the part of democrats—seeking new affiliations, running off after new parties, inaugurating schemes of, and men for expediency, at the sacrifice of the doctrinal truths of the party."

—At last accounts forty-eight U. S. Senators had drawn their back pay and kept it; fifteen had returned theirs; ten had not drawn the money nor indicated any wish in regard to its disposal. Two—Edmunds and Schurz, who are abroad—are the only ones who have not drawn their advance pay regularly since the 3d of March.

—After all the talk, it now appears that Conkling, Howe or Carpenter, cannot be candidates for the Chief Justiceship, a constitutional provision forbidding them from the office, on account of the increase of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme court.

—The democratic state committee of Maine have issued their call for a state convention, to be held in Portland on Tuesday, August 12th.

—The Mississippi republican state convention, to be held in Jackson, on Wednesday, August 27, will nominate candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, auditor, treasurer, and superintendent of public education.

—Governor Noyes of Ohio, has written a letter commending that the question of United States senator be wholly excluded from the pending campaign.

—The territorial election, which occurs in August, is a source of considerable excitement in Utah. It is claimed that the Mormons have held the power in the legislature by a peculiar method of distorting, and that they utterly refuse to obey the laws of congress upon the subject. The argument is such that the Mormons will always control until the present system is broken up.

—Hon. W. S. Groesbeck positively declines being the democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio next fall.

—In Wisconsin the Patrons of Husbandry are to hold a State convention at Milwaukee, August 21, to take such action as may be deemed best for the interests of the order.

—A convention to be held in Jackson Mississippi, of those districts and towns interested in reference to the formation of a new state out of north Mississippi, west Tennessee and western Kentucky.

The naivete of the following is truly delightful, from the Clarksburg (Mo) Sentinel:

"We have recently been placed under obligations to the Hon. Andrew King, our ex-congressman, for public documents. We should feel under renewed obligations if he would redeem the honor of his contract by returning the back pay he both voted for and drew."

HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

## Our Polytechnic School.

Editors Jacksonville Republican:

As you have generously offered me the use of the columns of your journal as a means of submitting to the public an exposition of our plans, aims and purposes in connection with our effort at founding a Polytechnic School of High Grade in your town, I gladly avail myself of the opportunity.

In the first place, I will say the enterprise we have undertaken is not one that we have undertaken on the spur of the moment; it is not one that we have been driven by any pressing necessity; it is not one whose magnitude and importance we do not fully appreciate.

On the contrary, it is a project we have had in view for several years. We have entered upon the execution of plans that have received our most careful and serious consideration. Two years ago the writer was commissioned by the Louisiana State University to examine the great schools of the Northern States, and the Canadas, with the view of learning their methods of excellence, their organization, outfit and equipment might be usefully adopted by that Institution.

He visited a great number of the best schools in this continent, and in studying their many points of excellence, he has constantly in mind his own purpose of one day founding, in his native South, a school equal to the best of them. At the same time Prof. McAuley visited Europe, and examined the time-honored universities of England, and not only the world-renowned universities at Dublin and Oxford and Cambridge, but famous Rugby School—where the great Dr. Arnold taught as Head Master for more than a quarter of a century—other schools of like kind received his attention.

Since these visits, all three of us, who are now associated together, have kept our attention fixed upon the progress and development of the great schools of this country and the world. We claim, therefore, to know what a good school is and ought to be. And we have proposed to ourselves to build up somewhere in the extreme South, of which we are all natives, a school that will combine the excellence of the many we have studied, and be at the same time thoroughly adapted to the genius and wants of our people.

After carefully considering the claims of several very slight points, we have decided upon the one that we have successfully located, we deliberately selected Jacksonville as the one that seemed to combine the greatest number of favorable features. These features are so well known to our citizens that need mention now. Those not acquainted with this locality, can get all desired information by enquiry.

We are here, then, in our community, for the purpose of putting into execution a plan that is dear to us, plans that have their object not only our own aggrandizement, but the accomplishment of great good for your town, your county and the State of Alabama. Nay more, we look forward to having our school—so humble as may seem our start—recognized as a blessing to all the Southern States.

We call our school Polytechnic, because we propose to teach many arts and sciences. What we have put forth in our circulars as branches of study to be pursued, were prepared to teach were, as additional facilities are required, other competent teachers will be engaged, and our course will be largely extended. We hope ere long to have Printing, Telegraphy, Senography, Photography and the Art of Engraving all included in our list of departments.

We would not have any one understand that we propose or expect to teach all the various subjects enumerated in our course of study to all or any one of our pupils. We intend that our school shall be entirely a general school, for every pupil, or his guardian, may choose from our whole course the studies he may desire to take. We recognize distinctly the truth that all men are not born equal and alike. We wish to give to every pupil under our charge a fair chance to discover what branches of study he has, by nature, an aptitude for, and we intend to afford him every opportunity for development in the direction most suitable to his own individual genius. We believe that the old time honored curriculum of the classics and pure Mathematics, which has stood the test of so many ages, is a valuable foundation upon which to build, as a superstructure, the first thing required by some special calling in life. We will give all who desire it ample opportunity to pursue that course. But we also believe that there are other branches of study admirably adapted to the development of the mental faculties, while at the same time they are of vast utility in the practical affairs of every day life.

Such studies are the Natural Sciences, Nat. Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology, Mineralogy, Botany, and History &c. To these studies, therefore, we will give particular attention.

Moreover, we know that a skillful mechanic is not he who possesses alone the brawny arm and hardened muscle, but who has the quick, accurate eye and the delicate touch that enables him to manipulate his tools with ease and correctness. So in the mental man there must be cultivation of the finer as well as of the sterner qualities of the mind. The taste must be improved, the mind must be taught to know and appreciate the truly beautiful in nature and art.

To this end, we have put Drawing, Painting and Music in our course. Many schools of the North now have these departments in their course of study, and with this view the great schools of Europe are without them.

Some of our sincerest friends and best wishers have doubted the wisdom of our taking charge of the Female Academy of Jacksonville; fearing that this would have a deleterious effect on the grade of our Polytechnic school. To such we say, we shall in no wise allow the Academy to pull down the College, but on the contrary we propose to make the College raise the Academy up; and when they both stand on the same high plain, they will mutually support and sustain each other. By having the two schools under the same administration, we will certainly secure many, if not all, of the advantages of the new method of mixed system. We will teach practically the same course in both schools; we will have the same rigid examination for the two sexes; we will grade the classes of the schools in accordance with the same principles; we will have the same teachers together, listen to lectures on scientific and literary subjects; we will have essays and exercises of the same character from both sexes; we will, in many ways, institute comparisons between the pupils of the two schools, and thus produce a healthy rivalry and generous competition.

At the same time, the schools being entirely separated from each other, one on one side of the town, the other on the other side, we will certainly escape all the dangers, risks and difficulties of management naturally incident to the mixed schools.

By thus taking charge of both of the schools of your town, we hope and expect to make two good schools instead of one only—two schools working in perfect harmony with each other, mutually beneficial, and interfering not in the least with each other's usefulness and excellence.

Now, Messrs. Editors, we acknowledge that we have a great and difficult work before us; the scheme we have devised is a grand one. Ave we the men to bring about its realization? You will please pardon me for asking you to append to this following, voluntarily transmitted recommendation, received but a day or two ago from the Superintendent of the Louisiana State University, the able gentlemen under whom we have been recently serving:

LA. STATE UNIVERSITY.  
BATON ROUGE, JULY 22, 1872.  
To Whom it may Concern:

Learning that my late colleagues in this Institution, Col. Saml' H. Lockett and Professors John P. McAuley and Charles W. Hutson, design opening a school at Jacksonville, Ala., I feel it my duty to say that I do not believe three better men for such an enterprise can be found.

Col. Lockett, a distinguished graduate of West Point, is more generally proficient in Mathematics and the Physical Sciences than any one I have ever known. Mr. McAuley was thoroughly trained in the Ancient Classics by the Jesuits of Spring Hill, Ala., and is a most accurate and painstaking teacher while Mr. Hutson, a graduate of Columbia College, S. C., and a well known writer of the South, has few equals in general literary culture, and is no superior in this country in History and English Literature.

This University accepted the resignations of these gentlemen with profound regret, fully conscious of their loss. But what is Louisiana's loss is Alabama's gain, if her citizens seek to avail themselves of the opportunity of having a first-rate school, taught by able scholars and refined, christian men.

D. F. BORN,  
Supt. and Prof. of Mathematics.  
I am, Very Respectfully,  
Your Obedt Servt.,  
SAM'L H. LOCKETT.

Aspirants for office in the Western States are blustering their hands in attempts to move on in order to gain in good will of the farmers. The trick has a transparency about it which will materially lessen its effect. There may be ways of beguiling the farmers, but they are not quite so simple as these hungry office seekers seem to think.

HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

A good many of the 10th Alabama who reside here speak of attending the Re-union at Jacksonville on the 8th of August next.—(Jackson Times.)

The Graphic is to publish a story written by Miss Ida L. Greely.

Here is the platform proposed for the new party which the farmers are demanding by the Dubuque (Iowa) Telegraph.

Free commerce, free banking, one uniform currency issued by the nation, the payment of the national debt in full in currency, the right of labor to share in the profits of labor and capital, retrenchment and economy in government expenditures and correspondingly low taxation, opposition to the creation of corporate monopolies, and to those monopolies ruling and oppressing the people.

PURGATORY PILLS have become a settled necessity with the American people. Indeed, cathartics always have been and always must be used, in some form, by all mankind. In this country the pillar form of administration has been growing in favor since pills were first made of Aloe and Rhubarb, rolled into a ball. The high position in the public confidence has finally been secured and fastened into permanency by AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, the most skillful combination of medicine for the diseases they are intended to cure, that science can devise or art produce. Those who need pills, no longer hesitate what pills to take if they can get AYER'S PILLS.

A lady asked the celebrated engineer Geo. Stephenson who was speaking of dynamics, "What do you consider the most powerful force in nature?" "It is," said he, "the eye of a woman to a man that loves her; for if a woman looks with affection at a man, should he go to the uttermost end of the earth, the recollection of that look will bring him back."

REASONS WHY THE PAIN-KILLER

MADE BY PERRY DAVIS & SON

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand

1st. Pain-Killer is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. Pain-Killer, as a Diarrhoea and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. Pain-Killer will cure cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affords a cure.

4th. Pain-Killer will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. Pain-Killer is an almost never failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.

6th. Pain-Killer has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chills and Fever, it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequalled for Frost Bites, Chills, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows, old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a Dollar in time and Doctor's Bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and to use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The Pain-Killer is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

University of Alabama.

THE next session will begin on the 1st of OCTOBER. The Literary, Scientific, Normal and Law Departments, are successful operation. The University offers superior advantages in healthfulness of location, excellence of discipline, and thoroughness of instruction.

For further information, send for Catalogue, or address:

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Probate Court, July 30th, 1873. Joseph Lord, dec'd Estate.

THIS day came Geo. W. Lloyd, Adm. of said Estate of Joseph Lloyd, dec'd, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 26th day of Aug., 1873, be appointed a day on which to make said settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

A good many of the 10th Alabama who reside here speak of attending the Re-union at Jacksonville on the 8th of August next.—(Jackson Times.)

The Graphic is to publish a story written by Miss Ida L. Greely.

Here is the platform proposed for the new party which the farmers are demanding by the Dubuque (Iowa) Telegraph.

Free commerce, free banking, one uniform currency issued by the nation, the payment of the national debt in full in currency, the right of labor to share in the profits of labor and capital, retrenchment and economy in government expenditures and correspondingly low taxation, opposition to the creation of corporate monopolies, and to those monopolies ruling and oppressing the people.

PURGATORY PILLS have become a settled necessity with the American people. Indeed, cathartics always have been and always must be used, in some form, by all mankind. In this country the pillar form of administration has been growing in favor since pills were first made of Aloe and Rhubarb, rolled into a ball. The high position in the public confidence has finally been secured and fastened into permanency by AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, the most skillful combination of medicine for the diseases they are intended to cure, that science can devise or art produce. Those who need pills, no longer hesitate what pills to take if they can get AYER'S PILLS.

A lady asked the celebrated engineer Geo. Stephenson who was speaking of dynamics, "What do you consider the most powerful force in nature?" "It is," said he, "the eye of a woman to a man that loves her; for if a woman looks with affection at a man, should he go to the uttermost end of the earth, the recollection of that look will bring him back."

REASONS WHY THE PAIN-KILLER

MADE BY PERRY DAVIS & SON

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand

1st. Pain-Killer is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. Pain-Killer, as a Diarrhoea and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. Pain-Killer will cure cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affords a cure.

4th. Pain-Killer will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. Pain-Killer is an almost never failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.

6th. Pain-Killer has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chills and Fever, it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequalled for Frost Bites, Chills, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

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A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

## THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Probate Court, July 30th, 1873. Jacob Nolen, dec'd Estate.

THIS day came W. W. Little, Administrator de bonis non of said estate and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences. For a final settlement of said estate, it is ordered by the Court, that the 26th day of August, 1873, be appointed a day on which to make said settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Probate Court, July 31st, 1873.

THIS day came Robert S. Stevenson, Guardian of Sarah A. Stevenson, John T. Stevenson, Jas. H. Stevenson and Jacob W. Stevenson and filed his accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered, that the 26th day of August, 1873, be appointed a day on which to make said settlement; at which time all persons interested can appear, and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

WANTED. WOOD CHOPPERS

Immediately, at the WOODSTOCK IRON WORKS

To cut four foot Cord Wood. The very best Pine Timber. Seventy-five cents per cord will be paid in CASH, or provisions, such as, Corn, Bacon, Flour, Meal, Sugar, Coffee, or any other article that may be wanted. Provisions may be had at any time and payments made in either of the above weekly, if desired.

H. L. JEFFRIES, Contractor Woodstock Iron Works, Anniston, Calhoun Co., Ala.

WANTED TO SELL OR RENT. A 2 Story Brick Store Room

IN OXFORD, ALA., for Sale or Rent. For terms, apply to R. R. KING, Oxford, Ala., or to the undersigned.

R. A. MOSELEY, Jr., Talladega, Ala. A. B. S. MOSELEY, Rome, Ga.

W. E. TURNER, OF ALABAMA, WITH CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.

ATLANTA, GA.

Will be pleased to see and wait on his friends when they visit Atlanta. Will also make it to their interest to send him their orders.

Mar. 22, 1873.

SHRUBS AND FLOWERS.



# Republican

## LOCAL.

**S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.**  
37 Park Row, New York, 10 State st.  
Boston, and 701 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.  
are Agents for the Jacksonville  
Republican in the above cities, and  
authorized to contract for advertising at  
our lowest rates.

McAlister says in the heading of his article last week he did not design to institute a comparison between Oxford and Jacksonville. He was only crowding over the Sewing Machine man.

The attention of parties along the line of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad is invited to the fact that a special train will be run on the 8th at much less than half fare the round trip. For schedule and fares see Notice elsewhere.

We call attention to the advertisement of the University of Alabama. This Institution is now in a flourishing condition, and offers every inducement to the youth of our State that the Colleges and Universities of other States do. All things being equal, let us give our own University our patronage.

A large crowd promise to be in attendance on the Re-Union on the 8th. All of our exchanges near around speak of preparations on the part of members of the 10th and their friends to be here. We have now only six days to prepare for their reception in. Let us be up and doing. People had best begin to engage their meats for the occasion and not depend on chance. Jacksonville will be expected to spread herself, and every citizen of Jacksonville must do his duty.

This week J. H. gives us a few leaves from his note book. It is useless for parties to enquire of us who J. H. is. That is a secret. Time may solve the "He and they are coming" puzzle; the editorial heart may warm and other office secrets may by chance drop out, but the identity of J. H. will never be revealed. He is though, we will say one whom nobody would suspect; one, while guessing is going on, whose name will not be mentioned.

**HE AND THEY ARE COMING.**  
A son of the late King of Sweden is under arrest in New York under a charge of smuggling kid gloves.

Did you ever see a man fish around in the bottom of a tub of water for a piece of soap? At first he simply reaches down upon it to pick it right up, and is very much surprised to find that he hasn't got it. Then he approaches it more cautiously, puts his hand over it, and then comes down noiselessly until he gets every finger about it, and he squeezes it tight, and—misses it. He looks at it a moment before another effort and up the interval with a few remarks not noted for delicacy. The third attempt is a sort of semi-circle described with a great deal of sagacity, but is a failure. Other remarks follow. Then he makes another succession of dives and slopes the water over his clothes, and drenches the carpet and catches hold of the soap several times, and lets go of it again, and screams to the of his voice, and finally in perfect despair sits down on the floor and actually howls.

## HOMICIDE.

**GEORGE CHAPMAN SHOT AND KILLED BY JAMES MARTIN.**

The quietude of the city was broken yesterday evening about 9 o'clock, by two distinct reports of pistol shots in the Dew Drop saloon on Alabama street, and another homicide is to be added to the list, alas, already too long. Those shots were fired by Mr. James Martin, a bartender in the saloon, Mr. George Chapman a butcher, who had entered the place a few minutes before. One of the shots took effect just above the right eye, penetrating and lodging in the brain, and producing death some four hours afterward. The weapon was a Colt's five barrel cartridge pistol, and was kept in the saloon.

There was no one so far as we can ascertain in the room at the time it occurred, but the dead man and the man who fired the fatal shot, and it will of course be difficult to ascertain the true state of the case, even through searching legal investigation. The facts known to the public, are that the two men had been together during the morning, apparently very friendly, and had both been drinking pretty freely; that they separated after a quarrel, and subsequently came together in the Dew Drop bar room, with the result stated.

So soon as the shots were fired the gentlemen who were in the

rear room of the establishment rushed into the front room and found George Chapman lying across the counter, and the blood gushing from the wound in his forehead. The wounded man was placed upon a shutter and taken to the yard of the City Prison, and Mr. Martin, who had surrendered himself, was taken to the prison by the police. An examination of the wound showed that it was unquestionably fatal. The wounded man lay there unconscious until about half past six o'clock when he breathed his last. His death is the result of the intemperate use of liquor, for if he had been sober he would never have gone into the barroom as he did.

After learning all we could concerning the affair from outsiders, and looking at the body, we called at the cell of the prisoner, and obtained from him a statement substantially as follows:

### STATEMENT OF JAMES MARTIN.

Chapman and myself were on friendly terms, and were together during the morning, we went into Schuster's and while in there Chapman became offended at me for some cause entirely unknown to me, and used the most abusive, obscene language toward me, cursing me in an outrageous manner; not wishing to have any difficulty with Chapman, I left him, going out of the back door, and went to my place of business; before I had been in there a great while Chapman came in and commenced cursing and abusing me; I called upon him to stop; which made him worse, and he came to the counter, got on the iron railing, cursed me and said he intended to kill me then and there; he leaned over the counter and put his hand behind him; I turned, jerked up a pistol that was lying behind the counter, and fired at him; the first shot I think missed him, the second struck him in the forehead, I then surrendered myself; I fired the shots, believing that it was necessary to do so to save my own life.

The foregoing is substantially the statement made by the prisoner to our reporter. The man who was killed is reported to have been a desperate man while under the influence of liquor, but we personally know nothing of him.

The case is to undergo judicial investigation this morning and we abstain from expressing any opinion of its merits. We shall give the evidence on the preliminary examination.—Selma Times.

### HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

#### A Sanguinary Duel.

In the Indian territory a desperate duel was recently fought between Hugh Anderson, of Texas, and Arthur McCluskey, of Kansas. The latter burning to avenge the murder of a friend, challenged Anderson to mortal combat. Both were desperate and both were armed with pistols. The duel was without a parallel even in bloody western annals. We copy as follows:

The giving of the signal had fallen by lot to Harding. Stating to the principals, who by this time began to show signs of impatience, that this would be the report of a pistol, he drew his own weapon and discharged it, first asking the question and receiving the usual answer that both were ready.

McCluskey was the first to fire, wheeling as he did so, though the smoke had scarcely curled up from his pistol before the report of Anderson's weapon followed. A momentary pause ensued, each of the antagonists closely scanning the other to note the effect of the shot. Across Anderson's cheek a deep furrow, from which the blood slowly began to trickle down, told the work of his antagonist, while McCluskey remained standing in his original posture, with all appearances unharmed. But this was not the fact. Those nearest to him fancied they saw a sudden spasm of pain pass through his frame, and his face clearly blanched to a deathly pallor, but just where the ball had taken effect they could not tell.

At the second fire McCluskey again anticipated his opponent, and taking a more deliberate aim, succeeded in breaking his left arm. Anderson uttered a sharp cry, and sunk on one knee, but quickly recovering himself returned the fire, and this time with horrible effect. The ball, passing through McCluskey's mouth, carried away with it several of the clenched teeth and a portion of the tongue, finally lodging in the back of his skull. McCluskey staggered forward wildly a few steps, and made desperate efforts to steady himself. The blood poured in torrents from the wound, and stained his hunting-shirt and dripped from the muzzle of his pistol; but with heroic courage he continued to advance, spitting out mouthfuls of blood and teeth at every step. During the interval thus gained, Anderson, who in his crippled state had every reason to shun a hand-to-hand encounter, had not been idle, but fired another well aimed shot, which broke McCluskey's left shoulder. As if this was not enough, he sent still another ball after him, which striking him in the pit of the stomach, caused him to fall forward heavily on his face. McCluskey was now mortally wounded and momentarily growing weaker from loss of blood. Tearing open his shirt in his agony,

a crimson spot in his left side indicated the place where Anderson's first shot had taken effect. He still, however, retained the grasp of his pistol, and by an effort superhuman in its coolness and deliberation fired at his antagonist his third shot. The latter had been closely watching for this, and endeavored to save himself by suddenly dropping to the ground. Too late, however. McCluskey's finger was already on the trigger and his eye along the sights, and when his adversary's body reached the earth it was heavier by a Colt's pistol ball. A scream of pain followed and the spectators saw the figure of a man clutching wildly with his hands at the grass, and writhing and twisting in horrible contortions. The bullet had struck him full in the abdomen, and, like his antagonist, Anderson was now a fast-dying man.

McCluskey, summoning by a supreme effort his remaining strength, drew his knife and began to crawl feebly in the direction of the antagonist. The latter, who had raised himself to a sitting posture, saw the movement and prepared to meet it. Both had dropped their revolvers, leaving to the cold steel the completion of the work.

Anderson was clearly unable to move any portion of his body save his right arm. With this he raised his knife aloft, and as McCluskey crawled up to within reach dealt him a terrible blow in the neck, cutting muscles and tendons and veins, and half severing the head from the body. But the effort was too much for him, and leaving the weapon sticking in the wound, he pitched heavily forward on his face. Every one supposed that this blow would have instantly killed McCluskey, but strange to say it did not, for so great was his vitality that before falling he twice plunged his own knife into the body of Anderson. The tale is soon told. McCluskey lived a minute longer than his antagonist.

### HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

#### Special Notices.

##### We Are Marching Along.

From all sections reports accumulate regarding the powerful action of the Magic Artisan Liniment as a curative of rheumatic and neuralgic affections, and indeed of all diseases which can be reached by external means. Pain cannot exist when this remedy is applied. Just read a few, and write to them if you are sceptical.

G. M. Sandefee, Madison Station, Alabama, cured of Rheumatism.

R. M. Merriweather, Grand Lake, Arkansas, saved thousands of dollars by curing a case.

W. H. Gillespie, Rose Creek, Tennessee, cured a valuable mule of Poll Evil.

M. V. Ragan, Olive Branch, Mississippi, cured of Neuralgia.

A. C. Lane, Horn Lake, Mississippi, cured of softening of the brain.

Col. Phil. Glenn, Memphis, Tennessee, cured of swelling in the knee-joint.

Rachael Tarleton, South Memphis, Tennessee, cured of Paralysis.

S. J. Wadley, Iuka, Mississippi, cured of a hurt of eleven years standing.

Dr. S. R. Beaver, Shelby county, Tennessee, used it successfully in cases of rising breasts.

##### A Family Medicine.

We call the special attention of our readers to the advertisements of that favorite home remedy, Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER. It has been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and probably has a wider and better reputation than any other proprietary medicine of the present day. At this period there are but few unacquainted with the merits of the Pain Killer; but while some extol it as a liniment, they know but little of its power in easing pain when taken internally, while others use it internally with great success, but are equally ignorant of its healing virtues when applied externally. We therefore, wish to say to all that it is equally successful whether used internally or externally, and it stands to-day, unrivalled by all the great catalogues of Family Medicines. It is sufficient evidence of its virtues as a standard medicine, to know that it is now used in all parts of the world, and that its sale is constantly increasing. No curative agent has had such widespread sale, or given such universal satisfaction. It is a purely vegetable compound, and perfectly safe, even in unskillful hands.

##### The Wear and Tear of Life.

The cares, anxieties and misfortunes of life have as much to do with shortening it as disease. They are in fact the source of many ailments and physical disabilities. Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, affections of the liver, disturbances of the bowels, headache, hypochondria and monomania are among these distressing fruits. It is, therefore, of great importance that persons whose minds are oppressed by heavy business responsibilities, or harassed by family troubles, or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way overtaxed or overworked, should keep up their stamina by the daily use of a wholesome tonic. Thousands of persons, whose circumstances are enabled to bear up against the difficulties in which they are involved, and to retain their strength, health and mental clearness, by the regular use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are prone to attack the body when debilitated and broken down by over-much brain work or exhausting physical labor, are kept at bay by the resistant power, with which this incomparable tonic endows the nervous system and the vital organs. At this season, when the heat is evaporating the elements of strength from every pore, an invigorant is absolutely essential to the safety and comfort of the public, and is required even by the robust if they desire to keep their athletic capabilities in a state of good. Stomach Bitters is a tonic of the year as a defense against the inevitable disease about in a sul-

try atmosphere. It is the most potent of all preventive medicines, and for all complaints which affect the stomach, the liver and the bowels, and interfere with the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food. It is the standard remedy.

### Emigration Turning.

#### Cheap Farms in South-west Missouri.

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company offers 1,200,000 acres of land in Central and South-west Missouri, at from \$3 to \$12 per acre, on seven years, time with free transportation from St. Louis to all schools, churches and law-abiding society invite emigrants from all points to this land of fruits and flowers. For particulars address, A. Tuck, Land Commissioner, St. Louis, Mo.

### To Kansas & Colorado!

During the summer season of 1873, the Missouri Pacific Railroad will sell Excursion Tickets from St. Louis to Denver and return, at very low rates of fare, and a rare opportunity is thereby offered, for lovers of nature to view the beauties of Colorado and enjoy the delightful scenery and health-inspiring climate of the Parks of the Rocky Mountains.

Kansas, with its broad and fertile plains, is directly on the route, and together with all the other Western States and Territories, is reached by the Missouri Pacific Railroad and its connections.

The Texas connection of this road is now completed, and passengers are offered a first-class all-rail route from St. Louis to Texas, either over the Missouri, Kansas & Texas R. R., or over the Atlantic & Pacific R. R., via Indian Territory. For maps, time tables, information as to rates, routes, &c., we refer our readers to J. F. Thompson, Southern Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo. Questions will be cheerfully and promptly answered.

Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala.

### TO BECOME A GREAT Educational Centre!

On Monday Sept. 1st, 1873,

WILL BE OPENED BY THE UNDERSIGNED,

### CALHOUN COLLEGE,

As a Polytechnic School of high grade for Young Men,

AND THE JACKSONVILLE

### FEMALE ACADEMY

For Young Ladies.

Two fine Schools under one administration—offering all the advantages, and escaping the risks of the mixed school system.

#### RATES.

Primary Classes \$3.00 per month.  
Academic " 5.00 " "  
Practical " 8.00 " "

Musical Department, under the charge of Prof. S. P. Snow.

Board in the best families of Jacksonville, at from \$13 to \$15 per month.

SAMUEL H. LOCKETT,

C. WOODWARD HUTSON,

J. O. P. MCALLEY.

July 10, 1873.—

### Re-Union Tent, Alabama

#### Regiment.

At a meeting of the committee of arrangements for the next Re-Union of the Tenth Alabama Regiment, August 8th, 1873, the following appointments and programme were made and adopted—to-wit:

1st. Committee of Reception and Transportation from Depot:—T. W. Francis, W. M. Nisbet, James Crook, A. T. Martin, J. E. Green, P. J. Hines and J. M. Renfro.

2d. A basket dinner in the grove on water-works hill.

3d. Committee on Dinners:—Dr. J. C. Francis, Warren Harris, M. Whiteside, C. D. Davis, J. F. Smith, J. B. Farmer, J. Y. Henderson, Jack Clark, N. J. Stephens, Wm. Woodley, Thos. Nabors, D. A. Carey, James Green, Alex. Cheatwood, Abil Littlejohn and Crawford McDaniel, Caleb Brewton and Thomas Gault.

4th. Committee to procure Lumber and Forks and have on the ground to erect table and speakers stand:—W. H. Dean and R. D. Williams.

5th. Committee to build table and stand:—S. J. Stevenson, J. W. Hanna, B. J. Matthews, H. F. Vernon and J. B. Bush.

6th. Committee on water:—S. M. Pruitt.

7th. Committee on Ice:—John M. Wyly.

8th. Committee on music:—S. P. Snow and John M. Caldwell.

9th. The B. C. Hoge Company are respectfully invited to join in procession.

10th. The Regiment will be formed at the Court House, under direction of the Officer of the Day, and march to the Grove, where the Re-Union will then be called to order by the President, and proceed to business under the order specified in the Minutes and By-laws.

11th. Officer of the Day:—Gen. JOHN H. FORNEY.

12th. Committee to arrange lodging for visiting members who come in the night before:—Joshua Draper, H. L. Stevenson and Wm. T. Alexander.

13th. Everybody within the county who feel interested are respectfully requested to bring a basket, filled with a "picnic dinner."

JAMES CROOK,  
JOHN WALKER,  
J. L. GREEN,  
J. Y. HENDERSON,  
J. B. FARMER,  
G. I. TURNLEY,  
J. M. RENFRO,  
T. S. NEIGHBORS,  
W. R. HANNA,  
JNO. FLOYD SMITH,  
T. J. MARTIN,  
MARION WHITESIDE,  
Committee.

### HE AND THEY ARE COMING.

### T. L. & E. G. Robertson,

#### Druggists and Apothecaries,

## OXFORD, ALA.

KEEP constantly on hand a large Stock of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, together with a great variety of STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES. Also PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY &c.

GIVE us a call in person or by order. We Guarantee Satisfaction. Physicians supplied at a very short advance on New York Prices.

June 26—17.

### WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF



## Boots and Shoes,

### LEATHER AND

#### Shoe Findings,

Which we offer to the Trade at New York Prices.

PACKAGES of ANY Size Sent by Express C. O. D.

N. E. GOVAN & CO.,

21 Broad Street,

ROME, GA.

Apr 73—1y.

## GOODS

AT

## COST!

BOOKS, Stationery, Hosiery, Notions, Shoes, Bolted Cloths, Prints, Shawls, Shirts, Cloths, Woolen Goods, Linens and Laces, DRESS GOODS, Linings, Mantels, Cotton Goods, Gingham, CLOTHING, Trunks, Hats, &c. &c. &c. Stone-ware, Groceries, Carpet Bags, Dye Stuffs, Drugs and Medicines, Hardware, &c. &c., are all selling at John D. Hoke's Store, Jacksonville, Ala., at COST and Cash Prices.

DANIEL F. HIOKE, Adm.

May 10, 1873.—

### STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Probate Court, July 10, 1873.

THIS day came D. A. Wright, Guardian of Wm. H. Smith and A. C. Smith & filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, &c. evidence, for an annual settlement of his Guardianship. It is ordered that the 10th day of Aug., 1873 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

July 30th, 1873.—

### GRAND EXPOSITION

—OF—

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### Notice to Teachers.

I am instructed by State Supt. to make requisition for Teachers who taught during the months of October, November and December, 1872. All Teachers will make Reports of their Schools for these months and forward them to Jacksonville by the 2nd of September.

J. C. MCALLEY, Co. Supt.

July 5, 1873—17.

### Pianos and

#### Organs of

"CHICKERING," "WEBBER,"

"Wm. A. Pond & Co.," "Waters" and

other celebrated makers, for cash or on

installment. Send for catalogue to

T. E. HANBURY, Gen'l Ag't

Box 127, Dalton, Ga.

May 31—21.

### Great Inducements!

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# [From the Oxford Intelligencer.] District Conference.

Oxford, Ala., July 24th, '78  
The Talladega District Conference met in the Presbyterian church to hold its 3d session.

The introductory sermon was preached on Wednesday night by the Rev. R. A. Timmons, from 1st Timothy, iv—16.

Conference was opened with appropriate religious exercises by the Rev. W. R. Kirk.

Jno. A. Thompson was nominated and elected Secretary pro tem.

The following delegates were found to be present:

W. R. Kirk, Presiding Elder and Chairman, Revs. R. A. Timmons, A. L. Stroud, J. L. Seay, W. M. Taylor, T. G. Slaughter, R. G. Roberts, T. C. Strange, Jno. A. Thompson, Theo. Moody, J. Camp, C. D. Dobbs, R. G. Reagan, Bruce Harris, John Corley, and V. O. Hawkins; J. E. Groce, J. C. Watson, J. C. May, W. F. Higgins, J. C. DeArman, R. A. Warren, D. B. Wilson, Stewards; Jerry Smith, Class Leader.

Conference then elected Jno. A. Thompson permanent Secretary.

On motion the Revs. W. R. Kirk and T. G. Slaughter were appointed a committee on Public Worship.

On motion of Jno. A. Thompson it was ordered that the usual committees be appointed.

On motion of Jno. A. Thompson, J. E. Groce, T. Moody and J. L. Seay were appointed a committee on nominations.

On motion of R. G. Reagan, Bruce Harris was added to said committee.

The committee on nominations submitted the following report which, on motion, was adopted.

ON THE SPIRITUAL CONDITION OF THE CHURCH.

J. E. Groce, T. G. Slaughter and T. Moody.

EDUCATION.

Jno. A. Thompson, R. A. Timmons and R. G. Reagan.

SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Bruce Harris, W. M. Taylor, W. H. Thornton.

BIBLE CAUSE.

C. D. Dobbs, N. B. Wilson and C. D. Oliver.

PARSONAGES.

Jos. Camp, Jno. Mays and Jno. Corley.

RELIGIOUS LITERATURE.

T. G. Slaughter, D. C. Strange and A. L. W. Stroud.

ON MISSION.

V. O. Hawkins, J. L. Seay and Jos. Camp.

CHURCH PROPERTY.

Bruce Harris, J. E. Groce and T. Moody, R. A. Timmons and L. M. Wilson.

Reports from the different churches were then called.

R. A. Timmons, of Talladega Circuit, reported as follows:

Spiritual condition of the church good. Congregations good. About one hundred heads of families, thirty-three of whom hold family prayers. Members generally attend the sacraments. There are evidences of increasing spirituality. Infant baptism tolerably well attended. Two regular class meetings well attended with gratifying results.

Conference then adjourned.

THURSDAY, July 24th, 1878.

Conference met and was opened with devotional exercises by Rev. Jno. Corley. Minutes of the morning read and approved.

J. F. Grant, Steward from Jacksonville Station, came and took his seat.

R. A. Timmons continued his report. Financial condition:

The Stewards have a regular system.

Assessment for P. C. \$850 00. Pd \$197 85.  
" P. E. \$150 00. Pd \$70 00.

One comfortable and convenient arranged parsonage, worth \$2,000 00.

Missionary spirit on the work good.

Church Literature: 53 Nashville Advocates taken; \$137 00 worth of books sold.

All things considered, reports the circuit in an improved condition.

Revs. Mr. Smith, pastor of the Baptist church of this place, and Mr. Gwin, resident minister, were introduced.

White Plains Circuit—Rev. T. G. Slaughter, pastor, reported Spiritual condition tolerably good.

Attendance upon the social meetings of the church fair. Class meetings at each appointment, two of which were well attended. Two prayer meetings well attended. Holds church meetings regularly which have been productive of good.

Finds difficulty in getting the people to attend. Quite a number of the heads of families hold family prayers. Condition improved. Attendance upon the ministry better.

Sad neglect of Infant Baptism. Attendance of official members at quarterly meetings good. Three Sunday Schools—200 pupils. Sunday School interest much improved, attributable to the improvement in singing.

Uniform system of instruction adopted, which is greatly preferred.

Religious Literature: 45 Nashville Christian Advocates taken; 20 Magazines; 20 Visitors; 60 Our Little People.

# Financial condition—Assessment plan—A regular organization.

Assessment for P. C. \$1,000 00. Pd \$450 00.  
" P. E. \$125 00. Pd \$5 00.

\$27 Missionary money paid.

Jacksonville Station—John A. Thompson, pastor, reported Spiritual condition of the church not good.

Sacraments administered according to the Discipline. The Lord's Supper is well attended with considerable feeling manifested.

Attendance upon the ministry and social meetings good. One Sunday School, 90 pupils, 18 teachers.

School well supplied with the uniform system of instruction.

Financial condition:

Assessment for P. C. \$900 00. Pd \$357 75.  
" P. E. \$300 00. Pd \$37 25.

Revs. C. D. Oliver, Talladega Station; L. M. Wilson, Harpersville Circuit; and J. B. Cole, Alexandria Circuit; Dr. J. H. Johnson and W. T. Thornton, Stewards from Talladega Station, came and took their seats.

Cross Plains Circuit—T. Moody, pastor, reported Spiritual condition tolerably good.

Congregations good. Some class meetings. No organizations of the Stewards. No financial plan.

Assessment for P. C. \$625 00. Pd \$100 00.  
" P. E. \$75 00. Pd \$25 00.

Conference adjourned with benediction by W. R. Kirk.

FRIDAY, July 25, 8½ o'clock a. m.

Conference met to hold its usual prayer meeting, conducted by Dr. C. D. Oliver. After which Conference was called to order by the Chairman.

Minutes of the evening session read and approved.

Rev. William Parks, Agent for Southern Christian Advocate, addressed the Conference in the interest of his agency.

Dr. J. H. Johnson, Principal of the State Institution of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, addressed the Conference, setting forth the nature and claims of the Institution.

Dr. Oliver commended the Institution in the strongest terms.

Conference released Rev. T. G. Slaughter from the committee on Religious Literature and L. M. Wilson substituted. Also from committee on the Spiritual condition of the church and J. B. Cole substituted.

J. A. Thompson from committee on Education and C. D. Oliver substituted.

Harpersville Circuit—L. M. Wilson, pastor, reported Spiritual condition about as usual.

Congregations very good. Good attendance upon week day preaching. 6 Sabbath Schools, 300 pupils, 36 teachers. Uniform system of instruction adopted. Some regular prayer meetings. Small proportion of heads of families hold family prayers.

Financial condition: No regular plan or organization.

Assessment for P. C. \$800 00. Paid \$10 00.  
" P. E. \$100 00. Paid \$5 50.

Religious Literature: Nashville Advocates, 12 copies. Missionary collections \$9 45.

Columbia Circuit—R. G. Reagan, pastor, reported Spiritual condition tolerably good.

Attendance upon ministry very good. Regular church meetings. Regular prayer meetings at each appointment. No class meetings. No sacraments only at the Quarterly Conference.

Very few pray in their families. 4 Sabbath Schools, 175 pupils, 20 teachers. Uniform system used. Religious Literature:—14 Advocates taken.

Financial condition: No organization of Stewards.

Assessment for P. C. \$750 00. Pd \$130 50.  
" P. E. \$130 00. Pd \$19 50.

Shelby Iron Works Station—V. O. Hawkins, pastor, reported Spiritual condition not good.

Weekly class meetings attended by one-third of the membership. Weekly prayer meetings well attended. One third of membership hold family prayers. One child baptized.

Attendance upon public worship not good. Hold some Church Conference. But little interest manifested in Quarterly Conferences. Sabbath Schools one; Superintendents, one; Teachers, five; pupils, 40. School in good condition.

Financial condition:

Assessment for P. C. \$750 00. Pd \$400 00.  
" P. E. \$50 00. Pd \$35 00.

Dr. A. S. Anderson, President of the Southern University, was introduced to the Conference.

The following resolution was then offered and lost:

It was moved by Jno. A. Thompson, that a committee of three be appointed whose special duty it shall be to enquire into the use of the Organ in our churches.

Conference adjourned with benediction by the Chairman.

[In addition to the above, Resolutions of thanks to the citizens of Oxford and vicinity, for their exceeding hospitality, kindness and liberality, and some other resolutions were passed—four lay delegates to the annual Conference elected, and Jacksonville selected as the place of holding the next District Conference.

Editors: REPUBLICAN.

J. H. McVicker, the well-known actor and manager, formerly worked as a journeyman printer.

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Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

100 Rolls of the heaviest Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 21 to 24 lbs, will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

10,000 lbs. of Bailing Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 1½ cents per pound.

200 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hogheads of Syrups and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Paraffin, Star and Spum.

10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh.

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel.

10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dry Stuffs, Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything my Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will pay every one the last cent and see that none go away dissatisfied. I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Onions and Tallow, in short, everything the Farmer raises.

L. J. PARR,  
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# Jacksonville Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

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## CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG

This House is not quite completed, but

will receive Boarders and the Traveling

public generally.

No rash promises made—come and

see.

A. S. JOHNSON,

N. H. HOOD,

J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

June 18—4f.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE, E. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Feb 25 1871—1y.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Jacksonville, Ala.

All work executed in the most du-

table and scientific manner.

Charges very moderate.

Jan. 25, 1873.—4f.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MAR-

KET YET, THIS Fall, but he

still manages to keep the old

Wooden Store,

53 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia,

Comfortably filled with GOODS

in his line.

Thankful for the Liberal patron-

age extended him during the past

season, he invites a continuance of

the same, promising his best efforts

to please.

Call and see those beautiful

Chromes, the COMPANIONS and

the ACCIDENT.

Oct 2—4f.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS fine gold jewelry

and watches for Ladies and Gentlemen,

and fine time-keeping

Watches.

Gold and Silver Chains, Gold and

Silver Chains for Ladies and Gentlemen,

Gold Pens, Spectacles and Sil-

ver Trunkcases, as a specialty. Also fine

Albatta Ware for the Table—Cups, Gob-

lets, Spoons, Forks and Knives. A good

assortment of Marine Lever Family Clocks

and time pieces.

P. S. WATCHES REPAIRED in

the best manner, and every material kept on

hand for repair with dispatch.

Jan. 11, 1873.—1y.

J. J. Cohen,

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebra-

ted and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Man-

ufacturers' prices. Also, Importer of the

Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French

Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double

Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of

Belting, &c.

Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

Furniture! Furniture!!

Encourage Home

INDUSTRY.

I would respectfully announce to the

public that I have now on hand and for

sale, of my own manufacture, a large lot

of all kinds of Furniture, including

of the best quality and make.

Bureaus, Tables, Washstands, &c

My friends will find me at my old stand

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala.

TO BECOME A GREAT

Educational Centre!

On Monday Sept. 1st, 1873,

will be opened by the undersigned,

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

As a Polytechnic School of high grade

for Young Men,

AND THE JACKSONVILLE

FEMALE ACADEMY

For Young Ladies.

Two fine Schools under one adminis-

tration—offering all the advantages and

escaping the risks of the mixed school

system.

RATES.

Primary Classes \$3.00 per month.

Academic " 5.00 " "

Practical " 8.00 " "

Musical Department, under the charge

of Prof. S. P. Snow.

Board in the best families of Jack-

sonville, at from \$10 to \$15 per month.

SAMUEL H. LOCKETT,

C. WOODWARD HUTSON,

JNO. P. McALEEY.

July 19, 1873.—3m.

University of Louisville,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Cor. Eighth & Chestnut Sts.

Louisville, : : Kentucky.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Faculty.—G. W. Bayless, M. D., Profes-

sor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.

J. M. Boyle, M. D., Professor of Anat-

omy and Dean of the Faculty.

L. P. Vandell, Jr., M. D., Professor of

Material Medicine and Clinical Medicine.

E. R. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Physi-

ology and Histology.

T. S. Bell, M. D., Professor of Science and

Practice of Medicine and Public Hygiene.

John E. Crowe, M. D., Professor of Ob-

stetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.

J. W. Holland, M. D., Professor of Medi-

cal Chemistry and Toxicology.

E. R. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Clinical

Surgery.

R. O. Cowling, M. D., Demonstrator of

Anatomy.

Fees.—Professors' Tickets, in full, \$50.00;

Demonstrators' Ticket, \$10.00; Matricula-

tion Fee, \$5.00; Graduation Fee, \$5.00;

Hospital Ticket (required by the city) \$5.00.

The regular session will commence on

the 1st of March. A preliminary course of

Lectures, free to all students, will commence

on the second Monday in September, and

continue till the opening of the regular term.

J. M. Boyle, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the Annual Circular, containing full

particulars, address

E. R. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty.

July 26 '73.—1y

CANE CREEK ACADEMY.

The next term of this

Institution will begin MONDAY

the 1st day of SEPTEMBER,

1873.

FACULTY.

JOHN J. HUFF, A. B., Principal.

WM. H. SLACK, First Assistant.

MISS SUE C. CANTLOCK, 2d

Tuition.

1st Class, \$5.00 per session of 3 months,

2d " 7.50 " " "

3d " 10.00 " " "

4th " 12.00 " " "

Contingent fee 50 cents.

Course of study equal to that pursued

## CHANGED.

BY LONGELLOW.

From the outskirts of the town,

Where the old milestone stood,

Now a stranger looking down,

I behold the shadowy crown

Of the dark and haunted wood.

Is it changed or am I changed?

Ah! the oaks are fresh and green,

But the friends with whom I ranged

Through their thickets are estranged

By the years that intervene.

Bright as ever flows the sea,

Bright as ever shines the sun;

But, dashed by the waves of time,

Not the sun that used to be,

Not the tide that used to run.

Afraid of a Gal.

O darn it all—a feared of her,

And such a mite of a gal!

Why, two of her size rolled into one

Went to Sister Sam!

Her voice is sweet as the whippoorwill's,

But I'd rather face a red-skin's knife,

Or the grip of a grizzly bear,

Yet she says, "Why, she's such a dear,

She's just the one for you."

O darn it all—a feared of a gal,

And we just six feet two!

Though she ain't any size while I'm

Considerable tall,

I'm nowhere when she speaks to me,

She makes me feel so small.

My face grows red; my tongue gets

hitched.

The cussed thing won't go!

It rides me, 'cause it nukes her think

I'm not a sensation slow.

And though folks say she's sweet on me

I guess it can't be true.

O darn it all—a feared of a gal,

And we just six feet two!

My sakes, just 'spos if what the folks

Is saying should be so!

Go, Cousin Jane, and speak to her,

Find out and let me know,

Tell her we gal should court the men,

For isn't that her way?

That's why I'm kind of bashful like,

A-why for her here.

And should she hear I'm scared of her

You'll swear it can't be true.

O darn it all—a feared of a gal,

And we just six feet two!

STRENGTH FOR THE DAY.

BEFORE.

The morning breaks in clouds, rain is







# Republican LOCAL.

**M. PETTINGILL & CO.**  
Park Row, New York, 10 State st.,  
Boston, and 701 Chestnut st., Philadel-  
phia, are Agents for the Jacksonville  
Republican in the above cities, and au-  
thorized to contract for advertising at  
lowest rates.

Mr. Geo Harris has presented us the  
best opened cotton ball of the season.

The corn crop in Calhoun coun-  
ty is better than it has been any  
year since the war.

**2000 Pounds of the Celebrated  
BUCK LEAD,**  
just received by  
T. L. & G. ROBERTSON,  
Oxford, Ala.

The sprightly Birmingham Morn-  
ing News goes for the State Treas-  
urer, upon invitation of his paper,  
the State Journal, in a manner not  
calculated to prove very highly sat-  
isfactory to that gentleman.

Public is notified that I will be in  
Jacksonville for three or four weeks  
next, during which time I will do all  
getting brought to me, on reasona-  
ble terms. M. A. TURNER,  
Tailor.

The attention of all persons who  
are Brick-work or Plastering they may  
wish to have done, is invited to the ad-  
vertisement of Mr. E. B. Jones. He  
has done work about this place in the  
most satisfactory manner. They may  
rely upon his doing work promptly and  
well, and upon very reasonable terms.

We notice with pleasure that the  
Female Academy, under new man-  
agement, is being thoroughly over-  
hauled and vastly improved in ap-  
pearance. It is the design of the gen-  
tlemen having charge of Calhoun  
College to give that also some im-  
proving touches.

We are informed by our vigilant  
and efficient Town Marshal that the  
Grave Yard is considerably in need of  
clearing off and repairs; and that Fri-  
day and Saturday next has been ap-  
pointed for that purpose. It is earnest-  
ly requested that all persons who feel  
interested in the subject will meet at  
the time appointed, or send hands to as-  
ist in the work.

**NEGRO KILLED.**—Mon a brakes-  
man on the Selma, Rome & Dalton  
Railroad, while reaching down be-  
tween two cars of the gravel train  
for something, lost his balance, fell  
between the cars upon the track, be-  
tween here and Patona, and was  
cut in two by the car wheels. The  
body was brought to this place and  
forwarded back to Rome by the  
next up train.

We learn that it is the intention  
of Gen. Law, State Deputy of the  
Patrons of Husbandry, to visit this  
county about the 1st of September  
and canvass it in the interest of the  
order. He has received letters  
from various points in the county  
inviting him to visit. When the  
General comes he can tell us all  
about this order of which so much  
is said and so little that is reliable  
is now known.

Our young friend Wm. F. TURN-  
ER, who has been for some time  
part engaged in the wholesale and  
retail Dry Goods House of Cham-  
berlain, Boynton & Co. Atlanta,  
has been spending some days with  
his friends and relatives in this  
place. He has with him beautiful  
specimens of carpeting, window  
shades, upholstery, &c.; also beau-  
tiful Lumberquin. He will remain  
here until the latter part of next  
week, during which time the spec-  
imens can be examined.

At a meeting of the members and  
friends of the Young Men's Chris-  
tian Association of this place, on  
last Wednesday night, the proceed-  
ings were interesting. The weath-  
er was unfavorable; but quite a  
number were present.

Mr. Swan, the President of the  
Association announced, that the  
absence of Rev. Mr. Thompson,  
one of the principal speakers for  
the occasion, prevented the carry-  
ing out of the original Programme.  
He explained in a few well timed  
remarks the objects of the associa-  
tion and concluded by inviting such  
of the members as were present,  
desired to do so to address the as-  
sembly.

John M. Caldwell Esq. came  
forward and for about fifteen min-  
utes held the earnest attention of  
the entire audience, both young  
and old, by the fire of his eloquence.  
The Christian zeal of this young  
gentleman as well as all other mem-  
bers of the association is eminently  
commendable.

Mr. Wm. Adams followed Mr.  
Caldwell in a short, practical ad-

dress, abounding in good sense  
and christian faith. During the even-  
ing Messrs. Swan, Caldwell, Wil-  
kins and Denman lead in prayer.

After singing a number of the  
songs of Zion with a will and with  
spirit, and at the conclusion of Mr.  
Denman's prayer the audience was  
dismissed by Mr. Swan.

**The Treasurer's Office.**

A copy of the weekly State Jour-  
nal, July 25, has been sent to us  
which contains an editorial com-  
menting severely on an extract we  
reprinted from the Shelby Guide,  
and also republished by the Mont-  
gomery Advertiser, charging the  
State Treasurer's office with being  
"a shaving shop," surrounded by  
"hangers on," who make money by  
discounting State warrants. The  
editor of the State Journal pro-  
nounces these statements to be un-  
mitigated lies. It is none of "our  
quarrel," but as the copy of the  
paper sent us has an editorial  
"marked round," accompanied by  
a request to "please notice!" we will  
proceed as dispassionately as we  
can to do so.

We believe the charges may be  
true, and will give our reasons for  
this belief in detail:

1. The Treasurer's office is un-  
der the control of the Radical par-  
ty. This party swindled the Gov-  
ernment during our late war by  
"shoddy contracts" and by army  
and navy jobs. In every depart-  
ment under Radical control there  
has been corruption and profligate  
expenditures of money. Look at  
the Seneca-Stone business; Gen.  
Howard's management of the  
Frederick's Bureau; the Credit Mo-  
bilier transaction; and the "back  
salary" steal—and, worse than all,  
the affairs of the New York Custom-  
House. Besides, the party have  
been robbing and thieves in  
every Southern State. Hence, on  
the rule of probabilities, we see no  
reason for believing the present  
employees of the Treasurer's office  
of Alabama any better than the  
general average of Radical office  
holders; and if they are not, then  
it is but fair to conclude they will  
"do anything to make money!"

2. That "the holder of a warrant  
is informed there is no money in  
the Treasury, but some upstart  
connected with the office or some  
hanger around there can always di-  
rect you to some one in the Cap-  
itol building or some little cigar  
shop down town that will shave your  
warrant!" sounds too natural to be  
untrue. The internal evidence is  
in its favor. It is the same game  
that used to be played during Bing-  
ham's former term, when nothing  
could be done in any department of  
the State Government unless you  
first went "out to a moment to see a  
man!" Pierce Burton, the ablest  
Radical in the State of Alabama,  
knew what that meant, and he,  
therefore, declared that "members  
of the Legislature were bought and  
sold for prices that would have dis-  
graced a negro in times of slavery!"  
Why should we believe the party  
better now than it was then?

3. The present State Treasurer  
accepted his office once before when  
he knew he had not been elected.  
His own party declared this, and  
he was made State Treasurer by a  
fraud and a lie! During the term  
he held that office he received about  
\$4000 from E. D. Skinner, Tax  
Collector of Marengo county, and  
how that money was used and what  
trouble there was about it, we are  
sure, he does not wish The Daily  
News to tell. He will remember  
the circumstances with the same  
satisfaction Sancho Panza did the  
inn where he was blanketed! The  
present State Treasurer was called  
before a committee of the House,  
and when asked certain questions  
about Radical bribery and corrup-  
tion, he declined to answer, lest he  
might criminate himself! He tried  
to hold on to an office when he knew  
he had been defeated. He cannot  
deny knowledge of, if not complicity  
in, the thousand bribery and  
corruption jobs which distinguished  
the administration of Gov. Smith.

Looking these facts squarely in  
the face, and "judging only as we  
are willing to be judged," we can-  
not say the charges of the Shelby  
Guide are false. For the credit of  
the State of Alabama, we hope the  
State Treasurer may establish  
clearly a character for integrity and  
financial ability. But, while we  
have not that testimony, which ex-  
cludes "all reasonable doubt," we  
must, upon a well known rule of  
law, fail to say "guilty!" we never-  
theless, claim the privilege of bring-  
ing in the Scotch verdict, "Not  
proven!"

This is the best we can do for the  
State Treasurer's office; if it leaves  
a stain on the characters of the of-  
ficials, we cannot help it, but we  
trust they may be able to establish  
their innocence "beyond question."  
The columns of The Daily News  
are welcome to them for this pur-  
pose.—Birmingham Daily News.

**Woman's Sufferings from Liquor.**

The appetite for strong drink in  
man has spoiled the lives of more  
women—ruined more hopes for  
them, scattered more fortunes for  
them, brought them to more sorrow,  
shame and hardship—than any other  
evil that lives. The country  
numbers tens—nay, hundreds of  
thousands—of women who are wid-  
ows to-day, and sit in hopeless  
weeds, because their husbands have  
been slain by strong drink. There

are hundreds of thousands of homes,  
scattered all over the land, in  
which women live lives of torture,  
going through all the changes of  
suffering that lie between the ex-  
tremes of fear and despair, because  
those whom they love, love wine  
better than they do the women they  
have sworn to love. There are wo-  
men by the thousands who dread  
to hear at the door the step that  
once thrilled them with pleasure,  
because that step has learned to  
reel under the influence of the se-  
ductive poison. There are women  
growing with pain, while we write  
these words, from bruises and bru-  
talities inflicted by husbands made  
mad by drink. There can be no  
exaggeration in any statement  
made in regard to this matter, be-  
cause no human imagination can  
create anything worse than the  
truth, and no pen is capable of por-  
traying the truth. The sorrows  
and horrors of a wife with a drunk-  
en husband, or a mother with a  
drunken son, are as near the reali-  
zation of hell as can be reached in  
this world at least. The shame,  
the indignation, the sorrow and the  
sense of disgrace for herself and her  
children, the poverty—and not un-  
frequently the beggary—the fear  
and the fact of violence, the finger-  
ing, life-long struggle and despair  
of countless women with drunken  
husbands, are enough to make all  
women curse wine and engage uni-  
tally to oppose it everywhere as  
the worst enemy of their sex.

**OREGON.**

PORTLAND, August 3.—The fire yester-  
day commenced at 4:20 in the morn-  
ing, spread over the entire block before  
a stream from the fire engine was ap-  
plied, and the Metropolitan Hotel burnt  
to the ground. Soon after the fire broke  
out the wind raised and caused it to  
spread in all directions, so that when  
the Salem fire department arrived, sev-  
en blocks had consumed. They stopped  
the further progress of the fire north-  
ward, but when all available assistance  
had arrived, there were only seven cen-  
turies. The subterranean fire was a half  
mile in length and a quarter of a mile  
wide. As fast as it was suppressed in  
one direction, it broke out in another,  
while new fires, supposed to be the work  
of incendiaries, were continually being  
discovered. The fire only ceased for  
want of material. The losses are ter-  
rific. Factories, three foundries, four mills  
five hotels, one hundred stores and two  
hundred and fifty dwellings. One hun-  
dred and fifty homeless families are now  
encompassed within the fields. The loss is  
estimated at one million. Five hundred  
thousand, on which there was an insur-  
ance of two hundred thousand. Foreign  
companies lose heavily, among which  
are the following: The Imperial of  
London, \$200,000; London and Liver-  
pool, \$100,000; and others, \$500,000.  
The loss was lost in real goods. Many  
persons considered rich yesterday are  
now poor. The fire was first discovered  
by the Captain of a river steamer, who  
sounded an alarm. The material was  
dry and burned like tinder. Many arti-  
cles were burned. The fire was caused  
by the burning of Walker's factory, the  
proprietors offered one thousand dollars  
for a stream of water from an engine for  
ten minutes.

Churches have been converted into  
dwelling houses. The Common Council  
have issued food tickets for the desti-  
tute, and a call for aid for the sufferers  
from other cities.

**The Blacks Against the Whites in  
Texas.**

The New Orleans Picayune—one of  
our most valued exchanges—has a set  
of special from San Antonio, Texas,  
which shows that the negroes have made  
the "issue" of race there, and which  
clearly demonstrates the fact that "blood  
is thicker than water." The facts are  
as follows: A negro soldier belonging  
to a company of United States negro  
troops, stationed there, wrote a note to  
a little daughter of Captain Tolyn, ask-  
ing for an assignment. The girl gave  
the letter to her father, who threatened  
to kill the scoundrel, but was prevented  
by the negro being arrested and put un-  
der bond. He was released, and in some  
manner Tolyn got him out of the city,  
and in the presence of two witnesses,  
cowed him severely. The negro boy,  
and so pitifully that he spared his life,  
telling him if he returned to the city he  
would kill him. He returned and his  
negro friends took up the matter and  
threatened to kill Tolyn. The excite-  
ment grew intense, and the citizens and  
the police surrounded the house, where  
Captain Tolyn was residing. About  
10 o'clock at night the army officers sent  
word to the police that they could not  
control their men, and advised them  
to surround a posse *comitatus* to preserve  
peace and order. The citizens respon-  
ded immediately in force. Gen. Augur  
U. S. A., with the United States offi-  
cers appeared and tried to quell the dis-  
turbance but failed to do so. Several  
shots were fired by the negroes. At a  
late hour General Baylor assumed com-  
mand of the police and posse of citizens.  
General Augur and other officers,  
of the army, backed by the command un-  
der General Baylor, quelled the distur-  
bance. General Augur then ordered  
the negro company outside the city limits.  
They left town, threatening to re-  
turn and have revenge. The excitement  
runs high, but citizens, led by United  
States army officers, stand ready to wel-  
come them on return to the city, "with  
hospitable hands to bloody graves."

The protracted service at the Meth-  
odist Church is still in progress, and  
everybody seems to be interested  
in the cause of religion. Penitent sin-  
ners crowd the altar, and numbers have  
been converted. Much good is be-  
ing accomplished. Up to this time  
(Tuesday) sixty-four conversions have  
made to the Methodist Church. Such  
a religious revival was never wit-  
nessed in Gadsden before. Think of it!  
Within the last four weeks one hun-  
dred and twenty-nine persons have  
joined the different churches in this place.  
Surely the Lord is in our midst. Ser-  
vices will be continued at the Methodist  
Church as long as good can be accom-  
plished. Rev. Mr. Thompson, Pastor  
of the Methodist church at Jacksonville  
is assisting Rev. Mr. West.

General Kemper was nominated as  
Conservative candidate for Governor in  
Virginia.

Cholera has again appeared in Chi-  
cago, eight cases were reported on  
the 7th inst.; two fatal.

Why ought the Simon pure pure Rad-  
ical to worship Apollo? Because he is  
the god of the lyre.

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the god of the lyre.

## Special Notices.

**CRAMPS.**

Cramps in the stomach or limbs are  
cured at once by brisk rubbing with  
Maggie Arnica Liniment. Trial will con-  
vince any one that this preparation has  
no equal as a liniment. For sale by all  
druggists.

**READ THE EVIDENCE.**

The Memphis Christian Advocate, of  
the 27 of February last said:

"If you have an ache or a pain, go to  
Mansfield & Higbee's and get a bottle of  
their Arnica Liniment. It is an excel-  
lent remedy. We have tried it, and can  
recommmend it. Another valuable arti-  
cle, manufactured and sold by them, is  
their 'Growth Restorative' for the hair.  
Mrs. Blew has tried it, and thinks it has  
been of great benefit to her. She says  
she must have more of it."

**A Family Medicine.**

We call the special attention of our  
readers to the advertisements of that fa-  
vorite home remedy, Perry Davis' PAIN  
KILLER. It has been before the public  
over thirty years, and probably has  
a wider and better reputation than any  
other proprietary medicine of the pre-  
sent day. At this period there are but  
few unacquainted with the merits of the  
Pain Killer; but while some extol it as a  
liniment, they know but little of its pow-  
er in easing pain when taken internally,  
while others use it internally with great  
success, but are equally ignorant of its  
healing virtues when applied externally.  
We therefore, wish to say to all that it  
is equally successful whether used inter-  
nally or externally, and it stands to-day,  
unrivaled by all the great catalogue of  
Family Medicines. It is sufficient evi-  
dence of its virtues as a standard medi-  
cine, to know that it is now used in all  
parts of the world, and that its sale is  
constantly increasing. No curative ag-  
ent has had such widespread sale, or  
given such universal satisfaction. It is  
a purely vegetable compound, and per-  
fectly safe, even in unskillful hands.

**The Wear and Tear of Life.**

The cares, anxieties and misfortunes  
of life have as much to do with shortening  
it as disease. They are in fact the source  
of many ailments and physical disabilities.  
Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, affections  
of the liver, disturbances of the bowels, head-  
ache, hypochondria and monomania are  
among these distressing ills. It is, there-  
fore, of great importance that persons whose  
minds are oppressed with heavy business re-  
sponsibilities, or harassed by family troubles  
or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a  
multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way  
overtaxed or overworked, should keep up  
their stamina by the daily use of a whole-  
some tonic. Thousands of persons thus cir-  
cumstanced are enabled to bear up against  
the difficulties in which they are involved,  
and to retain the strength, health and men-  
tal clearness, by the regular use of Hostet-  
ter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are  
prone to attack the body when debilitated  
and broken down by over-work, brain work  
or exhausting physical labor, are kept at  
bay by the resistant power with which this  
incomparable tonic endows the nervous sys-  
tem and the vital organs. At this season,  
when the heat is evaporating the elements of  
strength from every pore, an invigorant is  
absolutely essential to the safety and com-  
fort of the public, and is required even by  
the robust if they desire to keep their ath-  
letic capabilities in statu quo. Hence a  
course of Hostetter's Bitters is particularly  
useful at this period of the year as a defence  
against the invisible disease agent in a sal-  
utary atmosphere. It is the most potent of all  
preventive medicines, and for all complaints  
which affect the stomach, the liver and the  
bowels, and interfere with the perfect diges-  
tion and assimilation of the food. It is the  
standard remedy.

**Emigration Turning.**

**Cheap Farms in South-west Missis-**  
**sippi.**

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Com-  
pany offers 1,200,000 acres of land in  
Central and South-west Missouri, at from  
\$3 to \$12 per acre, on seven years, time  
with free transportation from St. Louis  
to all schools, churches and law-abiding  
society invite emigrants from all points  
to this land of fruits and flowers. For  
particulars address, A. Tuck, Land Com-  
missioner, St. Louis, Mo.

**To Kansas & Colorado!**

During the summer season of 1873,  
the Missouri Pacific Railroad will sell  
Excursion Tickets from St. Louis to Den-  
ver and return, at very low rates of fare,  
and a rare opportunity is thereby offer-  
ed, for lovers of nature to view the beau-  
tiful scenery of Colorado and enjoy the deli-  
cious climate of the Rocky Mountains.  
Kansas, with its broad, fertile  
plains, is directly on the route, and to-  
gether with all the other Western States  
and Territories, is reached by the Mis-  
souri Pacific Railroad and its connec-  
tions.

The Texas connection of this road  
is now completed, and passengers  
are offered a first class all-rail route  
from St. Louis to Texas, either over  
the Missouri, Kansas & Texas R. R.  
via Sedalia, or over the Atlantic & Pa-  
cific R. R. via Vinita. For maps, time  
tables, information, rates, fares,  
routes, &c., we refer our readers to J. F.  
Thompson, Southern Passenger Agent  
Chattanooga, Tenn., or E. A. Ford,  
General Passenger Agent, St. Louis,  
Mo. questions will be cheerfully and  
promptly answered.

**A. W. LEDBETTER,**

ALABAMA, WITH

Jehial Read. NATHANIEL NORTON

**Jehial Read & Co.**

Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read,

MANUFACTURERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**FUR and WOOL HATS,**

**Straw Goods Umbrellas &c.**

No. 468 Broadway,

Adjoining Cochrane, McLean & Co.

**NEW-YORK.**

## T. L. & G. Robertson, Druggists and Apothecaries, OXFORD, ALA.

**KEEP** constantly on hand a large Stock of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS,  
Also PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY &c.

**GIVE** us a call in person or by order. We Guarantee Satisfaction. Physi-  
cians supplied at a very short advance on New York Prices.

June 26—17.

**WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF**



## Boots and Shoes, LEATHER AND Shoe Findings,

Which we offer to the Trade at New York Prices.

**PACKAGES of ANY Size Sent by Express C. O. D.**

**M. F. COVAN & CO.,**  
21 Broad Street,  
ROME, GA.  
Apr 3/73—17.

## GOODS AT COST!

**BOOKS, Stationery, Hosiery, No-**  
**tions, Shoes, Boiling Cloths,**  
Prints, Shawls, Shirts, Cloths, Woolen  
Goods, Linens, and Laces, **DRESS**  
**GOODS, Linings, Flannels, Cotton**  
**Goods, Gingham, CLOTHING,**  
Parasols, Hats, **GROCERIES,**  
Stoneware, Groceries, Carpet Bags, Dye  
Stuffs, Drugs and Medicines, Hard-  
ware, &c. &c., are all selling at John D.  
Hoke's Store, Jacksonville, Ala., at  
COST and Cash Prices.

**DANIEL F. HOKK, Adm.**  
May 10, 1873—31.

**STATE OF ALABAMA,**  
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, July 19, 1873.

THIS day came D. A. Wright, Guardian  
of Wm. H. Smith and A. C. Smith  
& filed his statement, accounts, vouchers,  
& evidences, for an annual settlement of  
his Guardianship. It is ordered that  
the 19th day of Aug., 1873 be ap-  
pointed a day on which to make such  
settlement, at which time all persons in-  
terested can appear and contest the said  
settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.  
July 30th, 1873.

## GRAND EXPOSITION

—OF—

## Dry Goods:

**FASHIONABLE HEADQUARTERS**

**MAMMOTH DISPLAY!!**

**Immense Stocks!**

**POPULAR PRICES!!**

**ROWAN, DEAN & CO.**

Take pleasure in informing their  
friends and the public generally  
that they have just received a gen-  
eral Assortment of

**On Consignment.**

Large lot of 2 1/2 lb. India Bag  
ging on consignment, which the  
owner has instructed us to sell by  
the roll at 20cts cash.

**ROWAN, DEAN & CO.**

## Mitchell's Family Medicines.

Mitchell's RHEUMATISM MEDICINE is the  
safest, most prompt, and effective medicine  
known for rheumatism, sick or nervous head-  
aches and bilious colic.

Mitchell's VERMIFUGE is the surest thing  
known for worms, also as pleasant to take  
as the worm syrups.

Mitchell's WORM SYRUP leads all others  
in taste and certainty.

Mitchell's WORM CANDIES are worked by  
himself, assuring any one that the medicine  
is in them and in proper doses.

Mitchell's CHILL MEDICINE has been giv-  
ing up in Arkansas, Texas, South Alabama  
and North Georgia as the surest of all chill  
medicines. One dose seldom fails.

Mitchell's DIARRHŒA COMBAT is indis-  
pensable in all families where once used,  
and cried for by the children.

Mitchell's LIVER PILLS are the smallest  
offered for sale; takes less at a dose, more  
in the box, and stirs the Liver, and other  
secretions more than any other pill.

Mitchell's BILIOUS PILLS are superi-  
or to all the female Bitters in safety and  
effectiveness.

Mitchell's LINIMENT is certainly at the  
head of his list for frost bites, bone felons,  
bolls, stings, bites, cuts, sprains, bruises,  
piles, ear or tooth ache on man or beast.

Mitchell's Glycerized Mountain Verbe-  
na, is the only glycerine known, that is reliev-  
ed of its burning, flavored and as cheap  
as glycerine.

Mitchell's ELIXIR OF OPIUM is endorsed  
by Physicians as better than McLean's, and  
is cheaper.

Mitchell's COMPOUND EXTRACT OF BICCU  
relieves pain and stirs the secretion of the  
stomach and liver as well as the kidneys.

**DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, OILS,**  
&c., for sale, Wholesale or Retail at  
Dr. R. V. MITCHELL'S,  
109 Broad street,  
ROME, GA.

April 12, 1873.—17.

## THE MOBILE

## LIFE INSURANCE CO.

This first class Southern Compa-  
ny is a grand success. It has is-  
sued over One thousand policies  
during the past year. It was or-  
ganized by the leading business  
men in the State with the view of  
stopping the flow of money to  
Northern Insurance Companies. It  
has succeeded wonderfully. Over  
One Hundred Thousand Dollars  
have been kept in this State that  
would have otherwise been sent out.

**ITS CAPITAL, \$300,000.**

Is securely invested, and its accu-  
mulations are all kept in our midst,  
thereby enhancing the value of our  
property and developing our re-  
sources. Every Alabamian should  
insure in this safe, home company.

I. Because every dollar is kept  
in our State instead of being sent  
out.

II. It is economically and pruden-  
tly managed.

III. Its managers are gentlemen  
whom we all know—and whom we  
can trust; they are well and favor-  
ably known throughout the South.  
The Gadsden, board Col. Kyle,  
President, has directors in Gadsden  
and Jacksonville.

**R. O. RANDALL,**  
Manager of Agencies.

**L. W. Grant and J. M. Carroll,**  
Directors in Jacksonville.

## NOTICE

**To Executors Administrators**  
**and Guardians.**

**ALL** Executors, Administrators and  
Guardians who have not made an-  
nual settlements within the last twelve  
months, are hereby notified to be and  
appear at my office by the FIRST DAY  
OF AUGUST NEXT, and file their  
accounts and vouchers preparatory to  
making settlement. Any one failing to  
respond to this notice will be proceeded  
against by due course of Law.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.  
July 5th, 1873.—td.

## DR. R. V. MITCHELL'S

## FAMILY MEDICINES.

109, Broad st. ROME, GA.

Mitchell's Cough Medicine 8 oz: \$5 00 doz:

" " " 2 3 00

" Neuralgia Specific 2 3 00

" Diarrhoea Cordial 1 1 50

" " " 2 1 50

" Beun Dents 8 4 50

" " " 4 2 00

" Liniment 4 3 00

" " " 2 1 00

" Cattle, horse &c.  
Glycerized Moun-  
tain Verberna 4 3 00

" " " 1 00

" Victoria Wash 4 1 25

" Co. Ext. of Aucha 4 6 50

" Vermifuge 1 25

" Warm Syrup 1 25



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# Jacksonville Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 37.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUGUST 16, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 1896.

## Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, \$2.00

For six months in advance, \$1.00

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## CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Travelling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON, J. N. HOOD, J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

June 18—11.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Feb 25 1871—1y.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Jacksonville, Ala.

All work executed in the most durable and scientific manner.

Charges very moderate.

Jan. 25, 1873.—11.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MARKET YET, THIS Fall, but he still manages to keep the old Wooden Store

53 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia,

Comfortably filled with GOODS in his line.

Thankful for the Liberal patronage extended him during the past season, he invites a continuance of the same, promising his best efforts to please.

Call and see those beautiful Chromos, the COMPANIONS and the ACCIDENT.

Oct 2—11.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS fine Gold Jewelry for Ladies and Gentlemen, and fine timepieces.

Also, Gold and Silver Chains for Ladies and Gentlemen. Gold Pens, Spectacles and Silver Thimbles, as a specialty. Also fine Watches for the Table—Cups, Gold Spoons, Forks and Knives. A good assortment of Marine Lever Family Clocks and timepieces.

Watches repaired in the best manner, and every material kept on hand for repair with dispatch.

June 11, 1873.—1y.

J. J. Cohen,

THE WORLD RENOWNED

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturers' prices. Also, Importer of the Double and Dutch Folding Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c.

Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

Furniture! Furniture!!

Encourage Home

INDUSTRY.

I would respectfully announce to the public that I have now on hand and for sale, of my own manufacture, a large lot of all kinds of Furniture, including

of the best quality and make.

Bureaus, Tables, Washstands, &c.

My friends will find me at my old stand making good and substantial work, which I will dispose of at most reasonable and low prices.

I will also have, in a very short time an extensive supply of

CHAIRS.

Such as

Parlor, Rocking, Children and Dining-Room Chairs.

In addition to the Stock of Furniture of my own make, I keep constantly on hand a large lot of

Metallic and wood Burial

CASES,

of all sizes. I can furnish the wood case with glass face much finer looking and better trimmed than the ordinary wood cases for a less price than the latter can be made in the country. The wood cases that I sell cannot, without close inspection, be told from the Metallic burial cases.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD.

Dec 25 '72.

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala.

TO BECOME A GREAT

Educational Centre!

On Monday Sept. 1st, 1873,

WILL BE OPENED BY THE UNDERSIGNED,

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

As a Polytechnic School of high grade for Young Men,

AND THE JACKSONVILLE

FEMALE ACADEMY

For Young Ladies.

Two fine Schools under one administration—offering all the advantages, and escaping the risks of the mixed school system.

RATES.

Primary Classes \$3.00 per month.

Academic " 5.00 "

Practical " 8.00 to 10.00 "

Musical Department, under the charge of Prof. S. P. SNOW.

Board in the best families of Jacksonville, at from \$13 to \$15 per month.

SAMUEL H. LOCKETT,

C. WOODWARD HUTSON,

JNO. P. MAULEY.

July 19, 1873.—3m.

University of Louisville,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Cos. Eighth & Chestnut Sts.

Louisville, : : : Kentucky.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

FACULTY.—G. W. Bayless, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.

J. M. Bodine, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.

L. P. Vandell, Jr., M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.

E. B. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Histology.

R. S. Holt, M. D., Professor of Science and Practice of Med. and Public Hygiene.

John E. Grove, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.

J. W. Holland, M. D., Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.

D. W. Vandell, M. D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.

R. G. Cowling, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Fees.—Professors' Tickets, in full, \$50.00; Demonstrators' Tickets, \$10.00; Matriculation Fee, \$5.00; Graduation Fee, \$20.00; Hospital Ticket (reimbursed by the city) \$5.00.

The regular session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue, till the 1st of March. A preliminary course of Lectures, free to all students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the opening of the regular term.

J. M. Bodine, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

For the name of Circular, containing full particulars, address

E. B. PALMER, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty.

July 26 '73.—1y

CANE CREEK ACADEMY.

THE next term of this Institution will begin MONDAY the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1873.

FACULTY.

JOHN J. HUFF, A. B., Principal.

Wm. H. SCAFF, First Assistant.

Miss SUB C. CANLOCK, 2d

Tuition.

1st Class, \$5.00 per session of 5 months,

2d " 4.00 " " "

3d " 3.00 " " "

4th " 2.00 " " "

Contingent fee 50 cents.

Course of study equal to that pursued in our first class Colleges.

A well conducted boarding house on the ground. Rates of board \$2.00 per week.

Discipline mild but positive.

A department of Music will be added.

For further particulars, address the Principal, Cog Hill, E. Tenn.

July 5, 1873.—5t.

Tuscaloosa Female

COLLEGE.

Rev. B. F. LARRABEE, M. A., Proprietor.

THIS ensuing session will begin on Wednesday the 1st day of October.

Parents wishing to send their daughters off to a boarding school, will find this the most perfectly equipped establishment of the kind in the South.

It being the largest boarding school for young ladies in the State of Alabama, we are able to reduce our rates very low.

The Faculty is large, the course of study thorough, the Music and Art Schools of the highest order, and the Gymnasium superior to anything of the kind in this section. The Boarding Department is elegantly fitted up, and every room handsomely furnished and equipped. The young ladies are under the motherly care of experienced Matrons.

Tuscaloosa Ala. July 12, 1873.—2m.

University of Alabama.

THE next session will begin on the 1st of OCTOBER. The Literary, Scientific, Normal and Law Departments, are in successful operation. The University offers superior advantages in healthfulness of location, excellence of discipline, and thoroughness of instruction.

For further information, send for Catalogue, or address

N. T. LUTPION, President.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., July 25, 1873.—5t.

## Memory.

How oft, in silence, secretly, alone,

We wander back along the travelled road

Of life which lies behind us! There we stroll

With buoyant step; and there, with many a groan,

We picked a painful way from stone to stone,

Which barred our path: one while a weary hill

Defeated us; then, again, a fall

In brightness cheered us! All are past and gone,

But not forgotten. Standing, as we seem

Beside the wall which hides the future,

The long-lost past looks back at us with a hope

And faithful promise of security,

But none of ease; or else there were no scope

For trust in God, and life were but a dream.

Leaves From My Note Book.

BY J. H.

PART III.

It is passing strange how even the best of us roll a bit of scandal like "a sweet morsel" under our tongues.

How deliciously infectious it is! How delightfully diffusive! How exquisitely it adapts itself to all circumstances! How luxuriantly it grows even in what should be an ungenial atmosphere.

We speak of scandal as a pestilential miasma; we inhale it as the sweet perfumes of Arabia. We denounce the scandal-monger as a "roaring lion seeking whom he may devour;" we listen to his roarings, as though our ears were greeted with the softest strains of the most enchanting music. We clan the slanders with the serpent; but we forget to clan ourselves with the birds that are charmed by the serpent. We bewail the degradation that finds pleasure in the horrors of the rat-pit, and shudder at the chivalry that delights in the cruelties of the bull-ring, but we insensibly assist at a performance as much more degrading than the one and as much more cruel than the other as mind is superior to matter—as reputation is dearer than wealth.

We hear—we dissent; but alas! we repeat. This moloch-like grove space to hillocks, hillocks swell to hills and hills expand into mountains.

Brethren and sisters, these things ought not to be. But they are.

"I happened," said the Captain, "to pick up a Latin Reader, the other day, and to my nephews, the other day, and it struck me that I would see whether I could translate it. I opened at the Fables and tried my hand on 'The Oxen.' It has been twenty years, I reckon, since I undertook to read Latin, but I managed to translate it without much difficulty. The lexicon in the back of the book helped me a great deal. It reads about this way: 'In the same pasture three oxen were grazing in great harmony, and thus were safe from the attacks of wild beasts. But dissension arising among them, they were one by one attacked and torn to pieces by wild beasts. This fable teaches how much good there is in harmony.'

"Now," continued the Captain, "I know exactly what was the trouble with the oxen. Every fellow knew that he knew better than the others. If he couldn't have his way, he'd quit. There's lots of that breed yet. Ours? Yes, and men too; and they all live in small communities, I notice. Old Esop's head was level when he made three of the number of his oxen. It takes harmony to make a big community or do a big work."

I knew a lot of fellows that wanted to form a company. They had the money. Every one of them wanted to go into the business too. But they never formed the company—not much. You see there were ten of them. Five of them had ten thousand dollars apiece, and the other five had five thousand dollars apiece. Well, when they came to organize, neither one of the ten thousand dollar fellows would go in unless he was to be President; and neither one of the five thousand dollar fellows would go in unless he was made Treasurer. Well, that was as far as they got, of course. They could not harmonize.

This want of harmony has kept us back no little. We don't lack intelligence nor industry nor energy. I know there is a very general impression—especially at the North—that we lack energy. But it's a mistake. What we lack chiefly is unity of organization and discipline. We fight giant poverty and the evils that surround us as hard as anybody could. The trouble is, not that we don't fight, but that we fight like a mob and not like an army; and so we get whipped out in detail. And it is not because we are so very poor either. There is capital enough in the State to develop its resources, if it could be brought together. But as long as every fellow keeps his money to himself, (unless he can manage his own and other people's too,) we can't do much. When you want to build a brick house, you get so many thousand brick and lay them together and cement them so they will stay there, don't you? You wouldn't expect to build a house by taking the brick and putting them two or three or a dozen in a place all over a ten acre lot.

Well, you can't build up a town or county or State by every fellow keeping

## to himself either. You must combine. You must organize. You must get you a leader. If you think you ought to be a leader, go for it—use every means you can to get the position. If you fail, do not get mad and quit the concern; but let the other fellow try it. Give him your support, and wait till the next time. We are all on a revolving wheel, and everybody can't be on top; but any fellow that's got a good grip is bound to come up after awhile. If any proposition is made that you do not approve of, fight it. If it is adopted in spite of your opposition, try your best to make it a success. If it fails then—if it proves, after a fair trial, to be a bad measure, then everybody will recognize the fact that you were right, and you will have gained a victory worth something. If, on the contrary, it proves to be a good measure, then you were wrong, and it was best for you and everybody else for you to be defeated.

Everything must be kept in its place: Minor considerations must give way to cardinal requirements. We must not mix up politics with business nor sectarianism with schools nor occupations with social intercourse. Because all these are indispensable in their place, it don't follow they should be dragged in everywhere. Salt is indispensable in preparing a dinner. There would be a row if the cook should get up a dinner without using it; but if she was to salt the coffee, it would make you as mad as the mischief.

Boys, I didn't intend to preach a sermon; but if there's any more truth told in any sermon next Sunday, it will be a longer one; and, the fact is, I don't suppose there will be any sermon preached next Sunday that will be more believed or less practiced. It's a powerful easy doctrine to preach and a mighty easy one to practice when a community makes up its mind to fight it out on that line; but there's where the shoe pinches, and it hurts like the toothache too.

The remedy, boys, is an individual matter, and I advise you to try it.

Commence while you are young, and, my word for it, the older you grow the better you will appreciate the fact that success follows unity as certainly as harvest does planting, and that discord and disaster are as inseparable as trouble and woman."

The Tropics of Negro Rule.

What the world has seen in Hayti and Jamaica it contemplates to behold in Louisiana. Under the beneficent rule of the Radical party the city of New Orleans has declined in population from 245,000 to 190,000, and this, after the addition of Jefferson, Algiers and Milneburg and in wealth from \$424,000,000 to \$135,000,000. We all remember as school boys on the trial of Warren Hastings in West Minister Hall for high crimes and misdemeanors, the tremendous statement by Edmund Burke of the ruin which that hard hearted Captain General had brought upon India. We see a gloomy reflection of that dark picture in the city of New Orleans to-day. Says a correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer of the 20th ult:

Commencing at the Jefferson landing we find all the houses gone to decay, former abandoned, houses without tenants and tumbling in pieces, street railway without cars. Come on down further and you stumble upon the Great reservoir or burst, and amidst huge blocks of debris brick-masonry, blocking up the streets which were forced there at the time the works gave away. Then down to Morgan's steamship landing and here the grass is ankle between the crevices of the decaying blocks, following on, and to your left great blocks of buildings are to be seen tenantless; to your right, beyond the river, you see its banks fringed with steamers lying there awaiting the decrees of the Courts—Notice carefully and you find one section of the Great reservoir or burst, and amidst huge blocks of debris brick-masonry, blocking up the streets which were forced there at the time the works gave away. Then down to Morgan's steamship landing and here the grass is ankle between the crevices of the decaying blocks, following on, and to your left great blocks of buildings are to be seen tenantless; to your right, beyond the river, you see its banks fringed with steamers lying there awaiting the decrees of the Courts—Notice carefully and you find one section of the Great reservoir or burst, and amidst huge blocks of debris brick-masonry, blocking up the streets which were



# Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 16th, 1873.

## The White Man's Party Issue Clearly Stated.

In lieu of what we intended to say just now upon this subject, we extract the following article from the *Montgomery Advertiser*. We think the article of the *Advertiser* covers the whole ground, and meets all possible objections to the policy, discussed in meeting the objections set forth by the *Livingston Journal*, which, let us suppose, has made up the best argument that can be made for its side of the question. In assenting to the proposition to go into the next fight under the White Man's banner, the people of the white belt of the State, duly considered itself upon the whites of these counties now unfortunately under negro domination; and after looking at the question in all its phases arrived at the conclusion reached by the *Advertiser*, viz: that the negroes will rule the counties where they predominate, let the issue be what it may. Sooner therefore than we can do nothing for them by any compromise, not even such a compromise with the blacks as was proposed in Louisiana, the best thing for all sections is to spring an issue that will bring out the whites of the Northern counties of the State and give the Democracy possession of the State Government in all its departments, after which we may be in position to mitigate by wise legislation somewhat the evils that now afflict them under negro rule.

So far as we have observed, the *Livingston Journal* is the only Democratic and Conservative paper on our list of State exchanges, which appears to be hostile to the policy of now making an open and honest demand for a white man's Government for Alabama. We need not express our great surprise at the hostility of a paper especially representing the Democratic voters of Sumter County, to a proposition so entirely reasonable and lawful, and even necessary in our present situation. We are indeed, so surprised at its line of thought and argument as to be disposed to think that the *Livingston Journal* has been reading the sensational sheets of the radical papers here and been imposed on by its spectacular representation. It has thus utterly misconstrued the meaning of the proposed issue, and has insensitively and most injudiciously fallen into the current of the radical slant on the subject. The *Livingston Journal* is rather bitter in its tone of accusation and complaint, and a little truculent (since it is in the situation of the *eleventh hour* of the party) in ascribing to a large majority of the Conservative Press the design to do the wicked and injurious things charged against them by the Radical papers and negro party politicians at this and other points.

The *Livingston Journal* thus opens its batteries upon us all. As the *Advertiser* seems desirous of knowing "where we stand" in relation to the "white man's government issue," which made that an issue? We will briefly state the *Journal's* position. True-hearted Democratic usage has left it to the Representatives of the Party, in Convention assembled, to make up issues and present platforms. We had hoped that that usage would be actual, and that some reason not clear to us, an issue has been proclaimed in advance of such authoritative assemblage, and the party press is expected to promulgate for or against it. Why this advance issue has been made, we cannot understand. Did it spring from a distrust of the sentiments of the mass of the party? or did it originate in the desire of some aspirant for political preferment, actuated by selfish motives? As a Democrat, we believe in thorough discussion of questions of policy until the issue has been properly made up; but we protest against a policy being presented by other than properly constituted authority—while we have a party organization.

There are more serious dangers than we have all offices filled by honest and capable men; and we know full well that the election of such men would necessarily place the government of Alabama in the hands of white men; but we protest against making the question of the race the issue in the next campaign. Such an issue, if presented, to successful conclusion, would not necessarily secure us honest and capable officers; but it would, if it were adhered to by both races, consign the local government of more than twenty of our wealthiest counties to the hands of persons utterly unfit to accomplish the duties of their office. It would in all probability give the same element a controlling voice in both houses of our State Legislature; if, indeed, it did not place every State office in the hands of the same element.

The moral aspect of such an issue is in our judgment no more inviting. From the organization of the Radical party in Alabama to the present moment, its leaders have labored to effect a political separation, by which they sincerely believe, the interests of all classes would be promoted; we cannot favor a race issue. It is claimed that that issue would bring about a political union to the support of a Democratic ticket. We doubt it. If pride of race has not hitherto left whites out of the Radical party, it will not induce a severance of their allegiance to it now when that party is floundering in victory.

In the first place, the *Advertiser* never expressed the slightest anxiety as to the position of the *Journal*. We ventured, on the contrary, to take it for granted that, having proclaimed its devotion to the Democratic and Conservative party, opposing any change in its name, it was content with the spirit now so broadly and powerfully prevailing in our party. In the next place, we know the ascription of improper motives to any Democrat or Democratic newspaper playing recognized the necessity of a White Man's Government issue, is unjust and without any evidence, by which the truth of such an allegation can be sustained. The issue seems to have arisen spontaneously, as a popular expression in all parts of Alabama.

It is true a weekly paper in this city, heretofore supposed to be of Conservative tendencies, first making a childish assault on the *Advertiser* from an assumed Conservative standpoint, seemed desirous of evading the issue, and proposed the nomination of poor Lewis for Governor, and a mixed ticket, composed of other Scallawags, and some Democrats, whose names were thus most insultingly used. But this indec-

of Mr. FRANCIS' paper in his absence, has received no response whatever we have seen, although it was removed here that two or three Journals in the State were disposed to take the most extraordinary lead. This rumor, turned out to be false and foolish as the wretched article itself. Leaving out of view this piece of eccentricity perpetrated by our friend FRANCIS' absence, the White Man's Government issue under the flag of the Democratic and Conservative party appeared to rise in every quarter of the State by one common purpose and instinct of our people. Of course, no one newspaper, nor any number, can do more than present ideas or issues for consideration and discussion, preliminary to the action of a State Convention; and we say here, without reservation, that while we shall join those who agree with us in this matter in continuing to urge the adoption of the White Man's Government issue in our party platform, nevertheless if the State Convention next year shall reject it, and another line of movement be proposed, we shall yield our judgment without hesitation to the party resolution.

In the meantime, let us assure our esteemed contemporary that it is quite in order in charging the Democratic and Conservative party with the purpose to inaugurate a "race" issue! The negroes have already established this issue. For many years past a negro party—a strictly negro party—one of the most exclusive and uncharitable and united parties that was ever known—has existed in the State. This party last year carried its State ticket. It is true the negroes considered, as a matter of cunning management, to nominate poor Lewis for Governor, to nominate a poor white man for Congress by STEWART'S persuasions and manipulations. But this ticket was as clearly and absolutely elected by the negroes as HARRIS was to Congress or as were the Representatives in the Legislature from Dallas, or Hale, or Montgomery! The negroes elected these men to serve them. Being disappointed by some of their white Representatives in the matter of Social Equality by law, we know that the negro party threatened to call the whole Legislature into question. The negroes elected these men to serve them. Being disappointed by some of their white Representatives in the matter of Social Equality by law, we know that the negro party threatened to call the whole Legislature into question. The negroes elected these men to serve them. Being disappointed by some of their white Representatives in the matter of Social Equality by law, we know that the negro party threatened to call the whole Legislature into question.

Now this negro party is a perfectly lawful affair. It does not, we admit, in any violent and lawless sense whatever, array "race against race." The antagonism is at the polls in a lawful contest. On the other hand a white man's Government party (too long delayed in the hopes that the blacks having secured equal, civil and political rights, would voluntarily disband) does not propose to deprive and could not do so if it were proposed—a single negro of white right of privilege. We have all accepted the amendments to the Constitution. We all accept the civil and political status of the blacks. There is no difficulty or no measure of issue on this part of the subject. But the wisdom of our Washington rulers has so arranged our domestic conditions in the Southern States that they have made a political struggle inevitable for White or Black Supremacy in every State. They separated the negroes from the whites from the start and encouraged the negroes to consolidate for the sake of power. It has therefore so happened that in Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee, Kentucky and Texas, white men have obtained a triumph. In North Carolina there is a drawn battle so far. In South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi and Louisiana, the negroes have established their dominant power. Next year must decide whether Alabama and Arkansas will be governed hereafter by white men or negroes. Any possible antagonism of "race," except in the form of *sufrage* can never occur, but though the weapon is lawful, it is more fatal in its effects than any other.

What sort of a Government does the *Livingston Journal* want, except a Government of Democrats and Conservatives? These are, of course, the kind of "honest" and "capable" men it speaks of. The negroes will vote just as decidedly against Democrats and Conservatives, as against the nominees of the Democratic and Conservative party, flouting the white man's Government flag. We do not believe the *Livingston Journal* means by "honest" and "capable" men any other than Democrats! The Democrat is just as obnoxious to the negroes as the white man. They are in the eyes of the blacks synonymous words. And if so, how can we regard the interests of white men in twenty counties? Especially when the negroes already have overwhelming majorities in all of these counties. These statements carry no force. The white man's Government issue may possibly bring up some illegitimate and corrupt combination or attempts at mutual assimilation between Scallawag Democrats and Scallawag Radicals—then which nothing could be more contemptible—but it is so much the better for the State.

We cannot afford to permit the negroes a party, and in that manner securing an almost undivided adhesion of the Africans, to act on the theatre of our State politics with all the impetus of the challenge of superiority, by which we sincerely believe, the interests of all classes would be promoted; we cannot favor a race issue. It is claimed that that issue would bring about a political union to the support of a Democratic ticket. We doubt it. If pride of race has not hitherto left whites out of the Radical party, it will not induce a severance of their allegiance to it now when that party is floundering in victory.

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## State Teachers' Association.

[Reported for the Jacksonville Republican.]

The State Teachers' Association, in accordance with published programme, met in the Town Hall of Talladega, at 8:30 p. m., August 5th. A large and elegant audience was assembled in the Hall, consisting of the good citizens of Talladega and vicinity, when the meeting was called to order by Dr. J. H. Johnson, acting on behalf of the citizens, as chairman of the Committee of Reception.

As soon as the hostess became still, a fine choir of some dozen male and female voices sang a sacred anthem with powerful effect. Dr. Johnson then introduced Col. Jno. Bishop as the orator of the evening. Your reporter will attempt to give but a very brief synopsis of Col. Bishop's eloquent and practical address:

He first bid the delegates of the Teachers' Association hearty and cordial welcome to homes and hospitalities of Talladega, said the town was proud to be honored by their presence, was glad to extend to them every courtesy in their power; the citizens of Talladega fully appreciated the presence of the teachers, and there was a time fifteen or twenty years ago when the teacher was abroad in this part of the land. The interest in educational matters was fairly felt by this community. Schools, Academies and colleges were everywhere, and a high level of intelligence was maintained. There was a time when Talladega stood high as a city, for the culture of its men and women. Intelligence radiated from the countenance of every child. The whole community was alive to the importance of intellectual culture. In those days, in those halls were heard the cheerful happy voices of hundreds of children drinking in the words of wisdom from the lips of their teachers. That was a day in which Talladega stood high as a city, for the culture of its men and women. Intelligence radiated from the countenance of every child. The whole community was alive to the importance of intellectual culture. In those days, in those halls were heard the cheerful happy voices of hundreds of children drinking in the words of wisdom from the lips of their teachers.

An intense intellectual activity pervaded the whole country—and its influence was beneficial in the highest degree. All this was the work of the teachers. The teacher who toiled and labored with poor pay and often no hope of any reward except that which comes from duty done. There were thousands who were scattered through this State, and men who were now the intellectual leaders of the people. They were the teachers who, by their noble work, had done in days that were gone.

How is it now? How has a sad lowered level of intelligence descended the condition of the school houses. If then adverted in powerful language to the fact that the young men of the country, from their boyhood up, were now all attending one grand "Common School College," which every day, large, hamlet, town and city had been converted. They were all learning to become merchants, traders and shopkeepers. He did not appreciate the merchants' callousness, especially in this day of material development; in this day of railroads, mining, manufacturing, when coal must be dug, iron must be smelted, we must have trained and skilled engineers, superintendents, managers and directors, and our young men must be educated to fill these places. If they were not the stranger from other States and other lands would take these places, would roll the tide of civilization over us, and our State would become the mental of the foreigner.

If then made one more appeal for the cause of education in calling attention to the fact that the colored race was slowly but surely making progress in this direction, and he illustrated this point by the race of the human and colored, in which, while the negroes were voluntarily given by nature, who slept by the way-side, was outstripped and defeated by the patient perseverance of the other. He hoped there would be no such result in this case, but the negroes were to be educated to the true state affairs and be active, energetic and persistent in cultivating the talents given them by God, the day would come when the present generation of our race would blush for shame in the presence of their colored brethren.

Col. Speed, Superintendent of Public Education of the State, replied in behalf of the teachers. He had expected a hearty welcome from Talladega. She was justly celebrated for her lovely scenery and her generous citizens. He had been in the fields and the overflowing hospitality of her people. But the oration which the Talladegans had prepared, surpassed the wildest expectations of every member of the Association. They were overwhelmed with kindness, and they were full of gratitude for such kindness, and could promise as a return that they would do all in their power to redeem Alabama from the bondage of ignorance and from the rule of inefficient, uneducated, dishonest officials.

The Hon. Amasa Walker, of Massachusetts, wants the national government to take hold of the railroads and run them. "There must," he says, "be no half way measures of relief the industry and trade of the nation from the tremendous oppressions of railroad monopolies. The government must interfere for the protection of the people. The Cincinnati *Commonwealth*, which has the interests of the dear people somewhat at heart, believes that Mr. Walker's plan is impossible of application, but has no remedy of its own to suggest. The whole subject will come before congress next winter, when the report of Senator Windom's committee is presented. We have no doubt that the Republican majority in the two houses will then find a solution of the difficulty. The government must regulate the railroads or the railroads will regulate the government.

*Montgomery State Journal*. (Radical.) A sample of the superstition and ignorance which will keep the negro's nose at the grindstone forever, is related by the *Selma Times*. An old negro woman was boasting on the street that she would make a large quantity of cotton on her patch. It was suggested that the worm might eat it, and that she had better get poison ready to kill them. She exclaimed: "What, poison them worms? Never! Old MARTHA is 64 years old, and has been praised in God for 35 years, as a member of the Baptist church, and if the worms come it will be a punishment from God, and old MARTHA will let the worms eat the cotton and shout glory to God while they eat it."

According to the Indianapolis *Sentinel* hay seed in the hair and bad drilling overalls are to be the prevailing styles for the Western politicians this fall.

## THE FAIR!

—The—

### Agricultural and Mechanical

#### Fair Association

Of the Cherokee County of Georgia and Alabama are now ready to sell their

Tickets of Admission.

The Exhibition will begin on the Eighth day of September, and continue through the week.

Holders of tickets will be entitled to a chance in the following Gifts in addition to one day's admission to the Fair.

1 Grand Rosewood Piano, \$650 00

1 Parlor Organ, five stops, 200 00

1 Silver Tea Set, six pieces, 100 00

1 Cash Gift in Gold Coin, 100 00

2 Cash Gifts in Currys, \$25 each, 125 00

10 Cash Gifts in Currys, \$10 each, 100 00

20 Cash Gifts in Currys, \$5 each, 100 00

175 Cash Gifts in Currys, \$1 each, 100 00

216 Gifts, amounting to, \$1,650 00

Price of Tickets 50 Cents.

For Tickets and information, apply to

THOMAS J. PERRY,

Secretary, Remo, Ga.

Aug. 16th '73.

### House & Lot For Sale.

The undersigned will sell on the first day of the ensuing Circuit Court, his house and lot in Jacksonville, Fla., containing a 3-1/2 acre, and is high and elegantly situated, suitable for beautiful improvements. Persons wishing to purchase can ascertain the price by enquiry previous to that time.

TENNESSEE NORMAN.

Aug. 16, 1873.—4d.

### THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Aug. 14th, 1873.

This day came John M. Patterson and William L. Dale, and produced and filed in Court a paper purporting to be the last will and testament of Wm. Dale deceased, and moves the Court to admit the said will to probate and to issue Letters Testamentary under said will to the said John M. Patterson and William L. Dale, Executors.

It is therefore ordered that the 9th day of September next 1873, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice be given by every publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a news paper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to David Dale, George Young, Thos. Young, Elizabeth Young, Eliza Young, Robert Young, Wm. Dale and Wm. Dale, Marcus Dale and Francis Dale, who are non-resident Legatees under said will to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said County on said 9th day of September next 1873, and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate, and Letters thereunder issued to the said John M. Patterson and William L. Dale, Executors.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

August 16th 1873.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

By virtue of one of the writs issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, in favor of Payton Rowan and against Isaac Frank. I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Jacksonville, in said County, on said 9th day of September next 1873, and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate, and Letters thereunder issued to the said John M. Patterson and William L. Dale, Executors.

C. F. BEAD, Sheriff.

Aug. 16th 1873.

### THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Aug. 14th, 1873.

This day came C. C. Teague & J. C. Teague, the administrators with the will annexed of said Estate, and filed their statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered, that the 4th day of Sept. 1873, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Aug. 2, 1873.—3d.

### THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Probate Court, July 30th, 1873.

Joseph Lloyd, dec'd Estate.

This day came Geo. W. Lloyd, Adm. of said Estate of Joseph Lloyd dec'd, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered, that the 25th day of Aug. 1873, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

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## J. S. KELLY,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

AND

Notary Public,

OXFORD, ALABAMA.

Courts held the first Monday in each month, except December and June, in which two months Court is held on the first Tuesdays.

July 16, 1873.

### Brick Work & Plastering.

The undersigned is prepared to execute in the neatest, most durable and economical style, every description of brick work and plastering. Any one desiring such work can apply in person or address E. B. JONES, Oxford, Ala. Aug. 9, 1873.—6d.

### EXTRA OFFER.

2nd ANNUAL

### DISTRIBUTION

THIS CHROMO "GUTS" ELEGANTLY FRAMED AND A SHARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF \$750 PREMIUMS AMOUNTING TO \$11,000.

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VOL. 37.

Jacksonville Republican.

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E. ALA., AUGUST 23, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 1897.

## CROSS PL COME

This House is not  
will receive Boarder  
public generally.  
No rash promise  
see.

June 18—19.

J. D. ARN

SURGEON

At the  
table in  
Chargers very  
June 25, 1873

PA

The Book

HAS NO

KET YET,

still manag

Woolen Sto

63 Broad St

Comfortably

in his line.

Thankful

age extend

he invite

the same, promisi

to please.

Call and see those

Chronos, the COMPANION.

the ACCIDENT.

oct 2—11.

W. C. LAND.

Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS THE Gold Jewelry

for Ladies and Gentlemen,

and fine time-keeping

Watches.

Both Gold and Silver. Also, Gold and

Silver CHAINS for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Gold Pens, Spectacles and Sil-

ver Trunkets, as a specialty. Also fine

Albatta Ware for the Table—Cups, Gold-

lets, Spoons, Forks and Knives. A good

assortment of Marine Lever Family Clocks

and time pieces.

P. S. WATCHES REPAIRED

in the best manner, and every material kept on

hand for repair with dispatch.

Jan. 11, 1873.—17.

J. J. Cohen,

THE WORLD RENOWNED

ROME, GEORGIA,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebra-

ted and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Man-

ufacturers' prices. Also, Importer of the

Double and Dutch Boiling Cloth, French

Bar and Boats MILLS, STOKES, Double

Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of

Belted, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—17.

Furniture! Furniture!!

Encourage Home

INDUSTRY.

I would respectfully announce to the

public that I have now on hand and for

sale, of my own manufacture, a large lot

of all kinds of Furniture, including

Bedsteads

of the best quality and make,

Bureaus, Tables, Washstands, &c.

My friends will find me at my old stand

making good and substantial work,

which I will dispose of at most reasona-

ble and fair prices.

I will also have, in a very short time

an extensive supply of

CHAIRS.

Such as

Parlor, Rocking, Children and Din-

ing-Room Chairs.

In addition to the Stock of Furniture

of my own make, I keep constantly on

hand a large lot of

Metallic and wood Burial

CASES,

of all sizes. I can furnish the wood case

with glass face much finer looking and

better trimmed than the ordinary wood

coffins for a less price than the latter can

be made in the country. The wood

cases that I sell cannot, without close

inspection, be told from the Metallic

burial cases.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD.

Dec 25 '72.

Brick Work & Plastering.

This undersigned is prepared to exe-

cute in the most, most durable and

workmanlike style, every description of

Brick work and Plastering.

any one desiring such work can apply in person

or address E. B. JONES, Oxford, Ala.

Aug. 9, 1873.—6m.

om the Lafayette (Ala.) Reporter.

The Ballad of Farmer Brown.

ong for the Times, with a Moral.

mer Brown came into the house,

vrathfully slammed the door,

od himself down into a chair,

opped his hat on the floor.

r farmer Brown was dreadfully wroth,

And his shaver it was up;

And he looked around with an angry

scowl,

And wrathfully kicked the pup.

I'm tired from head to foot," he said,

"And hungry as I kin be;

I'd like to have a mouthful to eat—

Is dinner 'most ready?" said he.

The farmer's wife she was pale and thin,

And hungry and wan was she;

And her eye was dim and her step was

slow,

And her dress was a sight to see.

"Your dinner is ready," she meekly said

"And the doggie is smoking hot,

But I've scraped the meal all out of the

box,

And the last 'jin's jest from the pot.

"The mischief you have!" said farmer

Brown.

Heaving a doleful sigh;

"Thar's plenty of bacon and corn in town

But I've no money to buy."

poke the farmer's daughter, Mar-

rie—

"she had 'nt spoke before;—

"a n'r's cotton out under the shed," said

she.

"Some dozen bales or more."

"Cotton the devil!" said farmer Brown,

"It's deadly wrong to sew to it;

"My cotton's all mortgaged for last

year's work,

With never a bale to spare."

"Well, then," his daughter upspoke

again,

"If thar won't do for feed,

You're two or three wagon loads or more

Of Dickson's Prolific Seed."

"Do you think me a beast!" said farmer

Brown.

I'm neither cow nor steer;

And what if I was? I've hardly enough

Of seed to plant this year."

Then said his daughter Marrie, again:

"Thar's guano, lots," she said,

"Thar's twenty sacks full in the barn,

And barrels under the shed."

"Guano? Oh, Lord!" said farmer Brown,

"I need all the precious stuff

To put on my cotton land this year."

And then he had enough.

But when the farmer had eaten his fill,

He fell into thought profound.

And snaked his tobacco, which cost at

least

Some ninety cents per pound.

And then he muttered—"Thar's some-

thing wrong

About my farming, I swear!

We don't have enough to eat,

Nor half enough to wear!

"My nules are starving almost to death,

My cows are dreadfully thin;

Thar's hardly an ear of corn in the crib,

And narry out in the bin!

"The times ain't like they once have

been.

When I was young and spry;

We had fat horses and nules in the lot,

And fat hogs left in the sty.

"My cribs were always chuck full of corn,

My smoke-house groined with meat;

We then had plenty of clothes to wear,

And always enough to eat.

"By jings! I'll change my programme

at once—

From woe to experience learn—

This year my cotton I'll plant in a patch

And plant my fields in corn."

MORAL:

All you whose farms are going to wreck!

Who've neither corn nor meat;

Just make the resolve of farmer Brown,

And go for something to eat!

SANBY HIGGINS.

The Hon. B. H. Hill, one of the most

eloquent men in the South, delivered

an extemporaneous "talk to farmers"

at Jonesboro, Ga., a few days since,

which we find in the Atlanta Constitu-

tion. We give a portion to our readers

and earnestly invite a careful perusal.

But I will not deal with general prin-

ciples. I prefer to talk about our con-

dition and prospects. We of the South

are in a bad way. We are individually

we are all poor. I fear we do not

know how poor we are. I am quite con-

fident we do not imagine how poor we are

going to be. As a people the agricul-

tural population of the South are poor-

er to-day than they ever have been, and

they are getting poorer every day. Ah!

but you are making good crops this year.

Yes God has mercifully sent good sea-

sons on our fertile soils. Everything



# Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23<sup>rd</sup>, 1873.

Jacksonville Female Academy.

Few, even of our own citizens, are aware of the neat, durable and useful improvements which have recently been made on the buildings and grounds of this institution. The doors and windows have all been newly repaired and painted; the floors painted; the windows handsomely curtained inside; the seats and desks conveniently arranged; the walk through the lot in front elevated, graded and gravelled, and other improvements made on the grounds.

All this has been thus far accomplished by the competent, energetic and efficient gentlemen who are at the head of the institution but we hope they may ere long be reimbursed by the citizens of our town and vicinity, although we do not know that they ask or expect it.

Under present auspices we are not confidently predicting for both Calhoun College and Jacksonville Female Academy, a career of prosperity and usefulness hitherto unknown.

Friends and fellow-citizens, whatever else may fail us in our political hopes or pecuniary prospects, let us not neglect the education of our children. It will render them independent and self-sustaining; increase their chances more than four-fold for profitable employment through life; qualify them to adorn any station in society, church or State. It will be a better inheritance than money, houses and lands; because they will be robbed, cheated or defrauded out of it while they remain upon earth.

Remember that the next session, both in the College and Academy, commences on next Monday week, 1<sup>st</sup> of September, and that there is great advantage in getting a fair start and being properly dressed on the very first day of the session.

We have been much gratified to learn that a number of pupils are coming from a distance to be added to a liberal home patronage.

During the 12 months ending August 1st, our Post Master, W. T. Alexander, has sent off from Jacksonville, through money orders \$33,461, and has paid out on money orders \$2,157.60. All this money came and went absolutely secure to the receiver and sender, and has been a great convenience to the business community that correspond through this office. The money order has supplanted in a great degree the Registered letter system, which was defective in that it did not secure the send against loss as does the money order system. We therefore advise all parties sending money, to send by money order, rather than registered letter, provided there is money order office at the point to which the money is to be sent, of which let people may be advised by consulting the Post Master at this place.

Jacksonville, Ala. Aug. 20, 1873.  
MR. EDITOR:

Something over one year ago a Lodge of Good Templars was organized in this place, by a few individuals, since which time, with varied success, the membership has been steadily increasing, notwithstanding the neglect of some, and the opposition of others. Altogether, we have had good access, and our prospects are now quite encouraging.

On yesterday, I had entered our little circle, and our worthy Sister, ELIZABETH, is no more. Death laid his hand upon her, her body paled before the king of terrors, and her spirit fled to that bound where there is no return.

But she walked by Faith, lived in Hope, and the constant exercise of Charity, and love to God, and we feel assured that her soul has gone to join a Lodge in the celestial city, where Christ is God himself. Yes, Sister ELIZABETH is gone. Her place in our circle is vacant. We miss her very much. How long will her place remain vacant?

On Sunday night last, while the clouds were lowering their contents upon the earth, we were informed that a lightning struck a house, on the plantation of Mr. Weaver of Monroe county, and burned it up.

A negro woman and some children were in the house, and the woman was burned up, but the children were rescued. It is supposed that the lightning so stunned the woman that she was unable to get out.

ROME MARKET, Aug. 20.—Cotton is full of life, and without any change from our previous quotations. We quote New York Middlings at 16 cents; Low Middlings at 15 cents; Good Ordinary at 15 cents.

The following are our latest telegraphic quotations:

New York, Aug. 19.—Cotton weak and irregular at 18 1/2 to 20; sales 33,200 bales.

A Queer Iowa Story.

[Davenport Gazette.]

One of the leading citizens of North Davenport had an only daughter, who was betrothed to a young man of fair promise, a clerk in a leading commercial house at Dubuque. His visits to the city were regular, and arrangements had been made for an immediate union, when the bride-elect was stricken down with typhoid fever, and in spite of all that skill and art could do, she died. The young man returned to Dubuque. Nervous fever set in, and a peculiar hallucination seized him that his lost one was present in the room draped in the same garb which had enveloped her. At first he saw her glide away for weeks, and the patient was gradually sinking under the physical and nervous excitement, when a friendly nurse was called to cure him of his delusion. Counting to Davenport, his mother found that the funeral garments were purchased of C. & M., and made by a Mrs. B. She procured the material, had it made up, and returning a young lady as near in height and appearance as could be found was dressed to resemble his deceased

WOODSTOCK.—The Woodstock Iron Works Co., preparing to build another 25 ton wood furnace, after which they intend to put up a large Coke Furnace. We trust that before a great while they will have a Forge, Rolling Mill, and Nail Factory, in operation.

Oxford Intelligence.

Cotton caterpillars have made their appearance in many portions of our country. They are not yet sufficiently numerous to materially damage the plant, but unless a miraculous diversion shall occur, in two or three weeks they will have multiplied to such an extent as to be able to destroy the whole of the crop which shall be matured at that time. And when it is remembered that the weather is cloudy and rainy, eminently favorable, according to the best opinion, to the rapid propagation of the worm, the prospect is not very encouraging.

Tuesday News, 4th inst.

Mrs. Mary J. Harwell of Columbus, Ohio, heard a voice say the other night "Your brother William is dead," and she awoke the old man with her screams. A letter came next day from Dayton, Ohio, announcing that her brother was well and had a paving contract.

A gentleman reports the cotton between Montgomery and Hinton, on the main road, as entirely ruined. The leaves are all eaten off clean, in many places, and in others, the worms have eaten around the poison on the leaf, and left it. The poison kills some of the worms, but the crop is so abundant that it looks with gloomy apprehensions to the loss of the entire crop in many localities. We hope the prospects are not so gloomy in other sections.

Ex-Governor Patton, of Alabama, in a letter to "The South," says that the dividend paid by the Augusta Cotton Mills is over 20 per cent. a year. A Cotton Mill at Petersburg, Virginia, pays 25 per cent. a year. One at Columbia, Georgia, pays over 20 per cent. The Mills in this State do at least as well. And at this very time the New England Mills are struggling along with small profits, and even talk of working short time so as to reduce stocks and improve prices. The difference between their feeble and sinking condition and the vigorous activity of the Southern Mills is accounted for by the "five cents" pound advantage which the Southern manufacturer has in his cotton.

New England—and yet we have but few factories in Alabama.

A VALUABLE INVENTION.—If the newspapers are to be credited, Joseph B. Smith, of Texas, has invented a wonderful improvement in the process of ginning cotton. It is described as a series of machines, which will take the cotton in any condition—even in the boll it is gathered—and entirely separate it from all trash, delivering the cotton in so clean and well ginned a condition as to raise or improve it several grades above the classification that it would have had if turned out from any other gin. It is said it will not only save much labor in the preparation of cotton for market, but will enable planters to gather more from their fields—*Swanwick Advertiser*.

IRON ORE, ETC.—The wonderful developments made in particular localities in North Alabama, of late, has induced investments of vast sums in them, and the fever of speculation is just fairly commencing. Certain lands have been found to be rich in coal ore deposits and others a few years ago the excavating farmer would gladly have sold his hilly farm for a hundred dollars an acre, the present land owners are holding it at ten times that sum. Where the farmer has been strong enough to hold his land and dispose of it recently, or has released it to responsible parties, he has been paid a most excellent interest on his money. Where men of means can get in on the ground floor, there are fortunes to be made, but it is only for the fortunate few who can accomplish this, except by an accident.

Alabama will rise long by proper management and use of skillful labor, because one of the wealthiest and most prosperous States in the Union. We possess all the facilities for becoming such—and why not? Let our people pull off their coats, roll up their sleeves, and go to work themselves and aid in every way in their power to develop the mining and mineral resources of Alabama. Wealth to make us rich lies dormant in our hills and valleys. Let our people go to work in earnest themselves and not depend on foreign labor and capital.—*Alabama Advertiser*.

The Thomson Herald has the following:

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brief slumbers was introduced into the room, taking her seat in a shaded corner. His awakening was anxiously watched, and sanguine hopes of reviving his hitherto dormant intellect. He awoke at length, and turning his eyes in the direction of the pious fraud, stared with fixed eye-balls for a few seconds, then raising himself almost upright in his bed, flung his arms aloft, and shrieking in an unearthly voice: "My God, there are two of them! full back and expired."

Caterpillars are swarming in the fields. Within the last three or four days they have come in countless myriads. Many planters are astonished at the sudden appearance they have made, and many fields will be devoured before poison can be applied. As an instance of the amazing rapidity with which the vermin have appeared, the garden of Major Beasley, of Hayneville, may be cited. There were fifteen hills of cotton flourishing in there, from which he picked all the worms, thirty in number, Monday evening. Tuesday he got about one hundred and thirty-four, and Thursday he gathered about three hundred, only to find them as numerous as ever when he returned in the evening. The fields are infested with the destroying pest.

The planters are dismayed at the prospect, though they are showering poison upon them in deadly clouds. Over nearly all rank and well grown cotton in Louisiana there is a desperate grapple between the planters and the vermin.

Jaynesville Eclectic.

Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Elias Read, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 18th day of August, 1873. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to send them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

MARY J. READ, Adm'r.  
Aug. 23, 1873.—6r.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.  
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Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no medicine is so generally used as Ayer's Cathartic Pills. It is a small, portable, and easily carried medicine, and is adapted to all climates, and among all classes, as it is a purely vegetable preparation, and does not contain any of the dangerous ingredients of other cathartics. It is a most reliable and safe medicine, and is adapted to all climates, and among all classes, as it is a purely vegetable preparation, and does not contain any of the dangerous ingredients of other cathartics.

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## COURT DIRECTORY.

12th Judicial Circuit, FALL TERM.

Cherokee—1st Monday in September, and continue 2 weeks.  
Etowah—1st Monday in Sept. and continue 2 weeks.  
St. Clair—2nd Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue one week.  
Columbia—3rd Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue 2 weeks.  
Greene—4th Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue one week.  
DeKalb court follows court at and continues one week.

## Valuable Land For Sale.

DETERMINED to remove to the W. we offer for sale, on very advantageous terms to the purchaser, our entire of Land, known as the

Sulphur Springs Place.

The tract contains 400 Acres of land, 75 of which is in a high state of cultivation, and 100 more under fence, but not cultivated since the war. The whole tract is well watered, and is well adapted to the raising of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Oats, &c. A new branch runs through the plantation, splendid dwelling with six rooms just placed upon a beautiful hillside, with a large house, barns, stables, several settlement cabins, and every other building necessary. A Vineyard of 3,000 best selected Grape vines in growing order. A splendid spring of medicinal water (sulphur) in 100 yards of the dwelling, good well with pump 100 yds. well in the house lot. Toward which 20 yds. pond, times, &c. Timber in abundance in sight of yard. Baptist church in one-fourth mile, and Methodist church in three miles; good school on the premises, and a very fine cattle stand in the country; and on the whole a first class neighborhood.

We are determined to sell. For further particulars enquire of W. Grant, or the undersigned upon the premises.

Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON N.  
August 23, 1873.

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## EXTRA OFFER.

2nd ANNUAL DISTRICT.

Cherokee—1st Monday in September, and continue 2 weeks.  
Etowah—1st Monday in Sept. and continue 2 weeks.  
St. Clair—2nd Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue one week.  
Columbia—3rd Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue 2 weeks.  
Greene—4th Monday after 4th in Sept. and continue one week.  
DeKalb court follows court at and continues one week.

## Valuable Land For Sale.

DETERMINED to remove to the W. we offer for sale, on very advantageous terms to the purchaser, our entire of Land, known as the

Sulphur Springs Place.

The tract contains 400 Acres of land, 75 of which is in a high state of cultivation, and 100 more under fence, but not cultivated since the war. The whole tract is well watered, and is well adapted to the raising of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Oats, &c. A new branch runs through the plantation, splendid dwelling with six rooms just placed upon a beautiful hillside, with a large house, barns, stables, several settlement cabins, and every other building necessary. A Vineyard of 3,000 best selected Grape vines in growing order. A splendid spring of medicinal water (sulphur) in 100 yards of the dwelling, good well with pump 100 yds. well in the house lot. Toward which 20 yds. pond, times, &c. Timber in abundance in sight of yard. Baptist church in one-fourth mile, and Methodist church in three miles; good school on the premises, and a very fine cattle stand in the country; and on the whole a first class neighborhood.

We are determined to sell. For further particulars enquire of W. Grant, or the undersigned upon the premises.

Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON N.  
August 23, 1873.

## Notice to Creditors.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Elias Read, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 18th day of August, 1873. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to send them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

MARY J. READ, Adm'r.  
Aug. 23, 1873.—6r.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no medicine is so generally used as Ayer's Cathartic Pills. It is a small, portable, and easily carried medicine, and is adapted to all climates, and among all classes, as it is a purely vegetable preparation, and does not contain any of the dangerous ingredients of other cathartics. It is a most reliable and safe medicine, and is adapted to all climates, and among all classes, as it is a purely vegetable preparation, and does not contain any of the dangerous ingredients of other cathartics.

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# Republican

## LOCAL.

**S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.**  
37 Ark Row, New York, 10 State st.,  
Be. n, and 701 Chestnut st., Philadel-  
phia, are Agents for the "Jacksonville  
Republican" in the above cities, and au-  
thorized to contract for advertising at  
our lowest rates.

Do not fail to examine the  
"wanted" column this week. You  
will find matters both of impor-  
tance and interest.

Fresh Almonds, Butter Nuts,  
Pecans, Brazil Nuts, just received  
by W. T. & C. S. Alexander.

Mr. James Hudson, our efficient dis-  
patch agent, captured some days ago a  
very large cat, that had become entan-  
gled in the machinery of the water ele-  
vator and was so hurt as to be unable to  
escape. It measured 3 feet in length and  
weighed four pounds.

The citizens, old and young, male  
and female, of Jacksonville, Ala., and  
vicinity, are respectfully invited  
to attend a lecture at Calhoun  
College, at 8 o'clock p. m., on Fri-  
day, August 29th.

**S. H. LOCHETT.**  
Go to W. T. & C. S. Alexander's  
to get nice Dried Beef.

Commissioners Court has been in ses-  
sion here portions of last week as a regu-  
lar court, and Monday of this week as a  
Board of Equalization. The Court  
discharged its duties with that rapidity  
and efficiency which has marked it since  
the present incumbents have constitu-  
ted it.

Get your pure Leaf Lard at W.  
T. & C. S. Alexander's.

A TELEGRAPHIC dispatch just re-  
ceived from the World's Fair, at Viena,  
states that the Wheeler & Wilson  
Sewing Machine received the GOLD  
MEDAL, and also a medal for progress.

Old Machines, brought to Jack-  
sonville, will be repaired in the neatest and  
most durable manner by  
**I. SEYMOUR.**

Table Salt in boxes at W. T. &  
C. S. Alexander's.

Mr. John Woodward gave the Repub-  
lican a call this week. He comes up  
for a brief time to breathe once more his  
native air, and recuperate somewhat  
from the wear and tear of hard work  
and the enervating effects of a more  
southern climate. He is one among the  
many young men Jacksonville has sent  
out into the world, that she always wel-  
comes back again, even if only for a  
brief season.

Everything good at W. T. & C.  
S. Alexander's.

### Interesting to Merchants.

The Wholesale Boot & Shoe house of  
M. F. GOVAN & Co., Rome, Ga., have  
received their Fall Stock, which is un-  
usually large. They propose to sell  
to Merchants at New York prices.  
This is no boast. They are reliable, and  
from what we know of them, we believe  
they will do it every time.

They will have an agent with samples  
here in a few days.

I heard a little boy tell his ma  
"that Mr. Charlie Alexander had  
more good things than he ever  
seed"—and he said "Ma, I believe  
that Mr. Charlie keeps Old Santa  
Claws in his store all the time, don't  
you."

Last Friday the people of Jack-  
sonville, in response to a call of the Mar-  
shal, turned out as is their annual cus-  
tom, and cleared off the Cemetery  
grounds, greatly improving and beau-  
tifying the same. Large credit is due to  
two little boys, Jeff Crow and Ben Wy-  
ly, in this connection, both of whom car-  
ried around lists of subscribers to the  
work, and did faithful work on the  
grounds afterwards.

Fresh Goobers, Parched Goobers  
at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

One of the incidents of the Re-Uni-  
on was the speech of a little three-year  
old child of Mr. John Y. Henderson. Be-  
fore the Regiment marched to the  
grounds, and while everybody was wait-  
ing our little friend gathered quite a  
crowd of ladies and gentlemen about  
him, and by his pretty little speeches  
and acts helped mightily to while away  
the time which dragged while the south-  
ern train was delayed.

Another thing that attracted at-  
tention was the appearance of our friend  
S. C. Kelly from Oxford, mounted on a  
Buggy Plover on which he had ridden fif-  
teen miles to reach the grounds. He  
came in with the remark that he had  
turned his sword into a plow share—"a  
thing which," remarked another gen-  
tleman, "can never be run into the ground  
too much."

Go to W. T. & C. S. Alexan-  
der's and get what you want.

The attention of land-buyers, far  
and near, is specially invited to the ad-  
vertisement of Messrs. Z. & J. Y. Hen-  
derson. A place of equal value to theirs  
is seldom offered for sale at any price.  
In fact from the price mentioned to us,  
we know that they offer to sell for even  
less than the cost of improvements. And  
we know moreover, that it possesses  
many advantages and elements of  
value, not enumerated in their adver-  
tisement.

## By Telegraph.

St. Louis, August 15.

Advices from the Pawnee reser-  
vation in Nebraska say the Pawnees  
are preparing for war with the  
Sioux, in retaliation for the attack  
on them some days ago. They are  
said to have six hundred warriors  
among themselves, and have in-  
vited the Ponies to join them and  
nearly all of whom have accepted the  
invitation, and at last accounts  
the braves of this tribe were either  
at or on the way to the Pawnee reser-  
vation. The Pawnees expect to  
muster 1,600 warriors and propose  
to prosecute a relentless war against  
the Sioux.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.

Evidence in the late Warrent  
disaster indicates that every officer  
was at his post. The death list has  
reached eighty-three.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.

The Times of this morning says  
the fact is one that need not long  
be concealed that cholera pre-  
vails in this city. There have been  
42 deaths from that disease.

BREITLIN, Aug. 15.

The North German Gazette stig-  
matizes as a pure invention the re-  
port in American papers of an in-  
terview with Prince Bismarck in  
which the Prince is made to say he  
would extirpate the idea of God and  
substitute that of the State. It de-  
clares that Bismarck never used  
such language or advocated such  
sentiments, and believes the false-  
hood originated in the machinations  
of the Jesuits.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.

Peter Keckler & Son have been  
arrested in Calloway county for  
stealing mules. The son escaped  
but the father was convicted and  
sentenced to five years imprisonment.  
While on the way to the depot a  
mob fired into the back killing  
the sheriff, and seriously wound-  
ing the Attorney General and three  
others. The father was hanged and  
a large party is searching for the son.

SEAFORTH, ONTARIO, Aug. 18.

A man passing in the woods near  
here heard a child cry and found  
the father and mother with their  
throats cut.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.

At Tucson, Arizona, Pedro Ne-  
gras and his wife, pambrokers, were  
murdered. Six men, have  
been arrested on suspicion. One  
confessed, implicating two others.  
They were compelled to tell where  
the plunder was concealed. Four  
of the murderers were hanged by a  
mob on a scaffold erected near the jail.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.

An accident occurred Saturday  
night near Lemont on the Chicago  
and Alton Railroad by an incoming  
train colliding with the South  
bound express passenger train, al-  
most entirely wrecking the latter  
and killing six outright and fear-  
fully injuring thirty-seven others,  
many of whom will die. Surgeons  
have been sent for to go to the  
wrecked train. It is impossible to  
give full particulars at present—  
Among those dangerously injured  
are Hon. J. W. Smith, warden of  
Illinois State Penitentiary.

Blame for Chicago and Alton ac-  
cident attaches to the engineer and  
the conductor of the coal train who  
moved contrary to regulations.  
They have disappeared.

RICHMOND, Aug. 18.

Hon. Jefferson Davis addressed  
the Southern Historical Convention  
in session at Montgomery White  
Sulphur Springs to-day. He was  
introduced by Gov. Letcher and re-  
ceived standing amid great ap-  
plause. He returned thanks for this  
hearty welcome to Virginia where  
he always felt welcome and whose  
brave men were only excelled in  
their deeds by the bravery and de-  
votion of the women whose zeal and  
heroism throughout the war he  
highly praised. He spoke of the  
object of the Historical Society  
and said that to write a true history  
it must be done by Southern  
men who knew the facts and that  
all the material must be gathered  
for the purpose in the South in or-  
der that the action of the South in  
the war and the causes that brought  
it on might be fairly laid before  
mankind. He spoke of old Jubal  
Early as one who was over faithful  
throughout the war, and as being  
the proper man to carry out the  
great object. He said we had been  
more cheated than conquered by  
the declarations of the Federal  
President, Congress and Generals,  
for there never could have been a  
surrender had we anticipated what  
followed; we would to-day have  
been free. He still had hopes for  
the South because whatever the  
men might be he never yet had seen  
a reconstructed woman, and while  
the men of the day were less pow-  
erful than the principles for which  
they had struggled he yet hoped  
the children who succeeded them  
would grow up to maintain and per-  
petuate them and redeem all that  
we had lost.

Mr. Davis' remarks contained no  
sentiments of hostility to the Fed-  
eral Government but evinced an  
earnest devotion to Constitutional

liberty for which the South had  
struggled. He was listened to with  
deep interest and was frequently  
applauded.

A resolution offered by Admiral  
Semmes that his Excellency, Pres-  
ident Grant, be requested to per-  
mit the Secretary of this Society to  
examine all papers in the archives  
of the Government captured by the  
Federal forces from the Confedera-  
tes during the war and to make  
copies of such of them as he may  
think fit, was adopted. The Con-  
vention then adjourned and the  
Historical Society met. A resolu-  
tion was adopted admitting ladies  
who had lost relatives in the war  
to membership in the Society and  
then adjourned to meet in Rich-  
mond at the call of the President.

HAVANA, Aug. 19.

Late advices from Lima, Peru,  
report that a serious accident oc-  
curred sixty miles from that city.  
A body of earth, estimated at ten  
millions square yards, fell from the  
mountain into the valley, severely  
injuring a number of persons and  
damning up a river, the water of  
which had risen one hundred and  
nine feet above its usual height.  
Engineers were of the opinion that  
the water would burst its barriers,  
when it would rush towards Lima  
sweeping everything before it and  
submerging the lower portion of  
that City. A disastrous fire has  
taken place at Valparaiso causing  
a loss of \$500,000.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.

The towns of Petoera, Quillote,  
Ligua and Lirache in Chili have  
been greatly damaged by earth-  
quake.

Deaths from railroad accidents  
have reached eighteen. The en-  
gineer of the freight train has been  
arrested. Officers are pursuing  
the conductor.

FORT SCOTT, August 20.—A  
special dispatch to the Monitor  
from Les Coyne, the county seat  
of Lyons county, states that the  
greatest excitement exists there.  
A mob of four hundred men have  
taken possession of the town and  
arrested the sheriff. They declare  
they will burn the town and hang  
the Sheriff, unless he delivers up to  
them the person of the Killer who  
murdered his wife and two children  
and his wife's sister, at Twin  
Springs, last Sunday night, and  
afterwards burned their bodies.

The sheriff has been keeping the  
prisoner hid since his arrest and  
still refuses to tell where he is con-  
cealed. The mob are most deter-  
mined and trouble is apprehended.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—  
Monday morning last Dr. Guera-  
day and Felix Sallan, who had  
quarrelled at a ball, met on Old  
Ground Prairie street, Louisiana  
parish, to settle the difficulty by a  
fight, to witness which about one  
hundred persons assembled.

After the first fight, a fight with  
pistols, growing out of the old feud  
between Guera-day and others  
resulted in the killing of three men  
and mortally wounding a fourth.  
The conclusion arrived at by the  
Coroner's jury, was that Augustin  
Guera-day killed Carroll Blackman,  
Drux Guera-day killed Alexander  
Delwin, Aristide Ortega killed  
Drux Guera-day after being shot  
down. Blackman fired three shots  
at Augustin Guera-day, who is be-  
tween sixty-five and seventy years  
old, mortally wounding him. Sev-  
eral of the participants in the fight  
have been arrested.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, August 30.—A bloody  
and fatal affray occurred at Swans-  
boro, Emanuel county, Georgia,  
between Jas. C. King and Bruce  
McLeod, which resulted in the  
death of both parties. King advised  
his sister-in-law not to receive  
McLeod's attention. She acted  
accordingly, writing a note to that  
effect. This exasperated McLeod  
who, while under the influence of  
liquor, insulted King which the  
latter resented by slapping his face.  
Whereupon McLeod fired four  
times from a revolver, fatally woun-  
ing King, who returned the fire in-  
flicting wounds from which McLeod  
died. Both parties are respecta-  
bly connected. King was a law-  
yer and McLeod a clerk.

Mrs. Campbell and Mrs. Cambers  
of Madison, Georgia, have fallen  
heirs to \$12,000,000 in France, and  
leave here next Tuesday to claim  
the inheritance. The ladies are in  
receipt of a letter from Judah P.  
Benjamin, to the effect that there  
will be no obstacle in the way of  
obtaining possession of the property.

ATLANTA, August 20.—At a col-  
ored church fair last night, eight  
rowdy negroes attacked a mulatto  
boy, and stabbing him with a knife.  
He drew a pistol and shot one of  
the eight dead in the church door.  
The rest ran.

BIG CUCUMBER.—Last Saturday  
Daniel Frizby brought to Delhi,  
from Maj. Corkern's garden at  
Winnsborough, a cucumber which  
measured four feet in length; and  
he says if Richmond can beat that  
he will bring another one that will  
be a great many say it is  
not a cucumber, but it tastes and  
smells like one, and Dan offers to  
bet one hundred dollars that it is,  
to be decided by any celebrated  
garden seed raiser that may be cho-  
sen as umpire.

Delhi (La.) Chronicle.

We ask the Jacksonville (Ala.)  
Republican to copy this notice of the  
cucumber. We notice in a late  
issue of that paper that some one  
had brought in a cucumber that  
measured one foot, and this one  
coming from Winnsborough meas-  
ures four feet.

This fact can be established and  
shows the superiority of our soil to  
any in the United States.

Richland (La.) Beacon.

Iowa Farmer's Convention.  
Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the  
Courier-Journal.

DES MOINES, IA., Aug. 13.

The Anti-Monopoly State Con-  
vention held to-day in this city  
gives a new phase to Iowa politics.  
The old Democratic organization is  
thereby dissolved, and a new party  
formed from both the old parties.  
A decided majority of the conven-  
tion have been Republican, and of  
these a large proportion last fall  
supported Grant. Most of the de-  
legates in attendance are farmers,  
and this element controlled the con-  
vention and shaped the nominations  
and platform. Mr. Vail, the nom-  
inee for Governor, is a practical  
farmer, who voted last autumn for  
Grant. The State ticket is made  
up equally from the old political  
parties. The platform is decisive,  
and meets boldly the issues of the  
day. The entire proceedings of the  
body were harmonious and enthusi-  
astic, and the Administration Re-  
publicans are evidently much dis-  
quieted by this crystallization of the  
Iowa farmers' movement. Both  
parties however are entering on the  
contest with spirit, the issue being  
confined to the new party and those  
who adhere to the old Republican  
organization. Among the promi-  
nent politicians in attendance were  
John P. Irish, late Chairman of the  
Democratic Central Committee,  
Edgar Stone, Hon. John B. Grin-  
nol. None of the present delega-  
tion in Congress are regarded as in  
sympathy with the present move-  
ment.

Special Notices.

Use Arnica Liniment for  
Aches and Pains.

A trial will satisfy all that this beau-  
tiful aromatic liniment is far superior to  
the compounds of rancid grease so com-  
monly sold under the name of liniment.  
It is an instantaneous destroyer of pain.

READ THE FOLLOWING:  
Iuka, Miss., June 26, 1899.

Messrs. Mansfield & Higley.

GENTLEMEN: The following are vol-  
untary statements. I make them alone  
for the good of the suffering. When I  
was in your city you recommended to me  
and advised me to buy the Arnica Liniment.  
My reply was, I had no confidence in patent nostrums. I told  
you of a hurt I received eleven years  
ago that had not been relieved, but  
was increasing with age. You then pre-  
sented me with a bottle of this liniment.  
I took it through courtesy to you. A  
week after I got home I concluded to use  
it. I applied it twice each day for two  
weeks. Since that time I have felt no  
pain, but feel as well as I did twenty  
years ago. The bottle of liniment has  
been worth more to me than the bottle  
filled with gold would have been. I re-  
commend the liniment to all who I find  
suffering with pain from strains, bruises,  
rheumatism or any other cause whatev-  
er. It recommends itself wherever sold.  
I am, dear sir,

Yours, etc.,  
S. J. WADLEY.

The Wear and Tear of Life.

The cares, anxieties and misfortunes of  
life have as much to do with shortening it  
as disease. They are in fact the source of  
many ailments and physical disabilities.  
Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, headache,  
aches, hyperaesthesia of the nerves, head-  
aches, and other ailments, are among the  
most distressing fruits. It is, there-  
fore, of great importance that persons whose  
minds are oppressed with heavy business re-  
sponsibilities, or harassed by family troubles  
or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a  
multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way  
overworked or overexcited, should keep up  
their stamina by the daily use of a whole-  
some tonic. Thousands of persons thus cir-  
cumstanced are enabled to bear up against  
the difficulties in which they are involved,  
and to retain their strength, health and men-  
tal clearness, by the regular use of Hostet-  
ter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are  
prone to attack the body when debilitated  
and broken down by over-exhaustion, or  
exhausting physical labor, are kept at  
bay by the constant power with which this  
incomparable tonic endows the nervous sys-  
tem and the vital organs. At this season,  
when the heat is enervating the elements of  
strength from every pore, an invigorant is  
absolutely essential to the safety and com-  
fort of the public, and is required even by  
the robust if they desire to keep their ath-  
letic capabilities in statu quo. Hence a  
course of Hostetter's Bitters is particularly  
useful at this period of the year as a defence  
against the inevitable disease alliant in a  
sultry atmosphere. It is the most potent of all  
preventive medicines, and for all complaints  
which affect the stomach, the liver and the  
bowels, and interfere with the perfect diges-  
tion and assimilation of the food. It is the  
standard remedy.

Emigration Turning.

Cheap Farms in South-west Missou-  
ri.

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Com-  
pany offers 1,200,000 acres of land in  
Central and Southwest Missouri, at from  
\$3 to \$12 per acre, on seven years, time  
with free transportation from St. Louis  
to all schools, churches and law-abiding  
societies invite emigrants from all points  
to this land of fruits and flowers. For  
particulars address, A. Tuck, Land Com-  
missioner, St. Louis, Mo.

—A London paper says that the roof  
of Westminster Abbey, in which chest-  
nut was used, was recently examined,  
and found to be perfectly sound. It is  
nearly 500 years old.

## Druggists and Apothecaries, OXFORD, ALA.,

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS,  
together with a great variety of STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.  
Also PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, &c.  
GIVE us a call in person or by order. We Guarantee Satisfaction. Physi-  
cians supplied at a very short advance on New York Prices. jan24-17.

## JUST IN MARKET.



We are now receiving the heaviest stock of Fall ROOTS & SHOES we  
ever had. These Goods were bought low, and will be sold low. We guarantee  
to duplicate any New York or Boston bill. Merchants will do well to call on us.  
Heavy Kip Boots at \$3.00 Brogans 2 double sole, 1 35 to 170. Women leather  
fine ankle sole Boots, 1 00—every thing in proportion.  
Aug. 16, 1873.

M. F. GOVAN & CO., Rome, Ga.

## GRAND EXPOSITION

—OF—

EDDY-GOODS:

FASHIONABLE HEADQUARTERS.

MAMMOTH DISPLAY!!

Immense Stocks!

POPULAR PRICES!!

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Take pleasure in informing their  
friends and the public generally  
that they have just received a gen-  
eral Assortment of

SHOES

we've ever had. The balance of our  
stock are in statu quo (respectfully sub-  
mitted to the taste of the printer.)  
You who have bought goods from  
us for each will please call and settle by  
the 1st of January, as we have liabilities  
to meet by that time which are impera-  
tive.

Yours truly,  
DRAFTER & JOHNSON.

Isaac M. Ford, dec. Estate of.

Probate Court of Calhoun County.

LETTERS Testamentary under the  
last Will and Testament of said de-  
ceased, having been granted to the un-  
derdesigned, on the 1st day of July, 1873,  
by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the  
Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.  
Notice is hereby given, that all persons  
having claims against said Estate will be  
required to present the same within the  
time allowed by law, or the same will be  
barred.

L. M. FORD,  
J. P. FORD,  
Executors.

July 19, 1873.—6t.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to Tax payers of the  
Town of Jacksonville, that Tuesday  
the 30th inst. is set apart by the corpo-  
ration for the collection of the taxes, and  
approval of the Tax assessments made  
by the Marshal for the year 1873.  
Those desiring to have corrections  
made in assessments against them can  
attend, and by proper application do so  
on said day.

G. I. TURNLEY, Ind't.  
J. M. CALDWELL, Sec'y.

July 19, 1873.—2t.

STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, July 19, 1873.

THIS day came D. A. Wright, Guar-  
dian of Wm. H. Smith and A. C. Smith  
& filed his statement, accounts, vouchers,  
and evidence, for an annual settlement of  
his Guardianship. It is ordered that  
the 19th day of Aug., 1873 be ap-  
pointed a day on which to make such  
settlement, at which time all persons in-  
terested can appear and contest the said  
settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

July 30th, 1873.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Aug. 14th, 1873.

This day came John M. Patterson and  
William L. Dale, and produces and files  
in Court a paper purporting to be the  
last will and testament of Wm. Dale de-  
ceased, and moves the Court to admit  
the said will to probate and to issue Let-  
ters Testamentary under said will to the  
said John M. Patterson and William L.  
Dale, Executors.

It is therefore ordered that the 9th  
day of September next 1873, be set for  
the hearing of said application, and that  
notice thereof be given by publication in  
the Jacksonville Republican, a news-  
paper published in said county, for three  
successive weeks prior to said day as a  
notice to David Dale, George Young,  
Trushey Young, Elizabeth Young, Eliza  
Young, Robert Young, Wm. Dale and  
Wm. Dale, Marcus Dale and Francis  
Dale, who are non-resident Legatees un-  
der said will to be and appear at a  
Special Term of said Court, to be held  
on at the Court House of said County  
on said 9th day of September next 1873,  
and show if any thing they have to al-  
lege why said will should not be admit-  
ted to probate, and Letters thereunder  
issued to the said John M. Patterson  
and William L. Dale.

A. WOODS, Judge  
of Probate.

August 16th 1873.

House & Lot For Sale.

THIS undersigned will sell on the  
first day of the ensuing Circuit Court  
at Jacksonville, Ala., a house and lot in Jack-  
sonville. The lot contains 4 3/4 acres,  
and is light and elegantly situated, suscep-  
tible of beautiful improvement. Persons wish-  
ing to purchase can ascertain the price by  
enquiry previous to that time.

TENNESSEE NORMAN.

Aug. 16, 1873.—4t.

## Mitchell's Family Medicine

Mitchell's Family Medicine is the  
most prompt and effective medicine  
known for cholera, sick or nervous head-  
aches and bilious colic.

Mitchell's VERTIGO is the surest thing  
known for vertigo, also as pleasant to take  
as the warm syrups.

Mitchell's Worm Syrup leads all others  
in taste and certainty.

Mitchell's Worm Candy are worked by  
himself, assuring any one that the medicine  
is in them and in proper doses.

Mitchell's CHILL MEDICINE has been giv-  
ing up in Arkansas, Texas, South Alabama  
and North Georgia as the surest of all chill  
medicines. One dose seldom fails.

Mitchell's DIARRHOEA CORDIAL is indis-  
pensable in all families where once used,  
and tried for by the children.

Mitchell's LIVER PILLS are the smallest  
offered for sale, taken less at a dose, more  
in the box, and stir the Liver and other  
secretions more than any other pill.

Mitchell's ENEMAS are superior  
to all the Enema Bitters in safety and  
effectiveness.

Mitchell's LAXATIVE is certainly at the  
head of his list for fruit bites, bone flous,  
hills, stings, bites, cuts, sprains, bruises,  
piles, ear or tooth ache on man or beast.

Mitchell's BRUSH DENT is endorsed by  
doctors who know what it is composed of,  
and have used it as the most desirable tooth  
wash made.

Mitchell's Glycerine Soap is the only  
one, is the only glycerine known, that is re-  
fined of its burning, flavored and as cheap  
as glycerine.

Mitchell's EXAMINER OF URINE is endorsed  
by Physicians as better than McLean's, and  
is cheaper.

Mitchell's COMPOUND EXTRACT OF BEANS  
relieves pain and stirs the secretion of the  
kidneys and liver as well as the kidneys.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, OILS,  
&c., for sale, Wholesale or Retail at  
Dr. R. V. MITCHELL'S,  
109 Broad street,  
Rome, Ga.

April 12, 1873.—17.

## THE MOBILE LIFE INSURANCE CO.

This first class Southern Compa-  
ny is a grand success. It has is-  
sued over One thousand policies  
during the past year. It was or-  
ganized by the leading business  
men in the State with the view of  
stopping the flow of money to  
Northern Insurance Companies. It  
has succeeded wonderfully. Over  
One Hundred Thousand Dollars  
have been kept in this State that  
would have otherwise been sent out.

ITS CAPITAL, \$300,000.

Is securely invested, and its accu-  
mulations are all kept in our midst,<



## POETRY.

### In Sun and Shade!

We walked together on the sand;—  
The lazy tide was fretting;  
The wind blew sweetly from the land;  
The summer sun was setting!

Lonely and long the white beach lay  
Beneath the sunset's flashing;  
The breakers, deaf and far away,  
All their white tumult hushing.

A cruel wreck upon the shore,  
Spoke of the storm's wild doing;—  
We dreamed no tempest evermore  
Could blight our summer's wooing.

One star was twinkling in light,  
In that wide heaven showing;  
One thought within our hearts that night  
Exceeding sweet was growing.

We walked and spoke as lovers will,  
In voices hushed and tender;  
Of hopes the future should fulfill,  
Of blessings Heaven would render!

I walk the lone beach to-day;—  
The tide is still returning;  
The fishing boats at anchor stay;  
The sunset fires are burning.

But tides may ebb and tides may flow,  
And breakers flash and thunder;  
Unheeding of them all I know,  
He sleeps their tumult under.

He sleeps—nor sun nor shining age  
Shall chill his youth's endeavor;—  
The years of God his heritage  
Forever and forever.

### Old Age.

I often think each tottering form  
That limps along in life's decline,  
Once wore a heart as young as warm,  
As full of life, thoughts as mine!

His own unclouded, pure romance;  
Commencing when the blushing boy  
First thrilled at lovely woman's glance

And each could tell his tale of youth;  
Would think his scenes of love evince  
More passion, more unceasing truth,  
Than any tale before or since.

Yes, they could tell of tender lays,  
At midnight penned in classic shade;  
Of days more bright than modern days,  
And milder morn than modern morn.

Of whispers on a willing ear,  
Of kisses on a blushing cheek;  
Each kiss, each whisper, far too dear,  
Our modern lips to give or speak.

Of passions too untimely crossed;  
Of passions slighted or betrayed;  
Of kindred spirits early lost,  
And buds that blossom but to fade.

Of beaming eyes and tresses gay,  
Elastic form and snowy brow,  
And forms that have all passed away,  
And left them what we see them now!

And is it thus? Is human love  
So very light and frail a thing?  
And must life's brightest visions move  
Forever on Time's restless wing?

Must all the eyes that still are bright,  
And all the lips that talk of bliss,  
And all the forms so fair to-night,  
Hereafter only come to this?

Then what are earth's best visions worth  
If we at length must lose them thus?  
If all we value most on earth  
Ere long must fade away from us?

### By the Shore of the River.

Through the gray willows the bleak winds  
Are raving,  
Here on the shore, with its driftwood  
And sands;  
Over the river the lilies are growing,  
Bathed in the sunshine of orient lands;  
Over the river, the wide, dark river,  
Spring time and Summer are blooming  
Forever.

Here, all alone on the rocks, I am sitting,  
Sitting and waiting—my comrades all  
Gone—  
Shadows of mystery drearily flitting  
Over the sun with its sorrowful smile;  
Over the river, the strange, cold  
river,  
Ah! must I wait for the Boatman  
forever?

Wife and children and friends were a  
round me,  
Labor and rest were as wings to my  
soul,  
Honor and love were the laurels that  
crowned me;  
Little I recked how the dark waters  
roll,  
But the deep river, the gray, misty  
river,  
All that I lived for has taken  
forever.

Silently came a black boat o'er the bil-  
lows,  
Steadily grated the keel on the sand;  
Rustling footsteps were heard through  
the willows;  
There the dark Boatman stood, wa-  
ching his hand;  
Whispering, "I come o'er the shad-  
ow river;  
She who is dearest must leave thee  
forever."

Suns that were brightest and skies that  
were blue,  
Darkened and paled in the message  
he bore,  
Year after year went the fondest, the  
truest,  
Following that beckoning hand to the  
shore,  
Down to the river, the cold, grim  
river,  
Over whose waters they vanished fore-  
ver.

Yet not in visions of grief have I wan-  
dered;  
Still have I toiled, though my ardors  
have flown;  
Labor is manhood, and life is but a  
dream;  
Dreaming vague dreams of the future  
alone.  
Yet from the tides of the mystical  
river  
Voices of spirits are whispering over.

Lonely and old, in the dusk I am waiting  
Till the dark Boatman, with soft, muf-  
fled oar,  
Glides o'er the waves, and I hear the  
keel grating;  
See the dim, beckoning hand on the  
shore  
Waiting me over the welcoming  
river,  
To gardens and homes that shine  
forever.

### Grant will Not be a Candidate.

[Allan Evening Journal.]

The statement is authoritatively made  
that Gen. Grant does not wish to be  
elected to the Presidency for a third term,  
as we presume the people have no de-  
sire that he should be. It is possible he  
would administer the Government as  
wisely and as well through a third term  
as through a second term; but no one  
least of all Gen. Grant himself, deems it  
wise to establish a precedent which nei-  
ther the present nor the prospective ex-  
ecutives of the country would justify.

## The English Nobility.

In an interesting article on the  
title nobility of England, the N.  
Y. Herald concludes as follows:  
Titles of nobility in England  
have ceased to have any signifi-  
cance at all. Duke means leader;  
but what and who is led by a man  
like the Duke of Montrose? Marquis  
means warden of the marches or  
frontiers of the country, and the  
absurd nickname was not long ago  
given to Lord Ripon for making a  
political blunder. Earl means  
chief of a country, say some; others  
assert that it means elder or  
graybeard.

In any case Lord Winchester  
cannot be supposed to rule over  
Nottingham from the bankruptcy  
court, and there are earls still in  
their cradles. The title of viscount  
or viscount is equally devoid of  
common sense at present, and no  
public duty of any kind is now at-  
tached to any title.

Some hereditary court offices are  
still held by certain families, but  
they have become sinecures, and  
the very men who hold them could  
not tell what they have to do. Thus  
the Duke of St. Albans is Hereditary  
Grand Falconer; but there are  
no falcons now kept by the sovereign.  
The late Lord Willoughby  
D'Ereshby, a very queer customer,  
was also Hereditary Grand Cham-  
berlain, but Lord Sydney is cham-  
berlain *de facto*, and even his chief  
duties are performed by a man of  
letters (Mr. Dorey) not very wide-  
ly known to fame, and whose very  
name is ignored by nine-tenths of  
the people.

The title of Hereditary Grand  
Chamberlain is now in abeyance be-  
tween two ladies. The real lords  
and princesses of the English people  
are the newspaper editors and some  
half dozen writers who form and  
guide public opinion. They are  
not, indeed, recognized as such, but  
they soon will be. No baron in  
the kingdom, not even Lord Ro-  
berts, one of the latest and richest  
of the banker peers, wields such  
influence as Mr. Carlyle from his  
small house in Chelsea.

The late Mr. Mill, too, was, as a  
matter of fact, the most potent of  
Englishmen. George Eliot, the  
novelist, is very influential, so is  
Mr. Ward, the editor of the *Satur-  
day Review*. The *Times* is rather  
out of date, and has long ceased to  
produce any effect on public opin-  
ion. The same observation applies  
to the *Daily News*, and in a lesser  
degree to the *Standard*.

The *Morning Post*, though honest-  
ly conducted, is a class paper, the  
organ of polite society; but the  
conductors of the *Spectator* are im-  
portant people, and perhaps the  
leader writers on the *Pall Mall Gae-  
tette* take the first rank among the  
men. No petty lordling comes up  
to the level of these, the real nobil-  
ity of the time.

Then in a secondary place, but  
still puissant, stand Mr. Tomp-  
son, Mr. Vernon Harcourt and a few  
poets and pamphleteers. They  
have quite superseded the nobility  
in the national esteem, and if two  
opposite statements of a fact were  
put forward, the one signed by Lord  
Dumfries and the other by any  
known man of letters, his lord-  
ship's account of the transaction  
would not be credited for a mo-  
ment.

A DESPICABLE MULE.—The ne-  
gro and mule are inseparable com-  
panions in the Southern cotton  
fields, and like the Hiawatha  
string and bow, useless each with-  
out the other. The lazy indiffer-  
ence and careless cruelty of the one,  
and the wonderful power of endur-  
ance of severe labor, but treat-  
ment and neglect of the other, com-  
plete the compatibility of the two  
races necessary for the production  
of four millions of bales. A char-  
acteristic anecdote may be related  
by those who have had experience  
of the two. The spectators had taken  
refuge from the sun's perpen-  
dicular rays under the shade of a  
spreading beech, and lay enjoying  
the fitful breezes and the sombre  
floodiness of the country news-  
paper. Along the dusty road came  
joggling a negro, mounted on a mule,  
both apparently fast asleep. As  
the soundest pair approached the  
spot, some wicked spirit of the place  
gave the paper a flit, which was no  
sooner seen and heard than the  
mule, as mules only know how, in-  
stantly "swapped ends," and leav-  
ing the negro sprawling in the dirt,  
took his departure, under full sail.  
The negro, half raising himself, and  
wiping the dust from his eyes and  
mouth, watched the retiring mule  
for some time in silence, but at  
length, unconscious of an auditor,  
gave expression to this philosophic  
soliloquy: "Dat's what makes me  
spise a mule!"

The following letter is another  
testimonial in favor of Paris Green:

MT. MEIGS, ALA.,  
August 15, 1873.

Mr. W. C. Ray:—Please send  
me four bls. of flour to Scott's.  
I have to go over about forty acres  
the second time. It will pay. I  
have put it over most of the Drey-  
spring place. The crop on that  
place is looking well. Where Par-  
is Green is not used the crop is ru-  
ined. I see some that will not  
make a bale to twenty acres, and  
if Paris Green had been used it  
would have made a bale to three  
acres. My experiment is a success.  
Respectfully,  
J. C. CARTER.

## W. D. HOYT & CO., Druggists.

### HEADQUARTERS FOR PAINTS AND OILS. 10,000 Pounds in Store.

WE have in Store the Largest and most complete stock in the Southern  
States, at prices to compare with any other market, the following:

**WHITE LEAD, best brands.**  
**PAINTS AND COLORS, dr. and in oil.**  
**VARNISHES AND OILS, boiled and raw.**  
**WIDOW GLASS, PUTTY**  
**BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, &c., &c., &c.**

**MIXED PAINTS, ALL SHADES AND COLORS.**

W. D. HOYT & CO.,  
Broad Street,  
ROME, GA.  
Apr 27-74.

## HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your  
Goods where you can buy good Goods the cheapest. PARIS is the PLACE.  
It is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one.  
Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

## FIRST CLASS Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.  
100 Rolls of the best Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 21 to 24  
lbs. will be sold for twenty cents per yard.  
10,000 lbs. of Baiting Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 112 cents per  
pound.  
200 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.  
25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hogsheads of Syrup  
and Molasses.  
25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best  
brands.  
200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Paraffine, Star and Spum.  
10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh.  
200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel.  
10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.  
50 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.  
500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.  
A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs,  
Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything my Customers need in my  
line.  
My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by  
the demand. The prices shall suit. I will pay every one the best, and see  
that none go away dissatisfied. I will pay the highest market price for all kinds  
of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow,  
in short, everything the Farmer raises.

oct26dwtf.

### DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of public  
testimony have proved Dr. Crook's  
Wine of Tar to be the most  
valuable medicine ever offered to  
the public. It is rich in  
the medicinal qualities of  
tar, and contains all the  
essential elements of health.  
It is a powerful tonic, and  
restores the system to its  
normal state. It is a  
valuable remedy for all  
diseases of the blood, and  
for all diseases of the  
lungs, and for all diseases  
of the stomach and bowels.  
It is a powerful tonic, and  
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valuable remedy for all  
diseases of the blood, and  
for all diseases of the  
lungs, and for all diseases  
of the stomach and bowels.

### KEEP THE BLOOD PURE

And the health of the system  
will follow. There is a prepara-  
tion of iron and tar, which  
makes a more effective tonic  
than any other. It is a  
valuable remedy for all  
diseases of the blood, and  
for all diseases of the  
lungs, and for all diseases  
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normal state. It is a  
valuable remedy for all  
diseases of the blood, and  
for all diseases of the  
lungs, and for all diseases  
of the stomach and bowels.

### Beautiful your Complexion.

Do not use paint or powder, but get a more  
permanent beauty by purifying your blood.  
This preparation of iron and tar, which  
makes a more effective tonic than any other,  
restores the system to its normal state.  
It is a valuable remedy for all diseases  
of the blood, and for all diseases of the  
lungs, and for all diseases of the  
stomach and bowels.

### LYON'S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESEN-  
VES the COLOR, and increases the  
Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON was  
first prepared by Dr. J. M. Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College.  
The name is derived from the Greek "Kathairon," meaning  
"to cleanse," and "Kathairon" is a specific in all cases of  
dandruff, itching, or any other disease of the scalp. It is a  
valuable remedy for all diseases of the scalp, and for all  
diseases of the hair. It is a powerful tonic, and restores the  
system to its normal state. It is a valuable remedy for all  
diseases of the blood, and for all diseases of the lungs, and  
for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

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## NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET. C. C. LANGDON & CO., Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists

### NO. 11 NORTH ROYAL STREET.

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL & HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS,  
Flower Pots, Rustic and Terra Cotta Ware, Hanging Baskets, Trellises, Native Fruits and  
Wine, etc., etc. Have just received the following articles, which will be found at their  
store No 14 North Royal street, (next to the Battle House.) Gatekeepers Improved Flat  
Dutch Cabbage, Gregory's Mammoth Marbled Cabbage, Landreth's large late Drum-  
head Cabbage, Gregory's premium Flat Dutch Cabbage, Landreth's large late Flat Dutch  
Cabbage. Families, Hotels, Carriers, Cultivators, Celery, Lettuce, Parsley and other seeds  
for Fall Planting. Agents for the celebrated Dubois Planted Ribbed Cotton Gin.  
A Forty Saw Gin of this Patent Guaranteed to equal in execution a fifty-five saw Gin of  
any other Patent. Since now in store, 20-25-30-35-40-45-50 Saws. They are now receiv-  
ing and have in store a full supply of the following Seeds: Blue Grass, Orchard Grass,  
Red Top, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Lucerne Hungarian Grass,  
Miller, Hemp, Buckwheat, Georgia Red May Wheat, White Wheat, Western Rye, South-  
ern Rye, Rye Grass, Seed Rye, Barley, and all other Popular Grasses. 200 bushels  
Red Rust-Proof Oats. Sole agents for the Langdon Fertilizer. 100 Tons Cotton Seed  
Meal at low figures. They also call the attention of Farmers, Gardeners, and Packers to  
samples of the celebrated Moline and Excelsior Plows, and to Holford & Co's (hand seed  
Drills, Hand Cultivators and Hand Double Wheel Hoes, the latter implements are indispen-  
sable for Amateur and Market Gardeners. No simple light that children and ladies can  
use them. A full assortment of Cast Steel and other Hoes for field and garden. Will have  
in store in a few days a large lot of Red Onion Sets, Silverskin Onion Sets, and Button  
Onions, direct from the growers.

**THE RURAL ALABAMIAN**, a Southern Magazine of Progressive Agriculture  
and Improved Industry. Published Monthly at \$2 per Year.  
10 copies.....\$1 00 50 copies.....\$5 00  
20 copies.....\$2 00 100 copies.....\$10 00  
Sent invariably in advance. Send for specimen copy. Published by  
C. C. LANGDON & CO.,  
No 14 North Royal Street, Mobile, Ala.

## W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER, Grocers and Produce Merchants, Jacksonville, Ala.

Has now in store Sugar, Coffee,  
Rice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Ba-  
con, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Ci-  
gars and everything kept in a  
first class Grocery Store.  
-Would respectfully solicit a lib-  
eral share of patronage. Come  
and see.

## R. B. SIMMS, DEALER IN PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CROSS PLAINS, Ala.

CONSISTING IN PART OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:  
Drugs and Medicines, Popular Patent Medicines,  
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Tobacco and Cigars,  
Turpentine, Oil Cans, Pens, Ink, Paper, Envelopes,  
Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, Trusses,  
Lamps and Fixtures. &c., &c., &c.

A full assortment of **POLYMER ARTICLES**.  
Physicians Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.  
Prices guaranteed as low as any in the Cherokee country of Ala-  
bama and Georgia. *Call and see.*  
Cross Plains, Ala. July 19th, 1873.—5m.

## HENRY A. SMITH, 113 Broad Street, Rome, Ga. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

## BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps always on hand a large stock

## School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note, Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,  
ENVELOPES, PENCILS, MEMORANDUMS,  
PENS, PORTFOLIOS,  
INKS, SLATES,  
DESKS,  
Engravings, Photographs, Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,  
Photograph Albums, Chromes, Square and Oval Picture Frames,  
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Mounting, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and  
Tassels, Silver Mark, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian,  
German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class  
manufactures, at a liberal discount from manufacturers' prices. Also, SECOND  
HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value  
for those taken in exchange.  
Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.  
April 1872.—td.

## HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATHS

No. 9 Marietta Street, ATLANTA, GA.

DEALERS IN  
RANGES, STOVES, FURNACES and Grates. Steel and Marbleized Iron  
Mantles, Trunks, Trimmings, Steam and Gas Fittings. Steam Whistles,  
Gauges, Globe Valves, and Oil Cans.

## WROUGHT IRON PIPE FOR Steam, Gas and Water.

Lift and Force Pumps, Rubber Hose, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Sheet Lead, Cop-  
per, Zinc, &c.  
The Largest Assortment of Gas Fixtures in the South, consisting of

Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets, Hall Lights,  
Portable Lights, Etc.,

And a Superior Supply of Plumbers' Brass Goods, Wash Basins, Marble Slabs,  
Water Closets, etc., kept constantly on hand. Also,

Practical Plumbers Steam and Gas Fitters and  
Manufacturers

of the Celebrated Concrete Sewer Pipe, from four to twenty-eight inches diameter.  
THE MANUFACTURE of Galvanized Sheet Iron Cornice, Window Caps,  
Door Hinges, &c., made a specialty.  
Contractors for Tin and Iron Roofing.  
Agents for Knowles' Steam Pump.

## BUY HUNNICUTT AND BELLINGRATHS' COLUMBIA COOK STOVES.

THE VERY BEST BAKING STOVE IN THE MARKET.  
March 15, 1873.—ly.



## For over FORTY YEARS this Purely Vegetable.

LIVER MEDICINE has proved to be the  
GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC  
for LIVER COMPLAINT and its painful  
spring, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION,  
Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEAD-  
ACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SORE  
STOMACH, Heartburn, CHILLS and FE-  
VER, &c., &c.

After years of careful experiments, to meet  
a great and urgent demand, we now produce  
from our original *Genuine Powder*

**THE PREPARED.**  
A Liquid form of SIMMONS' LIVER REG-  
ULATOR, containing all its wonderful and  
valuable properties, and offer it in

**ONE DOLLAR BOTTLES.**  
The Powders, (price as before) \$1.00 per  
package. Sent by mail, \$1.01.

**BEWARE!**  
Beware of cheap imitations. SIM-



# Jacksonville Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 37.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., AUGUST 30, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 1898.

## Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, \$2.00

For six months in advance, \$1.00

For three months in advance, \$0.50

For one month in advance, \$0.10

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## CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,

J. N. HOON,

J. N. HOON, Prop'r.

June 18—19.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Jacksonville, Ala.

All work executed in the most durable and scientific manner.

Charges very moderate.

Jan. 25, 1873—19.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MARKET YET, THIS FALL, but he still manages to keep the old Wooden Store

53 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia,

Comfortably filled with GOODS in his line.

Thankful for the Liberal patronage extended him during the past season, he invites a continuance of the same, promising his best efforts to please.

Cell and see those beautiful Chromos, the COMPANIONS and the ACCIDENT.

Oct. 2—19.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS fine Gold Jewelry for Ladies and Gentlemen, and fine time-keeping

Watches.

Both Gold and Silver. Also, Gold and Silver CHAINS for Ladies and Gentlemen. Gold Pens, Spectacles and Silver Trunk Knives, as a specialty. Also fine Atlanta Ware for the Table—Cups, Glasses, Spoons, Forks and Knives. A good assortment of Marine Lever Family Clocks and table pieces.

P. S. WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner, and every material kept on hand for repair with dispatch.

Jan. 11, 1873—19.

J. J. COLEMAN,

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturers' prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Bolting, &c.

Dec. 30, 71—19.

Furniture! Furniture!!

Encourage Home

INDUSTRY.

I would respectfully announce to the public that I have now on hand and for sale, of my own manufacture, a large lot of all kinds of Furniture, including

Bedsteads

of the best quality and make.

Bureaus, Tables, Washstands, &c.

My friends will find me at my old stand making good and substantial work, which will dispose of at most reasonable and low prices.

I will also have, in a very short time an extensive supply of

CHAIRS.

Such as

Parlor, Rocking, Children and Dining-Room Chairs.

In addition to the Stock of Furniture of my own make, I keep constantly on hand a large lot of

Metallic and wood Burial

CASES,

of all sizes. I can furnish the wood case with glass front much finer looking and better for a less price than the latter can be made in the country. The wood cases that I sell cannot, without close inspection, be told from the Metallic burial cases.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD.

Dec. 25—72.

Brick Work & Plastering.

The undersigned is prepared to execute in the neatest, most durable and workmanlike style, every description of Brick work and Plastering. Any work or design such work can apply in person or address

E. B. JONES, Oxford, Ala.

Aug. 9, 1873—Gm.

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala.

TO BECOME A GREAT

Educational Centre!

On Monday Sept. 1st, 1873,

WILL BE OPENED BY THE UNDERSIGNED,

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

As a Polytechnic School of high grade for Young Men,

AND THE JACKSONVILLE

FEMALE ACADEMY

For Young Ladies.

Two fine Schools under one administration—offering all the advantages, and escaping the risks of the mixed school system.

RATES.

Primary Classes \$3.00 per month.

Academic " 5.00 " "

Practical " 8.00 " "

Musical Department, under the charge of Prof. S. P. Skow.

Board in the best families of Jacksonville, at from \$15.00 to \$20.00 per month.

SAMUEL LOCKETT,

C. WOODWARD HUTTON,

JNO. P. McALEEY.

July 19, 1873—3m.

University of Louisville,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Cor. Eighth & Chestnut Sts.

Louisville, : : : Kentucky.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Faculty.—G. W. Bayless, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.

J. M. Bondie, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.

L. P. Vandell, Jr., M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.

E. R. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Histology.

T. S. Bell, M. D., Professor of Science and Practice of Medicine and Public Hygiene.

John E. Crowe, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Dis. of Women and Children.

J. W. Holland, M. D., Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology.

E. R. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.

R. W. Cowley, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Fees.—Professors' Tickets, in full, \$50.00; Demonstrators' Tickets, \$25.00; Graduation Fee, \$25.00; Hospital Ticket (required by the city) \$5.00. The regular session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue till the 1st of March. A preliminary course of lectures, free to all students, will commence on the second Monday in September, and continue till the 1st of October.

J. M. Bondie, M. D., Dean of Faculty.

J. M. Bondie, M. D., Sec'y of Faculty.

July 19, 1873—19.

CANE CREEK ACADEMY.

The next term of this Institution will begin MONDAY the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1873.

FACULTY.

JOHN J. HUFF, A. B., Principal.

Wm. H. SLACK, First Assistant.

Miss SUE C. CANLOCK, 2d

Tuition.

1st Class, \$5.00 per session of 5 months.

2d " 4.00 " "

3d " 3.00 " "

4th " 2.00 " "

Contingent fee 50 cents.

Course of study equal to that pursued in our first class Colleges.

A well equipped boarding house on the ground. Rates of board \$2.00 per week.

Discipline mild but positive.

A department of Music will be added.

For further particulars, address the Principal, Can Creek, 12, Tenn.

July 5, 1873—24.

Tusculossa Female

COLLEGE.

Rev. B. F. LARRABEE, M. A., Proprietor.

Term: This session will begin on Wednesday the 1st day of October.

Parents wishing to send their daughters off to a boarding school, will find this the most perfectly equipped establishment of the kind in the South.

It being the largest boarding school for young ladies in the State of Alabama, we are able to reduce our rates very low.

The Faculty is large, the course of study thorough, the Music and Art Schools of the highest order, and the Gymnasium superior to anything of the kind in this section. The Boarding Department is elegantly fitted up, and every room handsomely furnished and carpeted. The young ladies are under the motherly care of experienced Matrons.

Tusculossa Ala. July 23, 1873—2m.

University of Alabama.

THE next session will begin on the 1st of OCTOBER. The Faculty, consisting of Normal and Law Departments, are in successful operation. The University offers superior advantages in healthfulness of location, excellence of discipline, and thoroughness of instruction.

For further information, send for Catalogue, or address

N. T. LIPTON, President.

Tusculossa, Ala., July 23, 1873—3d.

## NEW AND OLD.

New little feet

Patter on the floor;

New little faces

Peep through the door;—

New little souls

Have entered into life;

New little voices

Speak in lower strife.

New little fingers

Tightly clasp our own;

New little tenders

Round our hearts have grown.

Still the old voices

Echo in our ear,

And the old faces

Hallowed are and dear;

Still the old eyes

Look on us here.

How a Paper is Made.

A PARODY.

"Pray, how is a newspaper made?"

The question is easy to ask.

But to answer it fully, my dear,

Were rather a difficult task;

And yet in a bantering way.

As the whippersnapper sings in the glade,

I'll venture a bit of a lay

To tell how a newspaper is made.

An editor sits at a desk,

And ponders the thoughts that appear

To be claiming the thoughts of the world;

Things solemn and comic and queer—

And when he has hit on a theme

He goes to the printer to ramble.

He writes, and he writes, and he writes,

And that's how a paper is made.

An editor sits at his desk,

And puzzles his brain to make out

Telegraphic squabbles and mixed.

It is hard to tell what it's about.

Exchanges are lying around—

While waiting dispatches delayed,

He clips, and he clips, and he clips,

And that's how a paper is made.

An editor out in the town,

In search of the things that are new—

The things that people are talking about.

The things they are intending to do—

Goings on and prying about,

For it's of many a grade;

He tramps, and he tramps, and he tramps,

And that's how a paper is made.

And all that's how a paper is made.

Of every conceivable stripe,

Is sent to the printer, and he

Proceeds to stick in type.

He has all the things he will,

In show moving columns parade—

He sticks, and he sticks, and he sticks,

And that's how a paper is made.

In short, when the type is all set,

And errors cleared up, more or less,

'Tis "locked in a form" as we say,

And hurried away to the press.

The pressman arranges his sheets,

His inks give the requisite shade,

Then prints, and he prints, and he prints,

And that's how a paper is made.

Troubles with Mexico.

The Galveston News of Saturday publishes a dispatch from Matamoros, reporting that the Mexican guerrilla chief Garza, was contemplating a foray into Texas. The News says editorially:

We expect to have stirring news before long from the border. Mexico is quite concentrating troops there, and no real effort is made by her authorities to suppress the raids of her armed bandits into Texas. The raiders have been driven out time and again, but they reappear with perfect impunity, as the Mexican authorities wink at their acts. The Mexicans, moreover, are assuredly assuming an insolent tone, and boast that they are now more united and in better condition to fight than



# Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.  
SATURDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1873.

## The Granges.

We have been asked why we do not advocate the formation of Granges in this county. We answer, because we do not know enough about them. From what we hear and read of them, (fearing some resolutions of the Grangers of the far Northwest, touching the grant of the public lands to the Yankee soldiers for their fight against the Confederacy,) we incline toward the Grangers and sympathize with the objects of their organization; but in these days of public degeneracy and trickery,

"Things are not what they seem," and lest there may be a "cat in the meat tub," we have deemed it best to wait until the objects and designs of the organization were more fully developed by the light of elections in the Northwest, where they most abound, before we urged it upon our readers or advised them to go into it.

Nothing can be lost by waiting, while we all may regret it if we are in great hurry. If it is a good thing, it will last long enough to give us all time to join it. If it goes to pieces before we have had a chance to get into it, then it was well that we all kept out of it. We know some of the editors of papers and public speakers who advocate the formation of Granges, and know them to be good men. We do not question their motives. They may have had a further insight into the matter than we have been able to get. We have read diligently everything under the head of Granges, and have seen many things both for and against, and amid the conflict of statements, have been unable to reach any safe conclusion. Besides, being a newspaper man, we are skeptical in a large degree concerning things we see in print. We do not believe all we read by a long shot. If such were the case, we would be for the Grangers to-day and against them to-morrow.

We prefer, therefore, to make up our estimate of the order from its fruits in the States in which it has taken deepest root, and after hearing fully the speeches of the men deputized to spread it throughout the country. Gen. Law, we learn by a letter of his to a most worthy citizen of our county, will be here soon. Due and timely notice of his appointments will be given through the papers of the county. We hope he may be able to demonstrate that a thorough organization in this State will redound in a large degree to the prosperity of the farming interests, & that the effect of such organization will not be to destroy the present compact and well organized Democratic party, which, if let alone, will carry the State next year, and give the farmers the legislation they want and the legislation they are entitled to by reason of their numbers and importance in the Democratic party as at present composed.

In another column we publish an interesting account of the biggest Indian fight had for a long time. This Indian war and the fate of the Modoc tribe, suggests the thought that there is but one of two courses open to the Government on the Indian question, and that is either a policy of extermination, the more merciful the sooner accomplished, or the extermination of the infamous pale faced traders and so-called Indian Agents who go or are sent among them to maltreat, rob and swindle them beyond the point of endurance. We of the South have had something to do with these characters and can appreciate the causes that lead the Indians to blindly take up arms against a power they cannot cope with, in the hope of ending their troubles. The charge of the native savagery and treachery of the Indian would come with better grace from the Government and Government officials, if that Government set him a better example in its dealing with the South. The carpet-bagger is even now at work in the Indian Nation, scheming through the force of elections to possess himself of the rich lands of the tribes composing that Nation, in the face of the most solemn treaties. It would shame him in the face of the Nations to take by force what he covets, so he proceeds to steal it. Once dispossessed of their treaty rights the more cultivated and peaceable Indians of the Nation will be like his ruler brother of the inhospitable plains of the West, shoved out of existence at the point of the bayonet—become himself as it were a target for practice of the regulars, his country a higher West Point, in which officers receive the finishing touches of a military education.

All signs point to the extermination of the Indian. Well, "if it were done, it well that it were done quickly."

The Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Auburn, Alabama, have adopted a resolution providing that one student from each county in the State be furnished with board, tuition, text books, uniforms and surgeon's fee, on condition that he pay on entrance into the College one hundred dollars and the same sum each year thereafter—making four hundred dollars for the entire course; and that he enter a written pledge that he intends to follow agriculture as a pursuit, and remain with the College until he has completed at least the Agricultural course. If at any time before the completion of the course, he shall leave the College without consent of the Faculty or be expelled, he shall pay the full amount expended by the College, not to exceed one hundred and fifty dollars, per annum in addition to that paid on entrance.

The Oxford *Intelligencer* has been enlarged to double its former size and presents quite a metropolitan appearance. Three fourths of the paper is printed at Nashville, however, on the modern patented system originating in Chicago. We have very serious objections to patent out-sides for various reasons and we are sustained in those objections by the Alabama Press Association. After trial, we are convinced that our friends of the *Intelligencer* will discard the patent outside and return to the good old plan of doing all the work at home; in which event we hope their business may justify them in keeping the paper at the present size. We said we had serious objections to the patent out-side or inside system, and it is but due the *Intelligencer* we should mention at least some of them. The first and most serious is, that the publisher who uses them has not the selection of the news and miscellaneous matter that goes to make up the great body of his paper. A publisher being responsible before the community and before God for what goes in his paper each week, of course surrenders a valuable privilege when he gives the work of selecting for his paper into the hands of strangers—men not even identified in sentiment or interest with his readers. Another objection is, that a publisher who uses them has to carry four or five columns of advertisements that bring him no money, but put money into the pockets of foreigners. A paper like a Cotton Factory, ought to bring more money into the country than it sends out. A patent out-side never can do this as long as men in Nashville or Chicago are getting pay for half the advertisements that go into its columns and those all foreign advertisements which should bring money into the country, while the publisher only gets pay for the home advertisements that find their way into the columns of his paper.

Several publishers that have tried the patent plan in this State have abandoned it and gone back to the good old way, and we hope soon to be able to record that our Oxford neighbor has done likewise.

Several papers of the State have already indicated their favorites for Governor, and the names of many distinguished men have been offered in that connection.

We may take a wrong view of the matter, but we believe that, instead of subserving a man's interest, it really injures his chances of election to be brought out so soon. Why? Because it at once presents him to all other aspirants, both secret and public, as an object that it would be well to get out of the way, and when the State Convention comes, he finds, at the outset, unexpected organized opposition. Hence, if we have had a favorite, we have neither suggested any one, nor discussed the merits or chances of those who have been presented at this early day by well meaning but mistaken friends.

The Good Templars' Entertainment at Oxford, is announced as having come off very satisfactorily.

The Choctaw Farmers' Club will hold a meeting in Oxford, on Thursday before the first full moon in September.

The cotton factory in Oxford is not progressing so finely as might be desired. The same may be said of the one in contemplation at or near Jacksonville.

The Tournament at Oxford last Friday week was a very pleasant affair. Sam Borders won the crown and bestowed it on Miss Jennie Shropshire, known and beloved here.

The Farmers' Basket dinner at Cold Water, Thursday week was a very pleasant affair. About 200 men and women present. About fifty initiated into the club.

We deeply regret to learn of the death of Miss Theodosia Renfro, the accomplished and lovely daughter of Rev. J. D. Renfro, the beloved pastor of the Baptist churches at Talladega and this place. She died at her home in Talladega, after a lingering illness.

DROUGHT IN MISSISSIPPI.—By a private letter from St. Joseph Mo. dated 15th inst., we are sorry to learn that a very severe drought is prevailing in that section. No rain since the 4th of July, gardens parched up, and corn crop almost total failure. The fruit crop is also a failure.

The Re-union of the Sixteenth Alabama Regiment, at Courtland, on the 15th inst., from all accounts, was a most pleasant affair. About one hundred of the Regiment were present and many of their friends. Speeches were made by Col. W. B. Wood, Lieut. Jas. W. Harris, Gen. E. A. O'Neal, Ex-Gov. R. B. Lindsay, Hon. Jas. S. Black, and perhaps others.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.—It will be seen by reference to the prospectus of this able, interesting and sterling Democratic paper, that its Proprietors now make the liberal offer of furnishing it for fifteen months at the advance price for one year; and to Clubs of fifteen at still lower rates. All persons who wish to be thoroughly posted, and do effective work in the great campaign of 1874, should avail themselves of this opportunity.

It is thought that Victor Hugo's forthcoming poem, "Satan," will be a devilish good thing.

"Honesty is the best policy," must have been said by some one who had tried the alternative.

Ex-United States Senator James R. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, is to edit a new paper in Chicago.

Notwithstanding all they say against it, there is not an editor in the State who would refuse to accept "back pay" from subscribers.

## BIG INDIAN FIGHT.

MUSKIE SNAKE RIVER, Aug. 25.  
Via Ft. Benton, Montana, Aug. 25.

The abundant preparations which the Yellow Stone expedition made for the reception of the Indians have been fully justified. August 4th Gen. Custer with his Cavalry and a squadron of Cavalry had been detailed by Gen. Stanley to go on several miles in advance of the wagon train and look up the road. Having gone about ten miles ahead they halted, picked out a place for the train. Two hours after the Indians appeared on the plain and made demonstrations towards the camp. A dismounted line of skirmishers was thrown out and the horses snatched when the Indians were only driven off. They moved to be the decoy of a large party in the neighboring wood waiting in ambush for the cavalry.—Finding the ruse fail the Indians to the number of three hundred boldly rode out and advanced on the grove occupied by the cavalry. Gen. Custer had only one squadron of 80 men under his command. Capt. Magleman again formed a skirmish line and the Indians formed a line in a semi-circle around the cavalry who had the river at their backs. A hard firing was kept up at a distance of 400 yards. Gen. Custer ordered charging, hoping the main command would soon come up and assist in capturing the Indians. After three hours fight his ammunition gave out. He then charged and the Indians who were steadily killed, the man and a horse severely wounded, formed the extent of "justice's loss."

While the fight was going on, several Indians left the party in search of stragglers from the train. Coming up with the Honisger, veterinary surgeon, and Mr. Babin, cavalry soldier, who were less than a mile from the column, they killed them and took their clothes and valuables. Private John Ball, of the cavalry, while out hunting, met a similar fate. In this fight two Indians were killed and several wounded. They also lost several ponies. Gen. Stanley directed Gen. Custer to take the cavalry, numbering 450 men, and follow trail, and if possible overtake and punish the Indians. Gen. Custer left on the night of the 8th.

On the morning of Aug. 11th, at daylight, he was attacked by about 800 Indians, who came down to the river and fired on him. The firing was continued for two or three hours, both parties using trees as a cover. A party of 200 Indians then crossed the river above and below the camp, endeavoring to gain the bluffs in rear. The men were dismounted and posted on the bluffs and received the enemy's fire. The Indians beyond the ridges kept up a cannonading until Custer ordered a charge. The men then mounted and pursued them hotly for eight miles. Just at this time a train came up and opened on the Indians across the river with artillery. A few shots dispersed them and ended the fight.

This battle, which took place within two miles of the Big Horn, was fierce one. Gen. Custer and Adjutant Ketchikan had their horses shot under them. Lieutenant Brad was badly shot in the thigh, private Ruthe, General Custer's orderly, was killed, & 20 soldiers slightly wounded; four horses were killed and three wounded. Indians loss is estimated at 100. Custer at 40 killed & wounded. Indians were well armed with heavy rifles and had abundant ammunition.

## That Daubury Husband in Trouble Again.

When a woman puts three mackerel to soak overnight in a dish-pan, whose sides are eight inches high, and leaves the pan on a stove, she has accomplished her mission and should go hence. This was what a Division street woman did Friday night. Filled the pan at the pump, and then left it standing on the steps to the stoop, while she went into the next house to see how many buttons would be required to go down the front of a riding coat. A mighty important affair that was, to be sure. And there was her husband tearing through the house in search of a handkerchief, and not finding it, of course. And then he rushed out into the yard, wondering where on earth that woman could be, and started down the steps without seeing the pan, or even dreaming that any one could be so idiotic as to leave it there. Of course he stepped on it; or, at least, that is the supposition, as the neighbors who were brought out by the crash that followed saw a horrified man and a high dish pan and three very de-moralized mackerel shooting across the garden and smashing down the shrubbery. And he was a nice sight, that unhappy man, when he lay on his back, his feet under a tree, and his head on the ground. There wasn't a dry thread on him, and his hair was full of bits of mackerel, and one of his shoulders was out of joint, and his coat was split the whole length of the back, and he appeared to be out of his head. He was carried into the house by some of the men, and laid on a bed, while others went after a doctor, and sixteen women assembled in the front room, and talked in whispers about the inscrutable ways of Providence, and what a warning it was to people who never looked where they were going.—*Daubury News.*

## A Tribute of Respect.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Aug. 26, 1873.

Under the name of *THE REPUBLICAN*, our sister ELIZA LAMM has been removed from our Lodge. Though our hearts are filled with sorrow, and the tear of bereavement mingles with our joy, yet a voice whispers, musing not for her pure spirit has wings of light to the celestial realms of peace and joy; there to wait brighter and brighter until she meets the angels of the heavenly host, and shines in the ranks of the redeemed. We miss sister ELIZA much; her winning smile of gentle affection; her loving face is gone forever; yet our loss is her eternal gain, for she now moves among the righteous, where the dark death angel can never enter, where the dark death angel can never enter, where the dark death angel can never enter.

We miss sister ELIZA much; her winning smile of gentle affection; her loving face is gone forever; yet our loss is her eternal gain, for she now moves among the righteous, where the dark death angel can never enter, where the dark death angel can never enter, where the dark death angel can never enter.

Respectfully discharging this tribute to the adoption of the Lodge, and wishing that it may be spread upon the minutes, published in the *Republican*, and a copy furnished the family of the deceased sister.

We are in Faith, Hope and Charity,  
Yours truly,  
MISS LUCY FRANCIS,  
JOSEPH DRAPER,  
Committee.

## List of Claims.

THE following is a list of Claims allowed at the August Term of the court of county Commissioners, and also of the Board of Equalization, held on the 3rd Monday of August, 1873, to-wit:

Claim in favor of M. A. Parker, for use of Geo. Arnold, as part pay for services as keeper of the poor from 1st May to 31st July, 1873. \$15 00

Claim in favor of M. A. Parker, for use of C. B. Sisson, as part pay for keeping the paupers of said county, from 1st May to 31st July, 1873. \$56 00

Claim in favor of M. A. Parker, for use of J. B. Heem, as part pay for keeping the paupers of said county, from 1st May to 31st July, 1873. \$28 35

Claim in favor of M. A. Parker, for use of J. B. Heem, as part pay for keeping the paupers of said county, from 1st May to 31st July, 1873. \$110 65

Claim in favor of C. P. Read, Sheriff, for his ex-officio services, from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$62 50

Claim in favor of C. P. Read, Sheriff, for his road services from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$22 50

Claim in favor of Alex'r Woods, Judge of Probate, for his ex-officio services, from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$62 50

Claim in favor of Alex'r Woods, Judge of Probate, for his services in Road matters from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$22 50

Claim in favor of Alex'r Woods, Judge of Probate, for his services in Road matters from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$15 00

Claim in favor of W. P. Crook, C't Clerk, for his ex-officio services, from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$50 00

Claim in favor of W. P. Crook, C't Clerk, for his ex-officio services, from 1st April to 30th June, 1873. \$15 60

Claim in favor of W. C. Martin for rebuilding the bridge across Cane Creek at Adershold mills, \$125 00

Claim in favor of A. T. Martin for building bridge across Choctawhatchee creek near C. M. Martin's, \$226 00

Claim in favor of J. C. Bales for lumber and nails furnished by him for a bridge over a ditch on public road, \$5 50

Claim in favor of D. P. Forney, as Special Coroner, for holding inquest over the dead body of Archy Ormsted, \$8 75

Claim in favor of J. F. & L. W. Grant, for printing done for Calhoun county, \$148 00

Claim in favor of J. F. & L. W. Grant, for stationery for Clerk and Sheriff, \$6 00

Claim in favor of Robert Riley, for washing done for prisoners, \$14 00

Claim in favor of G. W. Wilson for use of Carroll & McCain for repairs in brick work and plastering on court house of said county, \$100 00

Claim in favor of Dr. J. D. Arnold for his services, extracting teeth for prisoners confined in jail, \$2 00

Claim in favor of Alex'r Woods, for his services three days, as a member of the court of county Commissioners, \$12 00

Claim in favor of J. Y. Henderson for his services three days as a member of the court of county Commissioners, \$9 00

Claim in favor of C. W. Brewton for his services three days as a member of the court of county Commissioners, \$9 00

Claim in favor of Joseph Borden for his services two days as a member of the court of county Commissioners, 6 00

Claim in favor of A. M. Stewart, for his services two days as a member of the court of Co. Commissioners, \$6 00

Claim in favor of Ned Wyly, for 4 bu. lime, furnished for use of jail, 1 20

Claim in favor of C. B. Lester for making coffin for Wash. Weaver, a pauper, 5 00

Claim in favor of N. J. Ross, William M. Hughes and J. F. Davis, as an appropriation to build a bridge at the Malloy old mills, 300 00

Claim in favor of W. N. Cunningham, D. D. Draper and H. Snew, as an appropriation to build a bridge across Choctawhatchee creek present Browline bridge now stands, 400 00

Claim in favor of Whise-cant & Driskell for well bucket for Jail lot, 1 00

Claim in favor of M. M. Mauck for furnishing paints & painting the entire out side of the court-house, 460 00

Claim in favor of J. H. Hubbard, for wood work in repairing court-house, 100 00

Claim in favor of Shade Nabors for making coffin for Harriet Jones, a pauper, 5 00

Claim in favor of W. P. Crook, C't Clerk, to be paid as provided by sec'n 4438, revised code of Ala. out of fine & forfeiture fund, 47 40

Claim in favor of C. P. Read, Shff., to be paid as provided by sec. 4438, revised code Ala., out of fine and forfeiture fund, 94 00

Claim in favor of J. Y. Henderson, for his services 3 days, as a member of the Board of Equalization, & c't of County Commissioners, 9 00

Claim in favor of C. W. Brewton, for his services 3 days as a member of the Board of Equalization, and Court of County Commissioners, 9 00

Claim in favor of A. M. Stewart, for his services 3 days as a member of the Board of Equalization, and Court of County Commissioners, 9 00

Claim in favor of W. C. Martin for his services 3 days as a member of the Board of Equalization, and Court of County Commissioners, 9 00

Claim in favor of W. P. Crook for his services one day as a member of Board of Equalization, 3 00

Claim in favor of Henry Fitz, for his services one day as a member of Board of Equalization, 3 00

Claim in favor of Alex'r Woods, for his services four days as chairman of Board of Equalization, 12 00

Claim in favor of Joseph Borden, for his services two days, in contracting for the rebuilding of a bridge across the Choctawhatchee creek near C. M. Martin's, 6 00

STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.

I, Alexander Woods, Judge of the Probate Court in and for said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing contains a true list of all the claims allowed at the August Term of the Court of County Commissioners, 1873, as appears of record in my office.

Given under my hand this 25th day of August, 1873.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

BARGAIN, A BARGAIN.

I will sell a bargain in my large two story STONE HOUSE and DWELLING attached, near northwest corner of the public square in Jacksonville, known as the Kahn & Pfeil property.

For particulars enquire of Wm. C. Land, or myself in Atlanta, Ga.

JOSEPH FLEISHL.

August 30, 1873.—2m.

\$5 to \$20 per day! Agents of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or at the time, than at anything else. Particulars free, address G. Sisson & Co., Portland, Maine.

## T. L. & E. G. Robertson, Druggists and Apothecaries, OXFORD, ALA.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, together with a great variety of STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES. Also PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY &c.

GIVE us a call in person or by order. We guarantee Satisfaction. Physicians supplied at a very short advance on New York Prices.

June 20—11.

## JUST IN MARKET.



We are now receiving the heaviest stock of Fall **BOOTS & SHOES** ever had. These Goods were bought low, and will be sold low. We guarantee to duplicate any New York or Boston bill. Merchants will do well to call on us. Heavy Kip Boots at \$30. Brogans 1 double sole, 55 to 170. Women leather line ankle sole Boots, 1 00—every thing in proportion.

Aug. 16, 1873. M. P. GOVAN & CO., Rome, Ga.

## EXTRA OFFER. 2nd & ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION

THE CHROMO "CUTE" ELEGANTLY FRAMED AND A SHARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF \$750 PREMIUMS AMOUNTING TO \$41,600.

GIVEN AWAY TO every subscriber to that Popular Weekly

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND

Chromos are delivered at once. The distribution will positively take place on the TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGUST, 1873. OUR CHROMO "CUTE" is 16 x 20 inches in size, acknowledged to be the finest and handsomest picture ever given with any paper.

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND is an eight page illustrated family and story weekly in its third volume. It now contains SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS, and rapidly increasing, which insures the success of the present distribution. The publishers of our Fireside Friend have sent to its subscribers this year over SEVENTY THOUSAND copies of the chromo "Cute," and are shipping hundreds every day. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, which gives the subscribers FIFTY-TWO numbers of the best Family Weekly, the chromo "CUTE" finely framed, and a numbered CERTIFICATE entitling the holder to one share in the distribution of premiums for 1873. SUBSCRIBE now with the agent or send direct to the Publisher. SPECIMEN copies, particulars, etc., sent free.

AGENTS WANTED

In every town at home or traveling. Large liberal premiums for getting up clubs. The best outfit. Send at once for Terms and particulars. Address WATERS & CO., Publishers, Chicago.

## NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY.

That he has opened the Stables formerly known as the Private Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO RIDE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies and Horses at the following schedule of prices: Two-horse hack and driver per day \$6.00 Two-horse wagon and driver per day \$5.00 Buggy and horse " \$4.00 Single buggy " \$2.00 Single horse " \$2.00 He will also feed and take care of stock, charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms, cash only. RICHARD WEAVER.

## THE FAIR!

—The— Agricultural and Mechanical Fair Association

Of the Cherokee County of Georgia and Alabama are now ready to sell their tickets of Admission. The Exhibition will begin on the Eighth day of September, and continue through the week.

Holders of tickets will be entitled to a chance in the following Gifts in addition to one day's admission to the Fair.

1 Grand Rosewood Piano, \$650 00  
1 Parlor Organ, five stops, 200 00  
1 Silver Tea Set, six pieces, 100 00  
1 Cash Gift in Gold Coin, 100 00  
2 Cash Gifts in Cur'cy, \$50 each, 100 00  
5 Cash Gifts in Cur'cy, \$25 each, 125 00  
10 Cash Gifts in Cur'cy, \$10 each, 100 00  
20 Cash Gifts in Cur'cy, \$5 each, 100 00  
175 Cash Gifts in Cur'cy, \$1 each, 100 00  
216 Gifts, amounting to \$1,650 00

Price of Tickets 50 Cents.

For Tickets and information, apply to THOMAS J. PERRY, Secretary, Rome, Ga.

Aug. 16/73.

A. W. LEDBETTER,

ALABAMA, WITH JEHIAL READ, NATHANIEL NORTON

Jehial Read & Co.

Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read, MANUF' & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FUR and WOOL HATS, Straw Goods Umbrellas &c

No. 408 Broadway, Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co. NEW-YORK.

Pianos and Organs of "CHICKERING," "WEBBER," "Wm. A. Pond & Co.," "Waters" and other celebrated makers, for cash or on installment. Send for catalogue to T. E. HANBURY, Gen'l Ag't, Box 127, Dalton, Ga.

May 31—2c.

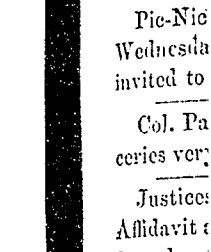
## Be...

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Price of Tickets 50 Cents.



# Republican

## LOCAL.

**S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.**  
37 Park Row, New York, 10 State st.,  
Boston, and 701 Chestnut st., Philadel-  
phia, are Agents for the Jacksonville  
Republican in the above cities, and au-  
thorized to contract for advertising at  
our lowest rates.

Pic-Nic at George White's first  
Wednesday in Sept. Everybody  
invited to attend.

Col. Parr has a full line of Gro-  
ceries very cheap.

Justices Attachment Writs, with  
Affidavit attached, just printed and  
for sale at this office.

T. V. Findley, Ag't, offers some val-  
uable land for sale. For location and  
quality, see "wanted" column.

Col. Parr has a good young Cow  
and calf to sell—calf eight weeks  
old.

Tobacco.—Col. Parr has just received  
a new lot of Superior Chewing To-  
bacco, said by good judges to be superi-  
or to the "Calhoun" which has been a  
favorite in this market. Try it and judge  
for yourselves.

Col. Parr wants to buy 5000  
bundles of Fodder, 1000 bushels of  
new Corn, 10,000 lbs. Dry Hides,  
500 lbs fresh Butter, 200 dozen  
Eggs, 500 Chickens.

The new faculty have provided a  
perfectly new and fine piano for  
the use of music pupils at the  
Academy. This is commendable  
enterprises and augurs a liberal and  
successful management of the In-  
stitution.

Col. Parr has reduced his 200-  
000 feet of lumber to 50,000 feet  
and will give a bargain in the bal-  
ance to close out. Come quick or  
all will be gone.

Road Overseers are reminded  
that the law requires that they  
should put up mile-posts and sign-  
posts at the forks of public roads.  
Court is approaching and a neglect  
of this duty would subject them to  
prosecution. We are moved to say  
this much at the instance of our  
vigilant Solicitor, H. L. Stevenson,  
who delighteth in the prosecution  
of no one.

**Who is Triumphant?**  
VIENNA EXPOSITION,

A. SEMNER,  
415 South 5th St. St. Louis, Mo.  
Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing  
Machine Company awarded Grand  
Medal on Progress, grand Medal  
of Merit, and the only Sewing  
Machine Company recommended  
by the International Jury for the  
Grand Diploma of Honor.

J. O. Wood,  
Manager W. & W. Maf Co.  
Vienna Exposition.  
Parr & Seymour are the Agents  
for the above Machine for seven  
counties in this section of the State.  
Will give prompt attention to any  
and all orders. Office at Col. Parr's  
Store, Jacksonville, Alabama.

The Sunday School Celebration  
at Harmony Church has not been  
mentioned sooner in these columns  
for want of authentic information.  
It was a most successful and satis-  
factory affair indeed. It is estima-  
ted that at least twenty-five  
hundred people were present and  
six or seven hundred Sunday  
School children representing seven  
Sunday Schools.

At twelve o'clock the vast throng  
was invited to partake of a sumptu-  
ous pic-nic dinner, such only as  
the good people of that region can  
get up. Four excellent addresses  
were made during the day, and al-  
together it was a most pleasant  
day.

A great revival of religion has  
been going on in White Plains and  
has just closed. There were seven-  
ty-five or eighty conversions in all.  
Some nineteen were added to the  
M. E. Church and some fifty-two  
to the Baptist Church.

A revival meeting has also been  
in progress at Mt. Zion Church,  
Alexandria, with 19 conversions;  
as also one at Nancy's Creek, at  
which, when last heard from, there  
had been some ten or twelve con-  
versions. We hear of meetings in  
progress in other parts of the coun-  
ty but have not learned enough of  
them to warrant us in particulariz-  
ing. All of our exchanges bring  
us news of a wide spread revival of  
religion, not only over Alabama,  
but throughout the South.

We would be glad if our friends  
in the country would post us as to  
progress of meetings in their re-  
spective neighborhoods.

The conduct of the stock-running dogs  
of this town was simply outrageous last  
Thursday night. About midnight they  
tackled a yearling and soon threw him;  
and then commenced a din impossible to  
describe. The yearling bawled, the con-  
fined cattle in hearing howled pitiously in  
sympathy and the dogs barked and  
howled. Unable to sleep, the writer a-  
rose and, in company with him, walked  
near a quarter of a mile to where the  
dogs were worrying the animal. Just  
before we reached the ground, the noise  
ceased as if by magic. The scoundrel  
sheep-killing dogs had snuffed danger in  
the breeze and slunk away. The calf  
was badly damaged, and would have  
been killed. A reliable negro who came  
upon them and got a fair view, says the  
party was composed of one large white  
dog, one large black dog, and a fleet that  
had a chain or collar around its neck  
that rattled. The owners of these dogs  
would do the town a service by taking  
them out and killing them. The Coun-  
cil, in addition, should pass an ordinance  
instructing the Marshal to kill every dog  
found running at large at night.

There is conspicuous honesty in  
the management of our Post Office,  
under the management of Mr. W. T.  
Alexander, and his polite, affable  
and efficient clerk, James Farner.  
A few days ago a letter arrived at  
the office with scarcely an intelligible  
direction and no stamp. It was found  
to have ten dollars in its care concealed.  
A claimant was finally found in an old  
woman. We frequently receive money  
through the mails and many others  
about here have congratulated them-  
selves on the same thing. The whole  
mail service through this country seems  
to be in very healthy condition.

We are this year better prepared  
with fine book and colored paper,  
&c., to print Baptist Minutes in a  
satisfactory manner than ever be-  
fore, and at prices that cannot be  
obtained from any other printing  
establishment in the cities or else-  
where. Clerks of Associations are  
invited to call or correspond with  
us. We hope to do again this year  
the printing for all the Associa-  
tions that have heretofore favored  
us, as also many new Associations  
within reach of Jacksonville. Re-  
member that we have great facili-  
ties for the execution of this de-  
scription of work.

**ELECTRIC MAGAZINE.**—The Electric  
for September is on our table, and is  
embellished with an exceptionally fine  
like and finely engraved portrait of the  
late Chief Justice Chase.

Besides the editorial sketch of Mr.  
Chase, the contents are: Lectures on  
Mr. Darwin's Philosophy of Language,  
by Dr. M. Muller; Marriage in France;  
The Promises; The Planet Mars; Ven-  
eranda Spiritus; Too Soon; Daniel O'-  
Connell; Pekin; The Weather and the  
Sun; by Richard A. Proctor, F. R. S.;  
A Run to Vienna and Pesth; Manzoni;  
Paul Fenwick; and A Lost Art. The  
editorial departments deal with litera-  
ture, science and art, and form an en-  
tertaining and valuable feature of the mag-  
azine.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 108 Fal-  
ton Street, New York. Terms \$5 a year;  
two copies \$9. Single number 45 cents.

**Louisville Industrial Exposition.**

The second National Industrial Ex-  
position at Louisville, Ky., opens on the  
2nd of September next. In an invita-  
tion extended to the editors of this pa-  
per we learn that the Directors of the  
Exposition have perfected every arrange-  
ment necessary to make the display the  
grandest and most varied ever seen in  
this country. Those who attended the  
Louisville Exposition last year can re-  
call the pleasure and surprise which they  
felt on entering the vast building, filled  
with its vast treasures of Art, Industry,  
Mechanism, Handiwork, and Scientific  
collections. We are promised this year  
even a greater and more attractive dis-  
play. Anticipating this, no one can  
afford to forego the enjoyment of spend-  
ing a day or more in the Louisville Ex-  
position. Reduced rates by Railroad  
and River have been secured, which will  
enable parties to visit the Exposition at  
comparatively small expense. The in-  
creased hotel accommodations and travel-  
ing facilities in Louisville, together  
with the natural attractions of the city  
will make a visit to that place in Sep-  
tember or October both pleasant and  
profitable.

Don't forget the interesting lec-  
ture at the College to-night  
(Friday night). Let everybody  
turn out and give the speaker a  
rousing audience. We promise a  
rich intellectual feast and a pleas-  
antly spent evening altogether.—  
We shall not announce the subject,  
but leave those who may attend to  
find that out after arrival at the  
College.

Col. Parr has a good two-horse  
spring wagon to sell. Also a No. 1  
two-horse wagon without springs  
to sell. He will give a bargain in  
either or both of the wagons.

A TELEGRAPHIC dispatch just re-  
ceived from the World's Fair, at Vien-  
na, states that the Wheeler & Wilson  
Sewing Machine received the GOLD  
MEDAL, and also a medal for progress.  
Old Machines, brought to Jack-  
sonville, will be repaired in the neatest  
and most durable manner by  
I. SEYMOUR.

For superior Brick for sale cheap  
by T. H. Turnley, see wanted column.

**Interesting to Merchants.**

The wholesale Boot & Shoe house of  
M. F. GOVAN & Co., Rome, Ga. have  
received their Fall Stock, which is un-  
usually large. They propose to sell  
to Merchants at New York prices.  
This is no boast. They are reliable, and  
from what we know of them, we believe  
they will do it every time.  
They will have an agent with samples  
here in a few days.

**2000 Pounds of the Celebrated  
"BUCK LEAD,"**  
Just received by  
T. L. & E. G. ROBERTSON,  
Oxford, Ala.

Attention is invited to the adver-  
tisement of Mr. Jno. A. Flemming.

We thank the Board of Commission-  
ers of the Cincinnati Industrial Ex-  
position, which will be opened on Wednes-  
day, Sept. 3rd, and continue until Oct.  
4th, for an invitation to visit the Ex-  
position during its continuance.

We also return thanks to the man-  
agement of the Rome Fair for an invita-  
tion to be present during the continuance  
of the same. The Fair opens Sept. 8th  
and continues throughout the week.

The Cotton Worm has appeared in  
Alexandria Valley, and on some of the  
farms within a mile of Jacksonville. If  
people intend to do anything toward  
killing them, the sooner the work begins,  
the better.

The following has been handed us by  
a friend of "Charlie" who assumes the  
risks of publication, and passes over the  
required amount of fractional currency  
to secure its insertion. It was there.

A wretched friend of ours stepped into  
the store of these enterprising young Mer-  
chants, W. T. & C. S. Alexander, a day or  
two ago, and called for a cigar. He had  
not smoked any for some years before, and  
thought he would renew his acquaintance  
with the fragrant weed, and visit in mem-  
ory.

"The days when we went smoking out,  
"A long time ago."

When he used to be a snooker, such things  
as revenue laws, tobacco tax, cigar licen-  
ses and the many expenses connected with  
the sale of "the weed" were unknown. A good  
cheap cigar was to be found in every place.  
Our friend, whose mind was evidently  
running back to those halcyon days, walked  
up to "Charlie" and called for his best  
cigar. "The great looking, prettier pro-  
duced from his fine stock, the finest of his  
importation (in a hush).  
Our friend lighted it—a beam of satisfac-  
tion illumined his features. "Charlie spoke  
of the very spot in the "Vad-in-the-bag," in  
which that "cigar" had been raised. The  
snooker was enraptured. The snooker  
thought that such cigar would ever again be im-  
ported. The purchaser thought he would  
take just one more.

On demanding to know the cost of so de-  
lightful a cigar, "Charlie" replied, "only  
twenty-five cents for two," as he tossed him  
back his change out of a dollar's worth.

Our friend was not prepared for this. The  
old "five-cent a crack" cigar, and the new  
done were in his mind, and seeing "Charlie"  
with a searching look, asked, "Mr. Alexan-  
der, do you expect to start a place in the  
business of the West, at the end of your  
present existence on this terrestrial orb?"  
"Guess so," replied Charlie.  
"Young man," rejoined our friend, "I  
don't see out of that. You are not a day  
older than the whole of all the generations that  
have gone before us will be assimilated to-  
gether in the Valley of Desolation to hear  
the final sentence, at the long hour of the  
strawdy dead will be anxiously awaiting  
the terrible moment, then slithering with  
apprehension, in the very front rank of  
the millions, and all too soon be com-  
municated. At the recording angel will sum-  
mon in loud tones.

CHARLES ALEXANDER,  
2nd and 3rd names is created from the  
sounding brass, they will be brightened,  
and across the blue arch of heaven will  
appear in letters of fire, the sin never to be for-  
given.

CHARLES, TWO FOR A QUARTER.  
Our friend took his change—Charlie gal-  
loped a long breath.  
"Look here," said he, "you told me  
not to tell any one this, as you told me  
draw on me for cigars for a year—Terrible  
Terrible!"

But walls have ears, and the story goes  
around.

**The Great Issue.**

The issue now before our people is  
"Shall the white man or the negro rule  
Alabama?" This issue has been pre-  
sented upon the people by the negro and  
his infamous white allies. Of course  
all white men who care a copper for the  
purity and preservation of their race  
and blood, will be found united on this  
issue, no matter how much they may  
differ on other questions of State or Na-  
tional import. In the language of the  
Solving Daily Times, "the day for tem-  
porizing is past"—and the course of  
question is settled, the better for both  
races. We want every man wearing a  
white skin to show his hand in the com-  
ing struggle. We want no drones or  
middle men—no third parties in the  
way to edge our progress or weaken our  
rank. Let each be the penalty of de-  
cision. Clear the Ship for action! Put  
her in command of Commodore George S.  
Houston, with a full crew of tried  
and true men, and the white men of  
this State will muster in such force  
in November '74, as to overwhelm  
the black cohorts of miscegenation,  
and elevate still higher that proud  
old banner, whose prestige is crowned  
with the glory of near six thousand  
years. We feel humiliated in being forced  
to write on such a subject—but we  
urgently suggest but one alternative—that  
of *lose abandonment of race and kind-  
red—rather than which, death is far  
preferable.* Then, to the white men  
of Alabama, we would say—the crisis is  
at hand, and it is high time you were  
making preparations to meet the  
coming onslaught. Be united and you are  
invincible! Furnish your arms for a  
glorious victory, or pack your trunks  
and leave the country—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

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Old Machines, brought to Jack-  
sonville, will be repaired in the neatest  
and most durable manner by  
I. SEYMOUR.

**The Toughest of Cats.**

There is a man on Franklin  
street who has been engaged the  
past two months in a mighty effort  
to kill a cat. In that time that un-  
fortunate animal has explored the  
bottom of every sheet and  
stream of water within six miles of  
Danbury; has had an unintentional  
taste of the several new varieties of  
powder, and has got so tall in the  
dark without looking around, the  
difference between a half brick  
and a whole one. The man him-  
self hasn't got a whole piece of  
clothing in his wardrobe, and has  
almost entirely lost the use of one  
leg from rheumatism contracted  
while drowning the cat, and has  
more scratches on him than the  
survivor of four wives. His aged  
father says he will take a chair out  
in the yard on a pleasant after-  
noon, and will sit there for two  
hours at a time and look at that  
cat and swear.—*Danbury News.*

Allen, the Democratic candidate  
for Governor of Ohio, is Senator  
Allen G. Thurman's uncle.

If the best man's faults were written  
on his forehead, he would draw his hat  
over his eyes.

**By Telegraph.**

KNOXVILLE, August 25.

Judge Thos. A. R. Nelson, late  
Judge of the Supreme Court, died  
at his residence here at six o'clock  
yesterday morning of cholera, after  
an illness of two days.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Aug. 24.

The damage to vessels and canal  
barges in Chesapeake and Dela-  
ware Canal, includes eleven schoo-  
ners and eighteen barges hopelessly  
wrecked, while twenty-eight schoo-  
ners and thirty-seven barges, tugs  
and propeller steamers are stranded.  
Most of them are more or less in-  
jured. One vessel lies four thou-  
sand yards from the canal. Many  
of the schooners and most of the  
barges are loaded with coal. Among  
the schooners which are very badly  
injured are the Jane C. Mc-  
Shrone, of Philadelphia, total loss;  
Lavena Hopkins, Yorktown, Va.,  
hull stove in the side; Mary Wash-  
ington, of Baltimore, split through  
the stern, Panama, Baltimore, on  
her beam ends and bulwarks torn  
off, and otherwise injured, and the  
Speed of Baltimore, badly wrecked  
generally.

BELFAST, ME., Aug. 25.

A fire commenced in Bennett's  
city lot, north of R. Sibbey Bros',  
wharf, and spread with fearful ra-  
pidity, consuming all the buildings  
on a southeasterly course as far as  
the house of E. K. Boyle, on High  
street, where the fire was stopped.  
Over 125 buildings were destroyed,  
mostly of wood. Loss \$500,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 25.

Gen'l Bishop has just returned  
from Perry county. He reports  
that Manes is near Perryville with  
about thirty men. Gen'l Bishop  
made a speech to the people, tell-  
ing them that if they would, the Sher-  
iff should make all the arrests.  
While speaking, however, the Sher-  
iff left the crowd and was seen no  
more. The people are very well  
disposed, if the Sheriff would only  
do his duty. The General recom-  
mends the organization of militia  
in that county, and to-night the  
Governor commissioned officers for  
three companies. More trouble is  
apprehended.

HALIFAX, Aug. 26.

A severe storm passed over the  
city Saturday night and Sunday  
morning, doing considerable dam-  
age. The gale was the heaviest ex-  
perienced in many years. Most of  
the shipping in the port being pre-  
pared for the gale, rode it out.  
Several small yachts were smashed  
at anchor. The U. S. Frigate Pow-  
hatan dragged from her anchorage  
off Canard wharf, whence she drifted  
to the ordinance wharf, where she  
was secured. Steam was kept  
up all day Sunday, in readiness for  
any emergency. Bad news is look-  
ed for from the country and sea-  
coast.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 26.

The Express train approaching  
Batavia collided with a carriage,  
killing both the occupants. One  
was thrown a number of yards into  
a field and the other was dragged  
until the train stopped. The engi-  
neer, John Day, stopped the train as  
soon as possible and got off the en-  
gine to see what was done. In  
passing in front of the locomotive  
he saw it covered with blood and  
brains and was so overcome by the  
shock that he walked but a few  
steps when he fell. He was car-  
ried into the smoking car and died  
in a few minutes.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 25.

Frederick Lord, a well known railroad  
man, is dead.

ANTWERP, Aug. 26.

A great conflagration was occasioned  
here last night by a streak of lightning,  
which set fire to one of the largest ware-  
houses in the city. This, with the sur-  
rounding buildings was soon wrapped in  
flames and the entire block was destroy-  
ed. Fire still burning.

FOUR SCOTT, Kansas, Aug. 26.—Kel-  
ler, the man who murdered his wife and  
two children and his wife's sister, at To-  
pin Springs, was hanged by the people.

**The Work of our Special Artist.**



**Special Notices.**

**BRUISES.**  
Bruises of any kind are rapidly cured  
by the Magic Arica Liniment. Arica  
itself in form of tincture, is well known  
as a remedy for bruises, and its happy  
combination with other powerful ingre-  
dients in this liniment makes the Magic  
Arica Liniment the best in use.

**READ THE EVIDENCE.**

Captain John C. Harrison, Clerk of  
the Circuit Court of Panama county,  
Miss., states that his wife met with an  
accident by being thrown from a buggy,  
which injured her very seriously. One  
of her ribs was broken. Many applica-  
tions of chloroform and liniments were  
applied without allaying the pain. As a  
last resort he applied the Magic Arica  
Liniment. The result was, the pain was  
scattered immediately, and refresh-  
ing sleep and repose ensued.

**The Wear and Tear of Life.**

The cares, anxieties and misfortunes of  
life have as much to do with shortening it  
as disease. They are in fact the source of  
many ailments and physical debilities.  
Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, affections of  
the liver, disturbances of the bowels, head-  
ache, hypochondria and monomania are  
among these distressing fruits. It is, there-  
fore, of great importance that persons whose  
minds are oppressed with heavy business re-  
sponsibilities, or harassed by family troubles  
or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a  
multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way  
overworked or overwrought, should keep up  
their stamina by the daily use of a whole-  
some tonic. Thousands of persons thus cir-  
cumstanced are enabled to bear up against  
the difficulties in which they are involved,  
and to retain their strength, health and men-  
tal clearness, by the regular use of Hostet-  
ter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are  
prone to attack the body when debilitated  
and broken down by over-much brain work  
or exhausting physical labor, are kept at  
bay by the resistant power with which this  
incomparable tonic endows the nervous sys-  
tem and the vital organs. At this season,  
when the heat is evaporating the elements of  
strength from every pore, an invigorant is  
absolutely essential to the safety and com-  
fort of the public, and is required even by  
the robust if they desire to keep their ath-  
letic capabilities in statu quo. Hence a  
course of Hostetter's Bitters is particularly  
indicated at this period of the year as a de-  
fense against the invisible disease which in a  
salty atmosphere. It is the most potent of all  
preventive medicines, and for all complaints  
which affect the stomach, the liver and the  
bowels, and interfere with the perfect diges-  
tion and assimilation of the food. It is the  
standard remedy.

**Emigration Turning.**

**Cheap Farms in South-west Missou-  
ri.**

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Com-  
pany offers 125,000 acres of land in  
Central and Southwest Missouri, at from  
\$2 to \$12 per acre, on seven years, time  
with free transportation from St. Louis  
to all schools, churches and law-abiding  
settlers. The land is fertile and well  
adapted for all crops. For particulars  
address, A. Tuck, Land Commissioner,  
St. Louis, Mo.

**To Kansas & Colorado!**

During the summer season of 1873,  
the Missouri Pacific Railroad will sell  
Excursion Tickets from St. Louis to Den-  
ver and return, at very low rates of fare,  
and a rare opportunity is thereby offer-  
ed, for lovers of nature to view the beau-  
ties of Colorado and enjoy the delightful  
scenery and health-inspiring climate of  
the Parks of the Rocky Mountains.

Kansas, with its broad and fertile  
plains, is directly on the route, and to-  
gether with all the other Western States  
and Territories, is reached by the Mis-  
souri Pacific Railroad and its connec-  
tions.  
The Texas connection of this road is  
now completed, and passengers are  
offered a first class all-rail route  
from St. Louis to Texas, either di-  
rectly, or via Kansas & Texas, or via  
St. Louis, or over the Atlantic & Pa-  
cific R. R., via India. For maps,  
time tables, information as to rates,  
routes, &c., we refer our readers to J. F.  
Thompson, Southern Passenger Agent  
Chattanooga, Tenn., or E. A. Ford,  
General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.  
Mo. questions will be cheerfully and  
promptly answered.

**The Advertiser and Mail.**

**DAILY AND WEEKLY.**

PUBLISHED full reports of the Legisla-  
ture proceedings, Supreme Court head  
notes, and all matters of public importance  
that transpire at the Capital.  
As heretofore, it will struggle for the tri-  
umph of the Democratic and Conservative  
Party in the State and Nation.  
To order that all may be induced to sub-  
scribe for it now, the following liberal terms  
for subscription to the Weekly are offered:

From October or November 1st, 1873  
to January or February 1st, 1875,  
single copies, ..... \$2 50  
Clubs of Fifteen, ..... \$30 00

This embraces a period of fifteen months,  
and will include next session of the Legis-  
lature, January and June Terms of the Su-  
preme Court, the Great Campaign next  
year for State Officers, Congress and the Leg-  
islature, and a great portion of the proceed-  
ings of the new Legislature. Send in your  
names and all matters of public importance.  
We ask our present subscribers to try and  
get up single subscribers and Clubs.

Address: **SCREWS & WILLIAMS,**  
Proprietors,  
Montgomery, Alabama.

My wife Thery J. Hudgens has left my  
house without any cause worthy of  
separation; therefore I will pay no contract  
entered into by her.  
Aug. 23, 1873.—J. N. G. HUDGENS.

**Imitation Marble.—Arti-  
ficial Stone.**

The undersigned respectfully announ-  
ces to the citizens of Floyd, Polk, Paul-  
ding, Cobb, Cherokee, DeKalb, Fulton,  
Payette, Campbell, Gwin, Spalding &  
Carroll counties, State of Ga., that he  
is prepared to manufacture and erect  
in the cemeteries in any and all of said  
counties, Artificial Stones of any desira-  
ble style, as ornamentations for graves,  
very nearly resembling marble, quite as  
durable and at from one sixth to one-  
tenth the cost. He also offers for sale  
on liberal terms, county, district, grave-  
yard and family rights. Specimens can  
be seen in the cemetery at Atlanta, al-  
so at Wayne Co.'s Cemetery, at  
Fleish & Bro. Whitehall st. Atlanta, &  
at East Point.  
Orders respectfully solicited. Full  
particulars furnished upon application.  
Address,  
**JOHN A. FLEMING,**  
East Point, Ga.

**Valuable Land  
For Sale.**

DETERMINED to remove to the West,  
we offer for sale, on very advantage-  
ous terms to the purchaser, our entire tract  
of land, known as the

**Sulphur Springs Place.**

The tract contains 600 Acres of Land,  
75 of which is in a high state of cultivation,  
and 100 more under fence, but not culti-  
vated. The whole tract can be culti-  
vated, and is well adapted to Corn, Cot-  
ton, Wheat, Oats, &c. A never-failing  
branch runs through the plantation. A  
small dwelling with 2000 feet of land  
completing a beautiful residence, with  
Stable, Horse, Gin-house, Barns, Stables,  
several settlement cabins, and every other  
building necessary. A Vineyard of 2,000  
best selected Grape vines in growing order.  
A splendid Spring of Mineral water (white  
sulphur) in 100 yards of the dwelling;  
good well with pump in the yard, well in  
the lot. Tract with 2000 acres, poles,  
limes, &c. Tract in abundance in sight  
of each Baptist church in one-fourth mile,  
and Methodist church in three miles; good  
School on the premises, and the best over-  
all title in the country; and on the whole  
a first class neighborhood.  
We are determined to sell. For further  
particulars enquire of L. W. Grant, or the  
undersigned upon the premises.  
Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON.  
August 23, 1873.

**Notice to Creditors.**

LETTERS of Administration upon  
the Estate of Elias Read, deceased  
having been granted to the undersigned  
by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the  
Probate Court of Calhoun County, Al-  
abama, on the 18th day of Aug., 1873;  
Notice is hereby given to all persons  
having claims against said estate to pre-  
sent them, legally authenticated, within  
the time prescribed by law, or they will  
be barred; and all persons indebted to  
said estate are requested to make im-  
mediate payment.  
MARY J. READ, Adm'r.  
Aug. 23, 1873.—66.

**WANTED.**

WANTED.—To sell, two small farms,  
one of 115 acres, a portion cleared  
and in cultivation.  
The other 101 acres—good dwelling house  
—in fine state of cultivation. Both 6 miles south  
of Jacksonville one from Weaver's Station.  
A bargain given. Enquire at this office or  
J. F. THOMPSON.

WANTED.—To sell, a dry cow, in good  
condition for home or foreign use.  
Apply to **G. L. THOMPSON.**

WANTED.—To sell, at low price a good  
dwelling house and barn, and lot con-  
venient to the spring. Apply to  
**J. Y. HENDERSON.**

WANTED.—To sell, 600 acres of good  
land, well improved, a fine dwelling  
house and convenient out houses situated  
on the south-western corner of the county—all  
offered at less than cost of improvements.  
Apply at this office, or to  
**Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON.**

WANTED.—100 Bushels COTTON  
SEED, for which the market price  
will be paid in subscription dues to the Re-  
publican. Apply at this office.

WANTED.—Everybody to come to the  
Pic-Nic, to be given at George White's  
Mountain View, on the 2nd Wednesday in  
September.

WANTED.—To sell, a lot of BRICK,  
wholesale or retail. Apply to  
**THOS. H. TURNLEY.**

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